## MARIN COUNTY

# 2009-2010 SPELLING BEE PROGRAM 

Junior High Spelling Word List

(Including Level I, Level II and Level III Words)



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MARY JANE BURKE
Marin County Superintendent of Schools

Building the Future... One Student at a Time

LEVEL I

| aba | course fabric of wool or hair fiber with felted finish; loose, sleeveless robe worn by Arabs <br> "The rider's aba protected him from the sun." |
| :---: | :---: |
| abaft | at or toward the stern or rear of a ship; behind; back of "The garbage was thrown overboard abaft the ship." |
| abase | to humble or humiliate <br> "He will abase himself." |
| abate | to make less in amount, degree, force "The weatherman said that the storm would abate." |
| abhor | to shrink from in fear; disgust or hatred; detest "I abhor baiting my fishhook with worms." |
| ably | skillfully <br> "His picture was ably drawn." |
| abode | a place where one lives or stays; home; residence "He remained in his abode." |
| absorb | to suck up or drink in; assimilate; to take in and not reflect "The paper towel will absorb the spilled milk." |
| absurd | so clearly untrue or unreasonable as to be ridiculous "It was absurd to say the baby could reach the counter." |
| acme | highest point; peak; summit <br> "The acme of his desire was to become a man of medicine." |
| active | characterized by much action or motion; lively, busy, agile, quick "Her active schedule was hectic." |
| advise | to give advice or an opinion to; counsel "The lawyer will advise her client." |
| against | in opposition to; contrary to; adjoining or next to "He voted against the motion." |
| almond | the edible, nutlike kernel of the small, dry peachlike fruit of a tree "Modesto is known as an almond growing region." |


| amaze | to fill with great surprise or sudden wonder; astonish <br> "The musician's talent will amaze the audience." |
| :--- | :--- |
| ambush | an arrangement of persons in hiding to make a surprise attack <br> "The sheriff did not suspect an ambush." |
| amend | to make better; improve <br> "The government tries to amend the laws." |
| antics | odd and funny; ludicrous; pranks, capers <br> "The antics of the little monkey made him seem almost human." |
| appeal | to make a request to a higher court for the rehearing or review of (a <br> case) <br> "Since the verdict was guilty, the defendant decided to appeal his case." |
| appoint | to name or select officially for an office, position <br> "We will appoint a chairman." |
| approve | to give one's consent to; sanction; confirm <br> "She will approve the appeal." |
| arbor | a place shaded by trees or shrubs <br> "The children played in the cool arbor." |
| arid | lacking enough water for things to grow; dry and barren <br> "The arid soil did not produce." |
| arralance | a romantic or sentimental song with the same melody for each stanza <br> "The singer sang a beautiful ballad." |
| to put in the correct, proper, or suitable order |  |
| "The librarian will arrange the books." |  |


| ballot | a ticket or paper by which a vote is registered; act or method of voting <br> "The class president was elected by a written ballot." |
| :--- | :--- |
| balsa | a tropical American tree that yields an extremely light and buoyant <br> wood used for airplane models, rafts <br> "The balsa provides wood for models." |
| bandit | anyone who steals, cheats, exploits <br> "The bandit was arrested." |
| bankrupt | a person legally declared unable to pay his debts <br> "The store's owner was bankrupt and had to go out of business." |
| banter | to tease or make fun of in a playful, good-natured way <br> "The children banter with each other." |
| barge | a large boat, usually flat-bottomed, for carrying heavy freight on rivers, <br> canals <br> "The barge was loaded with timber." |
| barley | a cereal grass; grain used in making soups, malts and as feed for animals <br> "My mother added barley to the soup to thicken it." |
| barren | not bringing useful results, unproductive; unprofitable <br> "The barren field was eroding." |
| barter | to trade for goods or services without using money <br> "The market offered to barter groceries for custodial work." |
| basalt | a dark, tough, fine to dense-grained, extrusive volcanic rock commonly <br> occurring in sheetlike lava flows <br> "The basalt was discovered in the mountain." |
| "Hellowe photographed the body builder flexing the biceps of his arms." |  |
| "pper arm or the corresponding muscles in the back of the thigh |  |
| a washbowl or sink |  |
| "The dishes were set in the basin." |  |


| boggle | to confuse or overwhelm <br> "Her idea would boggle your mind." |
| :---: | :---: |
| bolster | to prop up as with a bolster, support, strengthen, or reinforce "The coach tried to bolster the team's spirit." |
| break | to split into pieces; come apart; burst "As the crystal fell to the floor, I saw it break into pieces." |
| brief | condensed; short; outline of an argument <br> "Her synopsis of the story was very brief." |
| burglar | a person who commits burglary "The burglar was brought to trial." |
| buyer | one who buys; consumes "The buyer noticed an increase in prices." |
| caboose | the trainmen's car on a freight train, usually at the rear "The caboose was the last car." |
| caldron | a large kettle or boiler <br> "The stew simmered in the caldron." |
| candid | very honest or frank in what one says or writes "The doctor was very candid with her patient." |
| canny | careful and shrewd in one's actions and dealings; clever and cautious "The canny engineer designed the road." |
| canter | a smooth, easy pace like a moderate gallop; to ride or move at a canter "The horse began to canter." |
| capstone | the uppermost stone of a structure "The capstone was granite." |
| caption | a heading or title, as of a newspaper article "He read the caption carefully." |
| carafe | a bottle of glass or metal for water, coffee "He filled the carafe with water." |
| career | one's progress through life or in a particular vocation "She chose her career carefully." |
| carp | To complain or find fault in a petty or nagging way "It is easy to carp about another's decisions." |


| cashier | an officer in a bank or company responsible for receipts and <br> disbursements <br> "The cashier collected the receipts and recorded them for the bank." |
| :--- | :--- |
| central | in, at, or near the center <br> "The central position was desired." |
| channel | a course through which something moves or is transmitted, conveyed, <br> expressed <br> "The channel for the boat was narrow." |
| charmer | a delightful, fascinating, or attractive person <br> "The baby was a charmer." |
| charter | the hire or lease of a ship, bus, airplane <br> "We plan to charter a bus." |
| chorus | music written for group singing <br> "The group joined together for the chorus." |
| cluster | a number of persons, animals, or things grouped together <br> "There was a cluster of flowers in the yard. |
| coffers | chests or strongboxes in which money or valuables are kept <br> "After a successful fund raiser the coffers were full." |
| collar | the part of a garment that encircles the neck; band or chain or leather for <br> the neck of a dog, cat or other pet <br> "Laddie wore a jeweled collar." |
| college | a school offering specialized instruction in some profession or <br> occupation <br> "After attending a secretarial college, she found a position very <br> quickly." |
| to squeeze together |  |
| "The machine will compress the cotton bales." |  |
| "Hunger will compel animals to follow a scent." |  |


| copy | to make a thing like something else; to imitate <br> "We can make a copy of the letter on the machine." |
| :--- | :--- |
| concern | to draw in; to engage or involve; cause to feel uneasy or anxious <br> "His lateness in coming home caused his parents concern." |
| control | to govern; to direct; restraint; regulate <br> "The Board of Directors will control communication." |
| convert | to change from one form to another <br> "We learned how to convert fractions from our teacher." |
| convoy | a protecting escort, as for ships or troops; a group traveling together <br> "Destroyers will convoy the troopships." |
| copra | the source of coconut meat or coconut oil <br> "Hawaii produces a great amount of copra." |
| corral | an enclosure for holding or capturing horses or other livestock; pen; to <br> confine; roundup <br> "The wild horses were penned in the corral on the ranch." |
| creek | to change from wrong to right; to point out or mark the errors of <br> "Schoolteachers often take papers home to correct." |
| corrupt | spoiled; contaminated; morally unsound <br> "The corrupt official accepted a bribe." |
| craftly | expensive; at the cost of great effort <br> "The diamond ring was a costly piece of jewelry. <br> "The water in the creek ran merrily along between high banks." |
| crash | cross; ill-tempered; complaining <br> "He was crabby because he did not feel well." |
| belief; trust; confidence; faith; person or things bringing approval or |  |
| "His son is a real credit to his upbringing." |  |


| creeper | a person or animal that moves along close to the ground; lowest gear in a truck; one-piece garment for a baby; vine with tendrils <br> "The small bird was a creeper searching for insects." |
| :---: | :---: |
| creepy | moving slowly; having or causing a feeling of fear "The spider webs give me a creepy feeling." |
| crew | people working together; a group associating or classed together "Some of the ship's crew were given shore leave." |
| crick | a painful muscle spasm or cramp in the neck or back, etc. <br> "Watching the tennis match gave her a crick in the neck." |
| crimson | deep red color <br> "The sky, at sunset, became beautifully crimson." |
| crisis | a turning point in the course of anything; decisive or crucial time, stage of event <br> "His fever reached its crisis at three in the morning." |
| crisp | stiff and brittle; easily broken; fresh and firm; easily crumbled <br> "Bacon, cooked in our microwave oven, is very crisp and delicious." |
| current | of the present day; passing or flowing of water "Reading of current events is part of our homework." |
| cursive | flowing; not disconnected; writing, in which the strokes of each letter are joined in each word <br> "They did not learn cursive writing until the third grade." |
| curtain | pieces of cloth or lace covering or decorating a window; large drape or hanging screen at the front of a stage <br> "As night came on, the curtain was drawn across the window." |
| cushy | easy; comfortable, soft "We sat on the floor on cushy pillows." |
| custom | usual practice of behaving; habit; duties or taxes imposed by a government on imported or exported goods <br> "Having parties at Halloween was the custom of the neighborhood." |
| dabble | to do something superficially, not seriously "My aunt likes to dabble in art." |
| dampen | to make moist; to deaden, depress or lessen "She was asked to dampen the clothes so they could be ironed later." |


| danger | liability to injury, damage, loss or pain; peril "Walking so close to the edge of the cliff, he was in danger of falling." |
| :---: | :---: |
| dapper | small and neat; trim; active and smart "He looked dapper in the new suit from his tailor." |
| data | things known or assumed; facts or figures for information "The computer analyst fed the data into the machine." |
| dazzle | to confuse, surprise, or overpower with brilliant qualities, display "His ability to debate will dazzle his opponent." |
| deafen | overwhelm with noise <br> "The volume of the loudspeaker will deafen the audience." |
| debark | to unload from or leave a ship or aircraft <br> "We will proceed to debark the material as soon as the plane stops." |
| decent | proper and fitting; not immodest; conforming to approved social standards <br> "Father provided for a decent, comfortable standard of living." |
| defect | lack of something for completeness; deficiency; forsake one's cause and join the opposition <br> "It was on sale because of a defect in the pattern." |
| defend | to guard from attack; repel; support, protect, maintain or justify "The soldiers will defend the fortress to the last man." |
| deflect | to turn or make bend to one side; swerve <br> "They used their shields to deflect the arrows." |
| defrost | to remove ice by thawing "It was time to defrost the freezer." |
| deft | skillful in a quick, sure and easy way; dexterous "With deft fingers, she continued knitting the sweater." |
| delay | to put off to a future time; postpone; to make late; slow up "The delay in getting started caused them to be late." |
| delta | fourth letter of the Greek alphabet; deposit of sand and soil, usually triangular in shape, at the mouth of a river <br> "The Nile River has a delta which is quite large." |
| demand | to ask for boldly or urgently; order to appear or summon "The subpoena is a demand by the court." |


| demon | devil, evil spirit; a person or thing regarded as evil or cruel "He was a demon at golf." |
| :---: | :---: |
| dental | of or for the teeth or dentistry <br> "Using dental floss is a help in avoiding tooth problems." |
| depress | to press down; push or pull down; lower <br> "If you depress this button, water comes out." |
| depth | distance from the top downward; deepness; intensity, as of colors "They dropped a stone in the well to try to determine its depth." |
| desist | to cease; stop; abstain from action <br> "The librarian urged them to desist their discussion so others could study and concentrate." |
| dessert | usually the sweet course of a dinner; pie; cake, puddings, etc. "Lemon pie is my favorite dessert." |
| destroy | to tear down; demolish; to break up; ruin; crush "The demolition crew will destroy the whole building." |
| detect | to discover or discern the existence, or fact of; find out the true nature of "It was almost impossible to detect anything wrong with the cup." |
| detest | to dislike intensely; hate; abhor <br> "They detest listening to some of the same old lectures." |
| detract | to take something desirable away from "Frowning will detract from the beauty of her face." |
| devoid | completely without; empty or destitute "Crippled badly from the accident, he was devoid of any way to resume his former occupation." |
| differ | to be unlike, not same; disagree <br> "We often differ in our opinions and agree to disagree." |
| different | not alike; dissimilar; distinct; separate; other "We went to the city by different routes." |
| digest | a book or periodical; condensed information; absorb; tolerate "The book was a digest on astronomical data." |
| digit | a finger or toe; any numeral from 0 to 9 "It had to be correct to the last digit." |


| direct | consisting of the exact words of the writer or speaker; to show the way <br> to <br> "It was a direct quotation by the speaker." |
| :--- | :--- |
| disarm | to deprive of the ability to hurt; to take away weapons, make friendly <br> "The police asked the robbers to disarm, promising no one would be <br> hurt." |
| discard | to throw away, abandon; get rid of as having no value <br> "They planned to discard the unwanted clothing." |
| discord | lack of agreement; conflict; inharmonious combination of tones <br> "The sense of discord in the committee made us nervous." |
| dismal | causing gloom; depressing; bleak; dreary <br> "It was a dark and dismal day." |
| dismiss | send away; cause to leave; put out of one's mind; discontinue or reject a <br> claim <br> "Because of lack of evidence, the judge will probably dismiss the case." |
| display | to spread out to be seen; exhibit; disclose; reveal <br> "They set up tables and booths to display the goods to be sold." |
| disrupt | to break up; rend asunder; to disturb or interrupt <br> "Bringing up the subject will disrupt the orderliness of this meeting." |
| distant | having a gap of space between; separated; far away, remote; cool in <br> manner, faraway or dreamy look <br> "London, England is many miles distant from California." |
| distinct | clearly perceived or marked off; plain, well-defined; individual <br> "The medal he received showed a distinct and special honor." |
| distract | to draw the mind away in another direction; divert <br> "In order to take it from the child, we had to distract his attention by <br> allowing him to pet the cat." |
| distress | to cause sorrow or misery; pain; suffering <br> "Arthritic pain causes distress in her stiff knee when she walks. |
| dither | to be nervously excited or confused <br> "Before the curtain rose, she was all in a dither." |
| feeling giddy or unsteady; confused, bewildered <br> "The motion of the ferris wheel made them dizzy." |  |
|  |  |


| doctor | a person licensed to practice any of the healing arts, as an osteopath, dentist, veterinarian <br> "The doctor examined the patient." |
| :---: | :---: |
| dogged | not giving in readily; persistent; stubborn "He showed a dogged resistance to all arguments." |
| dollar | a coin or piece of paper money of the value of a dollar "The dollar was found on the sidewalk." |
| donor | a person who donates or gives "She volunteered to be a donor of blood for the transfusion." |
| dormant | sleeping; quiet; still; inoperative; inactive <br> "Some plants and animals are dormant during the cold weather." |
| dosage | the system to be followed in taking doses, as of medicine "He forgot to take his dosage of cough medicine." |
| doting | foolishly fond; excessively "Sometimes a doting parent can cause problems for the child." |
| dowdy | not neat or stylish in dress or appearance; shabby "Many of the candidates appeared dowdy." |
| downy | soft and fluffy, like down <br> "The child petted the downy chick." |
| draggy | slow moving; lethargic; dull; boring <br> "Some of us are draggy, especially in the early morning." |
| drama | the quality of being dramatic "The plays will bring drama to the audience." |
| drastic | acting with force; having a violent effect; harsh; extreme <br> "We sometimes have to take drastic steps to get someone to listen." |
| drawer | a sliding box in a table, bureau, chest that can be drawn out and then pushed back into place. <br> "The wooden drawer slid smoothly into place." |
| dreadful | inspiring dread; terrible or awesome "The volcano's eruption was dreadful." |
| drizzle | a fine, mistlike rain <br> "The drizzle dampened the pavement." |


| druggist | person authorized to fill prescriptions; pharmacist "We always take our prescriptions to the same druggist at the drugstore." |
| :---: | :---: |
| dual | of two; having or composed of two parts or kinds; double "He had a dual personality, sometimes very kind, sometimes very aloof and severe." |
| duplex | double or twofold; two units operating in the same way "They lived in one half of a duplex." |
| during | throughout the whole time of; all through "The doctor had a call and had to leave during the speech." |
| dusky | lacking light; dim; shadowy "In the dusky room, he could only identify outlines." |
| eclipse | the partial or total obscuring of the sun when the moon comes between it and the earth; or of the moon when the earth's shadow is cast upon it. "We studied the lunar eclipse in class." |
| edict | an official proclamation or public order made by authority or decree "The edict issued by the King had to be obeyed by all." |
| efface | to rub out, as from a surface; erase; wipe out; obliterate "They tried to efface the memory." |
| effect | anything brought about by agent; result; influence or action on something by something else <br> "The ocean tides have an effect on the sailing of ships into the harbor." |
| effort | the using of energy to get something done; attempt; endeavor "Though he did not want to, he made an effort to be friendly." |
| eject | to throw out; cast out; expel; emit <br> "The safety net will catch the stuntman when he pushes the lever to eject himself from the plane." |
| elate | to raise the spirits of; make very proud, happy, or joyful "The surprise party should elate our friend." |
| elect | to pick or choose; select <br> "We will elect one of our members to the Student Body." |
| elude | to avoid or escape from by quickness, cunning, evade "We will try to elude the traffic congestion." |


| embark | to board a ship, airplane; to begin a journey, an enterprise <br> "We embark on our journey to Europe at 7:00 p.m." |
| :--- | :--- |
| emblem | a visible symbol of a thing, class of people; a sign <br> "The cross is an emblem of Christianity." |
| emboss | to cover or decorate with designs; to carve, raise or print a design so it is <br> above the surface; embellish; ornament <br> "She asked her sister to emboss the new chair." |
| emerge | to develop or evolve as something new, improved <br> "A new town will emerge after construction." |
| employ | to make use of; to keep busy or occupied; to engage services or labor for <br> pay <br> "Since the mine is not running full time, the owners will employ fewer <br> men." |
| empty | not full; containing nothing; unoccupied; vacant <br> "The windows are boarded up in the empty building." |
| enact | to make a bill into law; pass a decree; ordain <br> "The President would like Congress to enact the new tax law." |
| encamp | to set up a campsite; to put in a camp <br> "The meadow along the river looked like a good site to encamp." |
| enchant | to charm; bewitch; set a spell on as by magic; delight <br> "Her acting will enchant all who see the play." |
| enclose | to wrap up; embrace <br> "The mother's loving arms will enfold her child." <br> "Whut in all around; hem in; fence in; surround <br> "We plan to enclose the play area." |
| "In her will, she will endow the hospital with a permanent income." |  |
| having no finish; going on forever; infinite |  |
| "An endless chain was formed by joining the ends that can move |  |
| continuously over the wheels." |  |


| engage | to employ or keep busy; occupy <br> "The assignment will engage his extra time." |
| :--- | :--- |
| English | the language of the people of England, the official language of the <br> British Commonwealth, the U.S., Liberia, etc. <br> "We study English in school." |
| engorge | to devour greedily <br> "The hungry man seemed to engorge his meal." |
| engrave | to cut or etch into a metal plate, wooden block, etc. <br> "We will watch her engrave the initials." |
| engross | to occupy one’s whole attention <br> "This book will thoroughly engross him." |
| engulf | to swallow up; overwhelm <br> "The raging river will engulf the house." |
| enjoin | to urge or impose with authority; order, enforce <br> "The police will enjoin the crowd to disperse." |
| enlist | to enroll for service, as in the armed forces; to get help, support, aid, etc. <br> "She went to the recruitment office to enlist in the Air Force." |
| enrich | to give greater value, importance, effectiveness, etc., to <br> "The new class will enrich the curriculum." |
| enic | enlist; to record in a list; register; become a member <br> "We are both going to enroll in the choir." |
| equal | "Larst forth or out; to break out in a rash <br> "Lava will erupt from the volcano." |
| "I hope he will enter the race because I'm sure he can win." |  |


| escort | one or more persons or cars, ships, etc., accompanying another for <br> protection or to show honor or courtesy <br> "The class treasurer will be her escort to the prom." |
| :--- | :--- |
| ethnic | designating any, or of any, of the basic groups or divisions of mankind, <br> having the same customs, characteristics, history or language <br> "His ethnic background was Italian." |
| excel | to be better or greater than; superior to <br> "Tests showed he would excel in Social Studies." |
| facet | any of a number of sides or aspects, as of a personality <br> "They had never seen the generous facet of his personality." |
| facile | not hard to do or achieve <br> "After years of practice, her violin playing appeared facile." |
| factor | any of two or more quantities which form a product when multiplied <br> together <br> "The second factor in the problem was copied wrong." |
| faddish | having the nature of a fad <br> "The couple's clothing was very faddish." |
| faithful | having or showing a strong sense of duty or responsibility; <br> conscientious <br> "She was very faithful to her club." |
| famine | any acute shortage <br> "The people were suffering from the famine." |
| fancy | decorative, light, whimsical; imaginative; liking or fondness <br> "The window curtains were made of a fancy material." |
| fashion | to make in a certain way; give a certain form to; shape; mold <br> "The potter will fashion the clay to resemble a lion." |
| feeble | without force or effectiveness <br> "His feeble attempt was not successful." |
| femur | thighbone <br> "Her X-ray showed no break in the femur." |
| ferry | to take across a river or body of water in a boat or ship; to deliver by <br> flying to the destination; a boat or plane used for this purpose <br> "The boat was used to ferry the people to the island." |


| fervent | having or showing great warmth of feeling; intensely devoted or earnest; ardent <br> "The children showed a fervent devotion to their pet." |
| :---: | :---: |
| fiction | anything made up or imagined, as a statement, story, etc. "She was a great author of fiction." |
| fifteen | the cardinal number between 14 and 16 <br> "Fifteen boys belong to the scout troop." |
| final | last, or coming at the end; concluding; finish "This is my final word on the subject." |
| finite | having measurable or definable limits; not infinite "There was a finite number of beads in the bowl." |
| first | preceding all other; earliest; foremost in rank, quality, importance "She was the first one in line at the door." |
| fitful | spasmodic; restless <br> "In the morning he was still tired, having spent the night in fitful sleep." |
| flagrant | glaringly bad; notorious; outrageous <br> "The performance was flagrant, and the audience left." |
| fluid | that can flow; not solid; able to move and change shape without separating when under pressure <br> "Water is an important fluid for survival." |
| flaming | burning with fire; blazing; intensely emotional "We watched the fire flaming and casting sparks high in the air." |
| flimsy | thin and easily broken or damaged; poorly made and fragile "The door was flimsy and could not be locked." |
| fluent | moving or flowing smoothly; able to write or speak easily, expressively "The teacher was fluent in three languages." |
| flunk | to fail in school work; to give a mark of failure; unsatisfactory work "If she does not study, she will flunk the examination." |
| forbid | to rule against; not permit; prohibit "Father may forbid me to go." |
| format | a plan for the organization and arrangement of a specified production "He gave us a copy of the format for the TV show." |


| forty | cardinal number between 39 and 41; four times ten <br> "The shoes will cost more than forty dollars." |
| :--- | :--- |
| fracas | noisy fight or loud quarrel; brawl <br> "They were having a fracas in the hall." |
| fresh | recently obtained or grown; newly made; not salted, preserved, pickled <br> "The fruit was fresh and firm." |
| frolic | playful trick or game; merriment, gaiety, fun; lively party <br> "The small children frolic about in a happy, carefree way." |
| froth | to cause to foam; whitish mass of bubbles <br> "Shaking the drink will make froth in it." |
| fuel | any material such as wood, gas or coal, burned to supply heat or power <br> "We bought a cord of logs for fuel for the fireplace." |
| furnish | supply, provide or equip; to put furniture into a room <br> "They decided to furnish the den with modern pieces." |
| gallant | stately; imposing <br> "The gallant ship cruised into the harbor." |
| gamut | the entire range or extent, as of emotions <br> "The actress demonstrated the gamut of emotions." |
| garb | clothing; manner or style of dress; to clothe, dress, attire <br> "The garb he wore was characteristic of his occupation." |
| garble | courteously, kindly; mild or pleasantly <br> "The soft breezes moved gently through her hair." |
| garnish confuse or mix up unintentionally |  |
| "Although she had studied the poem, she started to garble it when it |  |
| was her turn to recite." |  |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { geode } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a globular stone having a cavity lined with inward growing crystals or } \\ \text { layers of silica } \\ \text { "The miner discovered the geode." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { gifted } & \begin{array}{l}\text { having a natural ability or aptitude; notably superior in intelligence } \\ \text { "The gifted child excelled in music." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { giggle } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to laugh with a series of uncontrollable, rapid, high-pitched sounds, } \\ \text { suggestive of foolishness, nervousness, etc. } \\ \text { "She started to giggle after hearing the joke." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { global } & \begin{array}{l}\text { round like a ball; globe-shaped } \\ \text { "The weatherman reported the forecast on a global map."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { glisten } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to shine or sparkle with reflected light, as a wet or polished surface } \\ \text { "The new car did glisten in the sunlight." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { glory } & \begin{array}{l}\text { great honor attained by doing something important or valuable, } \\ \text { worshipful adoration; heaven or the bliss of heaven } \\ \text { "The glory of the sunset drew all eyes." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { glossy } & \begin{array}{l}\text { having a smooth, shiny appearance or finish } \\ \text { "The glossy cat was sleeping in the window." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { glower } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a sullen, angry stare; scowl } \\ \text { "A glower covered his face when he discovered that he was late." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { granite } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to eat quickly and greedily } \\ \text { "The chickens gobble the grain." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { gossip } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a person who chatters or repeats idle talk and rumors, esp. about the } \\ \text { private affairs of others } \\ \text { "The gossip strained to overhear the conversation." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { grammar } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to exercise authority over; rule, administer; direct or control } \\ \text { "The officials will govern in an orderly manner." }\end{array} \\ \text { of feldspar, quartz, and smaller amounts of other minerals } \\ \text { "The polished granite shone in the sunlight." }\end{array} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { the system of word structures and word arrangements of a given } \\ \text { language at a given time } \\ \text { "In order to speak the language, an understanding of grammar is } \\ \text { helpful." }\end{array}\right\}$

| grasp | to take hold of; grip; seize; to understand mentally <br> "His firm grasp on the rope kept him from falling." |
| :--- | :--- |
| grateful | feeling or expressing gratitude <br> "He was very grateful for being remembered on his birthday." |
| grater | scraper; to use to rub skin from vegetables, etc. <br> "She used the grater on the lemon peel for the pie." |
| gratis | a favor without a charge or fee <br> "The printing of the tickets for the fund raiser were given gratis." |
| graze | to feed on (growing grass, herbage, a pasture, etc.) <br> "The cattle will graze on the slopes all winter." |
| gritty | of, like, or containing sand; brave; plucky <br> "Water from the creek left a gritty substance in the bottom of the cup." |
| gruel | thin, easily digested broth made of meal with water or milk <br> "The hot, tasty gruel did not hurt her sore throat as she swallowed." |
| habit | habitual or characteristic condition of mind or body; disposition <br> "It was his habit to have cereal every morning for breakfast." |
| hammer | to strike repeatedly with or as with a hammer <br> "He tried to hammer the message through to his audience by talking <br> loudly." |
| harmful | to take place; occur; befall <br> "They could not predict what would happen." |
| harbor annoy or harass by interrupting with questions or taunts |  |
| "The audience began to heckle the speaker." |  |


| hermit | a person who lives by himself in a lonely or secluded spot, often from <br> religious motives; recluse <br> "No one had seen the hermit for twenty years." |
| :--- | :--- |
| hidden | concealed; secret <br> "The detective was looking for the hidden trunk." |
| hinge | a joint or device on which a door, gate, lid, etc., swings <br> "The hinge needed oiling." |
| hobble | to walk lamely or awkwardly; limp <br> "The horse tried to hobble to the corral." |
| hollow | empty or worthless; not real or meaningful <br> "They knew that the praise was hollow." |
| honest | frank and open <br> "The store owner had an honest face." |
| honor | to respect greatly; regard highly; esteem <br> "The family met to honor the visiting grandparents." |
| hopeless | impossible to solve, deal with, teach, etc. <br> "After working on the problem for ten hours, it appeared hopeless." |
| hoping | expecting; desiring <br> "We are hoping everyone will be on time." |
| human | having or showing ill will; unfriendly; antagonistic <br> "The lion appeared hostile as the hunter approached." |
| humble | person who does no work; wastes time; lazy person <br> "No one ever saw him doing things, so they thought him an idler." <br> an aggressive or haggling merchant, esp. one who uses questionable <br> methods <br> "The huckster at the fair was making a fortune." |
| "Looking at the food display made his stomach ache with hunger." |  |
| " | "He belonging to the human race; mankind; person <br> "He is a student of human nature and human affairs." |
| low in condition, rank, or position; lowly; unpretentious |  |
| "The humble home was neat and tidy." |  |


| ignite | to set fire to; cause to burn "They will ignite the trees with a torch." |
| :---: | :---: |
| ignore | to disregard deliberately; pay no attention to; refuse to consider "The driver appeared to ignore the road signs." |
| impact | to force tightly together; pack; wedge; hit with force; violent contact "The two cars collided with violent impact." |
| impede | to bar or hinder the progress of; obstruct or delay "Some members tried to impede the program." |
| impish | mischievous <br> "The child gave him an impish grin and then ran down the street." |
| impose | to force on another or others without right or invitation; obtrude "Although she did not receive an invitation, she tried to impose on the family." |
| impress | to leave pressure on so as to leave a mark "We will impress the leaf on the paper to make a design." |
| impulse | a sudden inclination to act, without conscious thought "They could not resist the impulse to walk in the rain." |
| incite | to set in motion, to urge to action; stir up, rouse "The news of the riot may incite others to act." |
| indent | to cut toothlike points into; in from the regular margin; edge cut "We were taught to indent five spaces for each paragraph." |
| index | pointer; indicator; such as needle on a dial; alphabetized list "At the library, we refer to an index to locate a book." |
| induct | to lead in; install, as in office; initiate; enroll in the services <br> "The chairman used a candlelight ceremony to induct new members." |
| inert | having few or no active properties "The inert gas is not considered to be a danger." |
| infant | a very young child; baby <br> "The mother carried her three-month-old infant in a backpack." |
| infect | to contaminate with a disease-producing organism or matter "Germs infect the air we breathe." |


| infirm | weak; feeble, as from old age; frail; shaky <br> "Some senior citizens are infirm; others seem hale and hearty." |
| :---: | :---: |
| inflect | to vary or change the tone or pitch of (the voice); modulate "When giving a speech, the leader will inflect her voice." |
| influx | the point where a river joins another body of water "They found good fishing at the influx of the rivers." |
| ingrate | an ungrateful person <br> "The ingrate refuses to thank anyone for help." |
| inkling | a vague idea or notion; suspicion "She had an inkling that the biggest present was for her." |
| inmost | located farthest within; most secretive or intimate thoughts "He talked of his inmost thoughts with his best friend." |
| innate | existing naturally rather than acquired; possessed at birth, inherent "He has an innate talent for math." |
| inset | to insert into something else; a map set inside the border of a larger one; a piece of material sewed into a garment <br> "The inset shows the downtown section of the city." |
| inspire | to fill with high or reverent emotion; stimulate to creativity or action "The concert did inspire him to be a musician." |
| instant | urgent; pressing; soon to happen; without delay; immediate <br> "We can buy so many instant foods; some ready to eat or drink as soon as hot water is added." |
| intact | with nothing missing; kept or left whole; sound; entire <br> "He found his missing wallet intact - even the money was still in it." |
| item | separate things; one piece of news or information "Bread was an item on their grocery list." |
| jabber | fast, incoherent, nonsensical talk; gibberish "No one could understand the jabber of the twins." |
| jacket | a short coat, usually with sleeves; outer coating; cover envelope "He wore a blue jacket with his gray trousers." |
| jagged | having sharp projecting points; notched or ragged "The jagged edge scratched the smooth surface of the table." |


| jargon | incoherent speech; gibberish; specialized vocabulary and idioms of those in their own line of work <br> "She recognized the jargon of classmates taking computer classes." |
| :---: | :---: |
| jetsam | that part of the cargo thrown overboard to lighten the ship in danger; discardings <br> "Some of the jetsam they threw overboard might be sorely missed later." |
| jitney | formerly old slang for five cents, a nickel; small car or bus which travels a regular route and charges a low fare for passengers to ride <br> "The driver of the jitney now charges passengers a dollar." |
| joker | a person who excites laugher; any hidden unsuspected difficulty <br> "The joker in the document was very cunningly worded." |
| jostle | to bump or push, as in a crowd; elbow or shove roughly "As the number increased, the crowd began to jostle the players." |
| juror | a person who is a member of a jury or a jury panel; taker of an oath "He was sworn in as a juror in case one of the panel became ill." |
| justice | reward or penalty as deserved <br> "The defendant protested the justice he was receiving in the court." |
| kapok | fiber used for stuffing mattresses, sleeping bags, pillows, etc. "After such a long time of use, the kapok had to be replaced." |
| kelp | large, coarse brown seaweed; ashes of seaweed from which iodine is obtained <br> "The water was so clear we could see long beds of kelp floating." |
| kettle | a metal container for boiling or cooking things; pot "The stew was boiling in the kettle." |
| kindling | bits of dry wood or other easily-lighted material for starting a fire "The campers gathered kindling for the fire." |
| kindly | gracious; agreeable; pleasant <br> "He was such a kindly person, everyone liked him." |
| kinship | close relation, family; close connection <br> "The two cousins kept up a warm kinship all their lives." |
| kosher | loosely, prepared according to traditional Jewish recipes "The kosher pickles were very tasty." |


| label | identifying card or paper; to classify; descriptive word or phrase "The label on the bottle was too old to be deciphered." |
| :---: | :---: |
| ladle | to dip out and pour as with a ladle <br> "The cook will ladle the soup for each customer." |
| lament | an outward expression of sorrow; lamentation; wail "A long lament was heard in the garden." |
| lance | any sharp instrument resembling a lance, as a fish spear "Using a lance, the Indian speared the fish." |
| landfill | the disposal of garbage or rubbish by burying it under a shallow layer of ground <br> "The landfill is being debated by the city government." |
| lanky | awkwardly tall and lean or long and slender <br> "The lanky cowboy ducked as he entered the house." |
| lantern | transparent case for holding a light and protecting it from wind and weather; room containing the lamp at the top of a lighthouse "The light from the lantern helped us to find our way along the rocky path." |
| lather | the foam or froth formed by soap or detergent in water; excited state "I liked to watch my father lather his face and shave his whiskers." |
| lawful | legal; permitted by law; just or valid "He always conformed in a lawful manner." |
| lecture | an informative talk given before an audience, class, etc., and usually prepared beforehand <br> "The history lecture was very interesting." |
| legend | story handed down for generations, popularly believed historical and true <br> "She wanted to remember the legend told by Grandmother so she could tell it to her grandchildren." |
| legume | any of a large family of herbs, shrubs, and trees, including the peas, beans, vetches, clovers, etc., with usually compound leaves, flowers having a single carpel, and fruit that is a dry pod splitting along two sutures <br> "Lima beans are a member of the legume family." |


| lettuce | any of a genus of hardy, annual composite plants; specif., a plant grown <br> for its crisp, succulent, green leaves <br> "A succulent lettuce salad was served first." |
| :--- | :--- |
| license | a document, printed tag, permit, etc., indicating that such permission <br> had been granted <br> "The officer asked to see the man's license." |
| lightning | a flash of light in the sky caused by the discharge of atmospheric <br> electricity from one cloud to another or between a cloud and the earth <br> "The lightning flashed in the sky." |
| liking | fondness; affection; preference; taste; pleasure <br> "He had a liking for all games and sports." |
| limb | an arm, leg, or wing <br> "He was very lucky; only one limb was broken in the accident." |
| limber | easily bent; pliant; flexible; supple <br> "We used slow exercises to limber up before the race began." |
| limit | border, beyond which something ceases to be, or to be possible <br> "The map defined the limit of the property." |
| lining | to cause to or to bring to a straight row or conformity; in alignment <br> "The astronomer was lining up his telescope to look at the stars." |
| listless | a linking or being linked <br> "The investigator studied the linkage between the clues." |
| "to have life; alive, not dead; true to reality |  |
| "He is my only living relative." |  |
| "The slanderous article made him livid with rage." |  |
| having no interest in what is going on about one, as a result of illness, |  |
| weariness, dejection, etc., spiritless; languid |  |
| "The listless dog lay on the floor by the fire." |  |


| lizard | loosely, any of various similar reptiles or other animals, as alligators or salamanders <br> "The green lizard was basking in the sun." |
| :---: | :---: |
| lobster | any of a group of large edible sea crustaceans having five pairs of legs "Lobster is thought to be very delicious eating by many people." |
| local | relating to place; restricted; particular part or specific area "The newspaper printed mostly local news items." |
| lonely | alone; solitary <br> "The lonely dog missed his master by the end of the day." |
| loose | not confined or restrained; free; unbound "The sails were loose in the breeze." |
| lucid | clearheaded; rational "The lucid thinker explained the axiom." |
| luster | brightness; radiance; brilliance "The luster of the silver dazzled the crows." |
| magnet | a person or thing that attracts; piece of iron or steel that attracts metal "A magnet is often fastened to a potholder to be attached to the stove." |
| major | greater in size, importance, number or rank; designating a specific field of study in which a student specializes and receives his degree "She had to choose between math and English as her major course of study." |
| making | formation; construction; creation; production; manufacturing, etc. <br> "Making her own patterns and sewing her own clothes was her hobby." |
| malice | active ill will; desire to harm another or to do mischief; spite "The book had been torn with malice." |
| mangle | to spoil; botch; mar; garble "The writer began to mangle the translation." |
| manner | a way or method in which something is done or happens, mode or fashion of procedure <br> "His easy manner made everyone feel comfortable." |
| march | to walk with regular, steady steps of equal length; steady advance "The members of the band learned to march carrying their instruments." |


| margin | the blank space around the printed or written area on a page or sheet <br> "Many notes were written in the margin." |
| :--- | :--- |
| market | to deal in a market; buy or sell <br> "He plans to market his new design in the spring." <br> a wonderful or astonishing thing; prodigy or miracle <br> "We all admired the marvel of travel in space." |
| marvel | large or imposing or impressive; of considerable magnitude <br> "The new bank was massive." |
| mature | fully or highly developed, perfected, worked out, considered, etc. <br> "As the plans mature, we will better know the instructions." |
| matzo | the unleavened bread eaten by Jews during the Passover <br> "The matzo was prepared very carefully." |
| medic | a physician or surgeon <br> "The medic quickly provided assistance to the sick child." |
| medley | a musical piece made up of tunes or passages from various works <br> "The chorus performed the medley very well." |
| melon | any of several large, juicy, thick-skinned, many-seeded fruits of certain <br> trailing plants of the gourd family, as the watermelon, muskmelon, <br> cantaloupe, etc. <br> "We all enjoyed eating the melon." |
| message | in between; intermediate; intervening <br> "I sit in the middle of my best friends." |
| mental or for the mind or intellect; without using written symbols |  |
| "He had a mental image of how she would worry if he were so late." |  |


| mileage | aggregate distance in miles or total number of miles traveled; recorded, <br> etc. <br> "The salesman bought a new car each year because he had such high <br> mileage on his current one." |
| :--- | :--- |
| milling | circular or random motion of or as a herd or crowd <br> "The ducks were milling around the bread crumbs." |
| mimic | imitative; inclined to copy; to ape; make believe; mock <br> "The actor could mimic many of his fellow artists." |
| mindful | having in mind; aware; heedful, or careful <br> "The children were mindful of the danger of playing in the street." |
| minute | the sixtieth part of any of certain units <br> "As we watched the clock, the minute went very slowly." |
| mishap | an unlucky or unfortunate accident <br> "The doctor wanted to avoid the mishap." |
| misspell | to spell incorrectly <br> The class did not misspell a single word." |
| modern | up-to-date; of recent times; period of history after the middle ages <br> "They disagreed in preference of modern or period furnishings." |
| musty | having a stale, moldy taste or smell; worn out; antiquated <br> "The dampness seemed to linger in the basement, giving it a musty <br> smell" |
| napkin | small piece of cloth or paper used at table to wipe the fingers or lips <br> "A napkin was at the left of each plate." |
| nasty | belonging to a locality or country by birth, production, or growth; <br> indigenous <br> "The native did not want to leave his home country." |
| "o tell in writing or speech |  |
| "The teacher began to narrate the story." |  |
| close; careful; not liberal; prejudiced |  |
| "We all try to avoid having a narrow mind." |  |$|$| "The townspeople were tired of the nasty weather." |
| :--- |
| nary |


| nectar | any very delicious drink; sweetish liquid in flowers gathered by bees to <br> make honey <br> "The icy cold lemonade was like nectar." |
| :--- | :--- |
| neglect | not to heed; leave undone; lack of sufficient or proper care <br> "If you neglect to water the plants, they will die." |
| nerve | strength; energy; vigor <br> "The football player's nerve was impressive." |
| nestle | to settle or house as in a nest; shelter <br> "The birds would nestle in the tree house." |
| nibble | to eat with quick bites, taking only a small amount at a time <br> "The kittens began to nibble on the food." |
| nickel | a U.S. or Canadian coin made of an alloy of nickel and copper and equal <br> to five cents <br> "The jogger spotted a shiny nickel on the pavement." |
| noble | having or showing high moral qualities or ideals, or greatness of <br> character; lofty <br> "The noble leader made a hard decision for his country." |
| nomad | member of a tribe of people having no permanent home; wanderer <br> "Like a nomad, he roamed all over the world." |
| normal | the usual state, amount, degree, etc.; especially the median or average <br> "The normal weather pattern is changing." |
| notice | a written or printed sign giving some public information, warning or <br> rule <br> "The public meeting notice was posted all over town." |
| nubby a thing that can be seen or touched; |  |
| v. to oppose; protect |  |
| "The chair was the only object in the room." |  |
| "The committee's resolution states that they object to having the |  |
| dance." |  |


| oblong | longer than broad; elongated, specif., (a) rectangular and longer in one <br> direction than in the other, esp. longer horizontally, (b) elliptical <br> "They wondered what was in the oblong box." |
| :--- | :--- |
| observe | to celebrate or keep (a holiday, etc.) according to custom <br> "They observe the holiday in July." |
| occur | to take place; happen <br> "The celebration will occur next week." |
| odor | a smell, whether pleasant or unpleasant; fragrance, stench, etc. <br> "The odor of baking bread filled the home." |
| offend | break a law; commit a crime or sin; to create anger or displeasure <br> "He spoke rudely unintentionally and did not mean to offend her." |
| offense | the condition of being offended, esp. of feeling hurt, resentful, or angry; <br> umbrage <br> "His friend took offense from the joke." |
| office | a position of authority or trust, esp. in a government, business, <br> institution, etc. <br> "Our neighbor was running for the office of mayor." |
| oleo | combining form meaning oleomargarine <br> "I prefer oleo to butter on my bread." |
| omit | to fail to include; leave out <br> "He reminded the campers to not omit their tent." |
| optic | of the eyes; sense of sight <br> "The optic nerve was not damaged." |
| orbit | the path taken by a heavenly body during its periodic revolution around <br> another body <br> "The orbit of the earth is being measured." |
| ornate | heavily ornamented or adorned, often to excess <br> "The ornate window was filled with jewels." |
| ostrich | a large, swift-running bird of Africa and the Near East, the largest and <br> most powerful of living birds: it has a long neck, very long legs with <br> two toes on each foot, and small, useless wings; the white tail and wing <br> feathers of the male are used in millinery and as trimming <br> "The white ostrich feather adorned her new hat." |


| owing | due; unpaid; because of "The balance owing was ten dollars." |
| :---: | :---: |
| ozone | an unstable, pale-blue gas, with a penetrating odor; it is an allotropic form of oxygen <br> "The ozone layer is very important for man's survival." |
| package | a wrapped or boxed thing or group of things; parcel "The postman delivered the package." |
| padlock | a removable lock with a hinged or pivoted link to be passed through a staple, chain, or eye <br> "He had forgotten the combination number for the padlock." |
| palace | any large, magnificent house or building "Her dream is to live in a palace." |
| pampas | the extensive treeless plains of Argentina and some other parts of South America <br> "Cattle raising is an important industry on the pampas." |
| panel | a section or division of a wall, ceiling, or other surface "The carpenter replaced the panel on the wall." |
| panic | sudden, unreasonable fear; to give way to or show fear; hysteria "The did not panic when the fire broke out." |
| parcel | a small, wrapped bundle; package "The parcel was lost in the mail." |
| pardon | release from further punishment; cancel; forgive; excuse; overlook "He asked pardon for his clumsiness." |
| parlor | a small, semiprivate sitting room apart from the main lounges in a hotel, inn, etc. <br> "We plan to meet our friends in the parlor." |
| parrot | to repeat or imitate, esp. without understanding "The child learned to parrot the words very early." |
| parting | dividing; separating; leavetaking or departure "They were parting for the summer months." |
| partner | a person who takes part in some activity in common with another or others <br> "His partner kept the books, and he did the purchasing." |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { passage } & \begin{array}{l}\text { permission, right, or a chance to pass } \\ \text { "The hunters received passage through the field." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { passive } & \begin{array}{l}\text { offering no opposition or resistance; submissive; yielding; patient } \\ \text { "The passive cat was carried to the store." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pastry } & \begin{array}{l}\text { dough made of flour and shortening, used for the crust of pies, tarts; all } \\ \text { fancy baked goods, including cakes, sweet rolls, etc. } \\ \text { "I like cooking and making pastry." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pasture } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to graze or feed on (grass, etc.) } \\ \text { "The cattle will pasture in the meadow." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pattern } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a regular, mainly unvarying way of acting or doing } \\ \text { "The psychologist will study the animal's behavior pattern." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { payee } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the person to whom a check, note, money, etc. is payable } \\ \text { "The payee on the check was John Brown." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { peddler } & \begin{array}{l}\text { person going from place to place selling small articles } \\ \text { "The peddler always had fresh vegetables to sell." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pennant } & \begin{array}{l}\text { long, narrow flag; banner, usually triangular in shape } \\ \text { "The sailboat flew a pennant under the national flag." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pensive } & \begin{array}{l}\text { thinking deeply or seriously, often of sad or melancholy things } \\ \text { "The pensive woman forgot her appointment." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { perfect } & \begin{array}{l}\text { complete in all respects; without defect; flawless; correct; exact } \\ \text { "The blazing sunset made a perfect ending to the day." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { perfume } & \begin{array}{l}\text { "We looked forward to a picnic at the beach."" } \\ \text { a pleasing smell or odor; sweet scent, as of flowers; fragrance } \\ \text { "The gardener enjoyed the perfume of the flowers." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { perturb } & \begin{array}{l}\text { refuse to give up; continue; remain; prevail; endure } \\ \text { "In the face of opposition, we must persist on this measure." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { annoying; disagreeable; troublesome } \\ \text { "We cause to be alarmed, agitated, or upset; disturb or trouble greatly }\end{array}\right\}$
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { picture } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to form a mental picture or impression of; imagine } \\ \text { "The football player tried to picture the coming game." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pigment } & \begin{array}{l}\text { coloring matter, usually insoluble powder, mixed with oil or water, etc., } \\ \text { to make paints; coloring matter in the cells, tissues of plants, animals } \\ \text { "Pigment in some plants is increased when they grow in full sun." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pilgrim } & \begin{array}{l}\text { person who wanders; traveler to shrine or holy place; any member of the } \\ \text { English Puritans who founded Plymouth colony in 1620 } \\ \text { "Priscilla was the bride of a pilgrim." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pilot } & \begin{array}{l}\text { steersman; licensed person qualified to operate a ship or aircraft } \\ \text { "The pilot landed the plane safely." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pity } & \begin{array}{l}\text { sorrow felt for another's suffering; compassion; sympathy } \\ \text { "Our pity for her moved us to offer our sincere help." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { placid } & \begin{array}{l}\text { undisturbed; tranquil; calm; quiet } \\ \text { "There was no wind to disturb the placid waters." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { plastic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { molding or shaping matter; capable of being molded; flexible; } \\ \text { impressionable } \\ \text { "The forks were throwaways made of plastic." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { plenty } & \begin{array}{l}\text { prosperity; opulence; large number; many } \\ \text { "The picnic tables were heaped with plenty of food." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { plunder } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to rob or despoil by force, esp. in warfare } \\ \text { "The military will plunder the village after the battle." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { plural } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or including more than one; involving or being one of } \\ \text { "The plural of this noun is formed according to the principle listed." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { poncho } & \begin{array}{l}\text { opposite in character, nature, direction, etc. } \\ \text { "The twins were polar in their taste in music." } \\ \text { "They were willing to give up a portion of their food." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { share; part of } \\ \text { "The governmental department organized for keeping order, enforcing the } \\ \text { law, and preventing, detecting, and prosecuting crimes } \\ \text { "The community is dependent upon the police for its safety." }\end{array} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { a cloak like a blanket with a hole in the middle for the head }\end{array}\right\}$

| portly | large and heavy in a dignified, stately way; stout; corpulent <br> "He bought his clothing in the section for portly men." |
| :--- | :--- |
| possess | to have as an attribute, quality, faculty, etc. <br> "The man is known to possess wisdom." |
| poster | large printed card or paper for advertisement <br> "We will choose an art student to illustrate the poster." |
| posture | the position or carriage of the body in standing or sitting; bearing <br> "Good posture is important for good health." |
| powder | any dry substance in the form of very fine, dustlike particles, produced <br> by crushing, grinding, etc. <br> "Without rain, the soil became a powder." |
| prank | mischievous trick or practical joke <br> "They planned many a prank for April Fool’s Day." |
| predict | foretell a future event or happening; tell what one believes may happen <br> "Sometimes it is possible to predict when there will be an earthquake." |
| prepare | to make ready, usually for a specific purpose; make suitable; fit; adapt; <br> train <br> "The maid will prepare the room." |
| pretend | to claim or profess falsely; to make believe in play <br> "They could pretend to be astronauts." |
| prioview | a restricted showing, as of a movie, before exhibition to the public <br> generally <br> "We were delighted to see the preview of the film." |
| made |  |
| together." |  |
| to groom; to dress up in a fussy way obtained by multiplying two or more numbers |  |
| "We noticed her primp in all the mirrors in the hallway." |  |


| profess | make an open declaration of; affirm; claim to have an interest, etc. <br> "They profess to know the road; so we will follow them." |
| :--- | :--- |
| program | acts, speeches, etc. that entertain; a list of these; scheduled ceremony <br> "The last program was the most entertaining of the year." |
| progress | moving forward or onward; development; advance; goal <br> "Their progress shows when they devote enough time to study." |
| prompt | quick to act or do; ready; punctual; done, spoken, without delay <br> "A good example will help to prompt him to turn in his homework." |
| proof | testing or trying of something; anything establishing the truth <br> "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." |
| prosper | succeed; thrive; grow vigorously; wealth; good fortune <br> "Having found the right soil conditions, his crop began to prosper." |
| protect | shield from injury; guard; defend <br> "His bulletproof vest will protect him." |
| prying | improperly curious or inquisitive <br> "Someone was prying into her personal affairs." |
| public | belonging to or concerning the people; community, rather than private <br> "Most city parks are for the use of the public." |
| pulpit | raised platform or lectern from which the clergy preaches in a church <br> "From the pulpit, the speaker spoke into a microphone." |
| pump | shabby or torn from wear; tattered; uneven; rough; not finished <br> "Their clothing was ragged and dirty." |
| purr | to force in or out or through; to question closely; move up or down <br> "We moved the handle up and down to pump the water from the well." <br> "They pulled the raft behind their speed boat." |
| to cause to undergo pain or loss; to penalize; to treat harshly |  |
| "They will punish him to make him pay for his crime." |  |


| rally | to summon or bring together for a common purpose; assist; support a <br> cause <br> "He was sent to rally the retreating troops." |
| :--- | :--- |
| ramp | sloping, sometimes curved surface, joining different levels <br> "A ramp for the wheelchair was built at all entrances to the house." |
| rampant | growing luxuriantly; flourishing <br> "The roses were rampant in the garden." |
| random | lacking aim or purpose; without careful choice; haphazard <br> "The afghan was knit in a random pattern." |
| rapt | carried away with joy; enraptured; engrossed with love <br> "The artist's painting showed the rapt expression of her eyes." |
| rather | preferably; more willingly; with more justice, logic, reason <br> "Would you like to go out to dinner, or would you rather eat at home?" |
| rating | a placement in a certain rank or class <br> "The program received the top rating." |
| razor | sharp-edged cutting instrument for shaving or cutting off hair <br> "No one was allowed to use his razor." |
| react | to act in return or reciprocally <br> "The director did not expect the actress to react that way." |
| recess | to halt temporarily <br> "The court will recess until afternoon." |
| reckless | careless; heedless <br> "The reckless driver was arrested." <br> "The renter wants to redeem his deposit." |
| recur | to print for future use; make a permanent or office note of; to register in <br> "sme permanent form <br> "The minutes taken by the secretary will always be a permanent <br> record." |
| to return, as in thought or memory; happen or occur again |  |


| reduce | to lessen in any way, as in size, weight, amount, value, price, etc., <br> diminish <br> "During the winter, the family will reduce its food supply." |
| :--- | :--- |
| reflect | to bend or throw back light, heat or sound; mirror; reproduce an image <br> "His skills reflect years of training." |
| refresh | to make feel cooler, stronger, more energetic, etc., than before, as by <br> food, drink, or sleep <br> "The players needed to refresh themselves after the long game." |
| refuge | a place of safety; shelter; safe retreat <br> "The deer sought a refuge from the hunters." |
| regret | to feel sorry or mourn for; troubled or remorseful <br> "We regret to announce the death of a favorite professor." |
| reject | refuse to accept; throw away, discard; rebuff <br> "We felt we had to reject his very low offer to buy our house." |
| rejoin | to come into the company of again; reunite <br> "We were happy to have him rejoin and become a member again." |
| relent | to soften in temper; become less severe, stern, stubborn <br> "Perhaps he will relent and allow you to go if you promise to return <br> early." |
| repress | notice; observe; perceive; say or write in comment; say briefly <br> "He made a remark about her beautiful clothes." |
| remark | to keep down or hold back <br> "He modestly tried to repress his delight in winning." |
| remind |  |
| rem cause a person to remember |  |
| render tied on my finger will remind me to return my library books." |  |
| "An efficient cleaning will renew the look of the fabric." |  |


| rescue | to free or save from danger, imprisonment, evil, etc. <br> "He was a hero because the rescue had been a success." |
| :---: | :---: |
| reserve | to hold over to a later time <br> "We will reserve the dessert." |
| respect | to show honor or esteem for; show consideration for; deference, dutiful regard; reference; show politeness by visiting or presenting oneself "Though we may not always agree, we respect his opinions." |
| restful | having a soothing effect; quiet; peaceful <br> "The sound of lapping waves against the ship's hull was restful, and I grew sleepy." |
| retain | to keep in mind <br> "After studying the words for six weeks, we should retain most of them." |
| retard | hinder; delay progress; slow the advance of "Dentists recommend regular brushing of the teeth to retard plaque." |
| revenge | to inflict damage, injury, or punishment in return for an injury, insult, etc. <br> "The leaders plotted revenge for the bombing." |
| riddle | any puzzling, perplexing, or apparently inexplicable person or thing, as a difficult problem or enigmatic saying: enigma <br> "Rita recited the riddle, and Roger responded." |
| riding | the act or a person or thing that rides "The boys were riding their bikes." |
| risky | hazardous; dangerous <br> "Shopping during that sale was risky because it drew such immense crowds." |
| rival | person who tries to compete with another; try to equal or surpass "One's sibling is a natural rival." |
| roost | perch for birds to rest or sleep; stay or settle down for the night "Our parrot will almost always roost on the highest perch in his cage." |
| ruin | the remains of a fallen building, city, etc., or something destroyed, devastated, decayed, etc. <br> "The explorer discovered the ruin deep within the jungle." |


| rumor | definite talk not based on knowledge; hearsay; gossip "We have heard a rumor that there will be no test tomorrow." |
| :---: | :---: |
| running | the act of a person or thing that runs; racing; managing; proceeding, etc. "The students were running the business and making lots of money." |
| rush | to move or go swiftly; dash recklessly or rashly; haste; hurry "When the bell rings, the students rush for the door." |
| rustle | to make or cause to make an irregular succession of soft sounds "The leaves rustle in the wind." |
| safety | the quality or condition of being safe; freedom from danger; injury, or damage; security <br> "The spy's safety depended upon his quick wit." |
| saga | any long story of adventure or heroic deeds <br> "The full saga of the State Spelling Bee will be known this spring." |
| salad | a dish, usually cold, of raw or cooked vegetables or fruit, served with a dressing or in gelatin <br> "We prefer our salad with our entrée, rather than at the beginning of dinner." |
| scaffold | temporary wood or metal framework to support workmen and/or material <br> "They worked from the scaffold easily." |
| scald | to burn or injure with hot liquid or steam; heat almost to the boiling point <br> "He was careful not to scald his hand with the boiling water." |
| scan | to look at closely; analyze verse; score of vision "The air controller must alertly scan each blip appearing on the screen." |
| scant | inadequate in size or amount; not enough; meager; short ration "The recipe called for a scant cup of sugar." |
| scarlet | very bright red with a slightly orange tone "The scarlet car captured everyone's attention." |
| scary | causing alarm; frightening <br> "Being alone in the dark is sometimes scary." |


| scorch | to damage, char or discolor the surface by burning; parch; wither by <br> heat <br> "The hot sun will scorch the plants if they're not covered." |
| :--- | :--- |
| scorn | extreme, often indignant contempt for someone or something; utter <br> disdain <br> "The scorn she felt was clearly shown in both manner and voice." |
| screen | anything that shields or protects or conceals like a curtain; coarse mesh <br> of wire used to sift out finer from coarser parts <br> "The screen on this set concealed the unmade bed from the last act." |
| scribble | illegible or careless handwriting; scrawl <br> "The doctor's scribble was hard to read." |
| script | the manuscript, or a copy of the text, of a stage, film, radio, or television <br> show <br> "She memorized the script to prepare for the television audition." |
| scurry | to run hastily; scamper <br> "The rabbits will scurry through the woods." |
| secret | kept from public knowledge or from the knowledge of a certain person <br> or persons <br> "No political secret may be kept in Washington, D.C." |
| session | free from fear, care, doubt, or anxiety; not worried, troubled, or <br> apprehensive <br> "Within the fort, the cavalry felt secure." |
| selfish | too much concern with oneself; having little or no concern for others <br> "He was too selfish to share his candy with his playmates." |
| sentry | a definite area of shade cast upon a surface by a body intercepting the <br> light rays <br> "The dragon's shadow darkened their path." <br> a decision or judgment, as of a court; esp. the determination by a court <br> "of the punishment <br> "The sentence was in the defendant's favor." |
| "The sentry would not open the gate to anyone without identification." |  |


| shady | shaded, as from the sun; full of shade <br> "The bench under the trees was cool and shady." |
| :--- | :--- |
| shaky | not firm; weak, unsteady; trembling, not dependable; questionable <br> "After the earthquake, the walls were shaky." |
| shampoo | the act of washing hair, a rug, etc. <br> "The beautician will shampoo your hair next." |
| shepherd | a person who herds and takes care of sheep <br> "The shepherd guarded the flock during the night." |
| shiny | full of, or reflecting, light; bright; shining <br> "The shiny car caught our attention." |
| signal | a sign or event fixed or understood as the occasion for prearranged <br> combined action <br> "The bugle will signal the attack." |
| skeptic | person who habitually doubts, questions or suspends judgment on <br> generally accepted matters <br> "He was such a skeptic that he was known as 'Doubting Thomas'". |
| skilful | having or showing skill; accomplished; expert <br> "The skillful musician performed flawlessly." |
| skirmish | a brief encounter between small groups, usually an incident of a battle <br> "The skirmish was quickly forgotten after the peace treaty was signed." |
| sluggish | to become less active, intense, brisk <br> "The runners began to slacken their pace." |
| snorkel | vivacity, courage, vigor, enthusiasm <br> "The fans' spirit cheered the team to victory." <br> of or like slime <br> "The slimy trunk was retrieved from the bottom of the lake." |
| "The newspaper reported a wide spectrum of opinion."" |  |
| slow or slow-moving; not active; dull |  |
| "The engine was sluggish and difficult to start." |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}to move or swim under water using a snorkel <br>


"We plan to snorkel when we are in Hawaii."\end{array}\right|\)| a continuous range or entire extent |
| :--- |


| splendid | worthy of high praise; grand; glorious; illustrious <br> "The teacher praised her splendid accomplishment." |
| :--- | :--- |
| stubborn | person who refuses to comply; resisting unreasonably; obstinate <br> "Donkeys are said to be stubborn like some people I know." |
| submit | to refer to others for decisions; to yield to the control of another <br> "We will submit our plan to the committee." |
| tactics | any method used to gain an end; esp., skillful methods or procedure <br> "Although successful, his tactics were questioned." |
| tarnish | to dull or discolor the surface of a metal object; to spoil, mar or debase a <br> memory; lose luster from oxidation <br> "Silver needs to be polished often or it will tarnish." |
| tariff | duty or tax placed by a government on imports and some exports; any <br> list or scale of prices, charges etc. <br> "We felt the tariff was too high." |
| temper | reduce in intensity; frame of mind; disposition; mood <br> "We temper clay by moistening and kneading it." |
| terrace | a small, usually roofed balcony, as outside an apartment <br> "Flowerpots lined the terrace outside the apartment." |
| theft | the act or an instance of stealing; larceny <br> "The theft was reported to the police quickly." |
| thicket | a thick growth of shrubs, underbrush, or small trees <br> "Several deer were spotted in the thicket." |
| thirsty | to change the form or outward appearance of <br> "The potter will transform the clay into a beautiful bowl." |
| feeling thirst; wanting to drink |  |
| "The thirsty runners lined up at the fountain." |  |


| translate | to put in different words; rephrase or paraphrase in explanation <br> "The tutor tried to translate the assignment." |
| :--- | :--- |
| tremor | a trembling, shaking, or shivering <br> "Everyone in town felt the tremor of the earthquake." |
| tribute | something given, done, or said, as a gift, testimonial, etc., to show <br> gratitude, respect, honor, or praise <br> "Their success was a tribute to his leadership." |
| truly | in a true manner; accurately, genuinely, faithfully, factually, etc. <br> "They discovered that he had reported the facts truly." |
| tunnel | an animal's burrow <br> "The rabbits live in the tunnel behind the barn." |
| twang | a quick, sharp, vibrating sound, as of a taut string <br> "The guitar twang signaled the beginning of the concert." |
| uproar | loud, confused noise; din <br> "The uproar was very difficult to quiet." |
| useful | that can be used to advantage; serviceable; helpful <br> "The fork is a useful utensil." |
| vacant | having no occupant <br> "The apartment next to us is vacant." |
| vaccine | any preparation of killed microorganisms, living weakened organisms, <br> etc., introduced into the body to produce immunity to a specific disease <br> by causing the formation of antibodies <br> "The polio vaccine was a tremendous advance in medicine." |
| vanil | go or pass suddenly from sight; cease to exist; come to an end <br> "The stain will vanish overnight." |
| "A vowel is found usually in every word." |  |


| wallet | a pocketbook, as of leather, with compartments for paper money, cards, <br> etc., billfold <br> "He lost his wallet in the city." |
| :--- | :--- |
| warbler | a bird which sings in trills, runs or quavers; songster <br> "Though we could not see him, we heard the melodious song of the <br> warbler." |
| warmth | state of giving off moderate degree of heat; moderate, mild heat <br> "We could feel the warmth of the sun on our faces." |
| welcome | freely and willingly permitted or invited <br> "You are welcome to use the library." |
| welfare | the state of being or doing well; condition of health, happiness, and <br> comfort; well-being, prosperity <br> "We are interested in her welfare." |
| western | toward or facing the west; story, motion picture of cowboys, <br> frontiersmen <br> "California is a western state bordering the Pacific Ocean." |
| whisper | to say very softly, esp. by whispering <br> "The adult bent toward the child to whisper in her ear." |
| whistle | to make a clear, shrill cry; said of some birds and animals <br> "We heard the birds whistle in the trees." |
| whittle | to reduce, destroy, or get rid of gradually, as if by whittling away with a <br> knife <br> "We hope to whittle down the cost of the project." |
| whoosh | to make a quick, hissing or rushing sound of something moving swiftly <br> through the air <br> "At takeoff, the rocket will whoosh by the airport." |
| distance from side to side; breadth |  |
| "We have to measure the width of the shelf to make sure it will fit the |  |
| space." |  |
| to move or cause to move with short, jerky or twisting motions from |  |
| side to side; wriggle shakily or sinuously |  |
| "After two hours in the same seats, the children began to wiggle." |  |$|$| w |
| :--- |


| wild | living or growing in its original or natural state; not civilized or domesticated; not controlled; unruly; rough; violently disturbed "Abandoned in the forest, the kitten soon learned to survive and became as wild as the animals it lived with." |
| :---: | :---: |
| windy | characterized or accompanied by wind "On the windy day, the tree was blown over the street." |
| wiring | the action of a person or thing that wires "The electrician did the wiring very quickly." |
| wisdom | learning knowledge; good judgment; wise discourse or teaching "We cut our wisdom teeth at about age 25." |
| withdraw | to retract or recall <br> "The automobile distributor will withdraw that model." |
| witness | a person who saw, or can give a firsthand account of, something "The next witness was called to testify." |
| wobble | move unsteadily from side to side, as in walking "The baby took one step and then began to wobble." |
| woman | a female human being; adult female; femininity <br> "The term 'lady' was once restricted to a woman of the higher social class." |
| wonder | the feeling of surprise, admiration, and awe aroused by something strange, unexpected, incredible, etc. <br> "As the first snowflakes fell, the child was filled with wonder." |
| worth | wealth; possessions; riches <br> "No one could estimate the owner's worth." |
| wrapper | that in which something is wrapped; covering; cover "The gum wrapper was a shiny silver." |
| yawn | an act of yawning or opening wide "The movie was boring, and the audience began to yawn." |
| yearling | an animal one year old or in its second year "The rancher brought the yearling into the barn." |
| yellow | changed to a yellowish color as by age "The newspaper began to yellow." |

LEVEL II

| abacus | frame with beads or balls sliding back and forth on wires or in slots for doing or teaching arithmetic <br> "The Chinese use an abacus like we use a calculator." |
| :---: | :---: |
| abandoned | give up something forever; wild or uncontrolled "The child in the orphanage was abandoned by its parents." |
| abdicate | to give up formally (a high office, authority, throne, etc.) "The king plans to abdicate his throne." |
| abdominal | lower part of the trunk of the human body; in, on or for the abdomen "The abdominal bandage seemed too tight." |
| abduction | carrying off a person by force or fraud; kidnapping "He was shocked to find that his uncle aided in the abduction." |
| aberration | a departure from what is right, true, correct <br> "Her rude behavior was an aberration from her friendly nature." |
| aborning | while being born or created "The idea died aborning." |
| abrading | scraping; wearing off by rubbing against <br> "Gripping the handle was abrading the shine of the leather." |
| abrogate | to cancel or repeal by authority <br> "Congress must abrogate the new tax law." |
| abscess | swollen and inflamed area of the body tissues "The sting of the bee on her hand caused an abscess." |
| absconded | went hastily and secretly away; left and hid to escape the law "They absconded with the stolen money." |
| accentuate | to emphasize; heighten the effect of "The purple pillow should accentuate the room." |
| acclamation | loud applause, approval, or welcome "The Presidential candidate was nominated by acclamation." |
| acetylene | a colorless, poisonous, highly flammable gaseous hydrocarbon "This most brilliant of the illuminating gases is acetylene." |


| achromatic | refracting light without spectra color separation <br> "The camera lens was achromatic." |
| :--- | :--- |
| acknowledge | admit to be true or as stated; recognize or accept <br> "I acknowledge that the signature is mine." |
| acquittal | discharge of duty; being set free by the court <br> "From lack of evidence submitted, the judge decreed an acquittal." |
| acrid | sharp, bitter, or stinging, or irritating to the taste or smell <br> "She scowled at the acrid taste." |
| across | from one side to the other; over; through <br> "the hotel was across the highway." |
| addendum | thing added or to be added; an appendix or supplement <br> "The name of the second speaker is an addendum to the program."" |
| addressee | person to whom mail, etc. is addressed <br> "His name is that of the addressee on the envelope." |
| admonition | a mild rebuke; reprimand <br> "The children remembered their mother's admonition and returned <br> home on time." |
| agriculture | the time of life between puberty and maturity; youth <br> "During adolescence, one is often uncertain." |
| adflatus | sensitive to art and beauty <br> "In order to help develop their children's aesthetic tastes, many family <br> trips to art galleries were planned." |
| agglomeration | work of cultivating the soil, producing crops, and raising livestock <br> "California is a leader in agriculture." <br> close relationship <br> "Fish have an affinity with water." |
| "Upoling great horror or dismay |  |
| artist's or poet's inspiration or powerful impulse |  |
| "What was the afflatus behind the artist's new painting?"" |  |


| alabaster | a translucent, whitish, fine-grained variety of gypsum, used for statues, <br> vases, etc. <br> "She had a fine collection of alabaster ornaments and decorations." |
| :--- | :--- |
| allotment | portion <br> "The meeting continued beyond the time allotment." |
| ambiguous | not clear <br> "The treaty is very ambiguous." |
| anachronism | anything that is or seems to be out of its proper time in history <br> "A black and white television is an anachronism today." |
| anathema | a thing or person greatly detested <br> "Censorship is anathema to Americans." |
| annulment | to do away with; invalidate; put an end to <br> "Ann was given an annulment of her marriage when Jim disappeared." |
| anonymous | no name known or acknowledged; name withheld <br> "The poem read was written by an anonymous poet." |
| appetizing | a remedy to counteract a poison <br> "She went to the doctor for an antidote to the snake bite." |
| appendix | no longer used or useful; obsolete <br> "The old cabin contained some antiquated relics of the olden days." |
| antiquated | a contract or opposition of thoughts <br> "Love is the antithesis of hate." |
| antithesis | "The appetizing smells in the kitchen made us long for dinnertime." <br> "The appendix contained an alphabetized list of terms used." <br> "The apocryphal memories of the countess cannot be admitted as <br> evidence." |
| apparition | a pharmacist or druggist <br> "Run down to the apothecary to get a refill on that prescription." |
| apparition." |  |
| astrange figure appearing suddenly and thought to be a ghost |  |
| after hearing the spooky story, the children thought they saw an |  |


| application | the act of putting on something; anything applied; a remedy <br> "The application of heat to his sore muscles gave him relief from pain." |
| :--- | :--- |
| appraisal | evaluation of price by an expert for sale, taxes, duty, etc. <br> "The customs officer quickly made an appraisal of the jewelry." |
| appreciate | to think well of; understand and enjoy; recognize and be grateful for <br> "We sincerely appreciate the help given us." |
| appropriation | money set aside for a specific use <br> "Since the appropriation was cut by Congress, our radar defense is <br> reduced." |
| aqueduct | large pipe made for bringing water from a distant source <br> "The aqueduct provided the farmers with the much needed water for <br> crops." |
| archetype | the perfect example of a type or group <br> "Mickey Mouse is the archetype for cartoon characters." |
| arrival | to come to a place; reached destination <br> "We looked forward to Thanksgiving and the arrival of all the cousins." |
| arrogance | self-importance; overbearing pride; haughty <br> "His arrogance was difficult to put up with." |
| artifact | any object made by human work <br> "The African mask is a prized artifact." |
| artillery | guns of large caliber, too heavy to carry; cannon or missile launchers <br> "The artillery was slower in reaching the top of the hill." |
| ascension | "The teacher will assign the lesson for the next class." |


| athlete | person trained to contest for prizes in exercises, games, sports "The athlete is used to heavy physical exertion." |
| :---: | :---: |
| atrophy | a wasting away of body tissue, organ, or the failure of an organ or part to grow or develop, as because of insufficient nutrition <br> "Without proper nutrition, the muscles will atrophy." |
| avuncular | of, like, or in the relationship of, an uncle <br> "Avuncular advice is apt to be kindly and indulgent." |
| axiom | statement accepted as true; maxim; self-evident <br> "Euclid's axiom that things equal to the same thing are equal to each other is universally known." |
| baccalaureate | an address or sermon delivered to a graduating class at commencement "The graduating seniors and their families will attend the baccalaureate." |
| bailiwick | one's particular area of authority, activity, interest "The coach's bailiwick is tennis." |
| balloon | large airtight bag that when filled with air, floats above the earth; small inflatable rubber bag used as a toy <br> "The balloon was filled with helium gas." |
| balustrade | a railing <br> "The balustrade was made of cedar." |
| barrage | a heavy, prolonged attack of words, blows "Suddenly the speaker was under a barrage of questions." |
| barrel | large round container; any hollow or solid cylinder "The barrel was made of wooden staves bound together with hoops." |
| bassoon | double-reed bass woodwind instrument having a long mouthpiece attached "In the school band, he played a bassoon." |
| battalion | a large group of soldiers arrayed for battle; any large group joined in some activity <br> "He had command of a battalion during World War II." |
| belligerent | of war; fighting; seeking war or a fight; readiness to quarrel "Germany was a belligerent nation." |
| benevolent | doing or inclined to do good; kindly; charitable "He was known as a benevolent despot." |


| biennial | happening every two years "The reunion is held on a biennial basis." |
| :---: | :---: |
| bilingual | of or in two languages; capable of using two languages with equal skill "He was offered the position because he was bilingual in English and Spanish." |
| bizarre | marked by extreme contrasts and incongruities of color, design, or style "Her purple and orange hair was bizarre." |
| blossom | flower or bloom, esp. of a fruit-bearing plant; begin to develop "We went to Washington, D.C. to see the cherry trees in blossom." |
| blurred | smeared or stained; hazy or indistinct <br> "The writing was blurred and difficult to decipher." |
| bracelet | ornamental band or chain worn on the wrist, arm, or ankle "She wore a gold bracelet on her wrist and a chain on her ankle." |
| braggadocio | a braggart <br> "You are handsome, but you don't have to be such a braggadocio." |
| brimming | to be full to the top <br> "He carried the brimming pail full of water without spilling a drop." |
| broody | to dwell moodily on one's thoughts; a fowl, ready to hatch eggs "He was melancholy and broody." |
| buffoon | person who is funny and always clowning around "He is a buffoon at every party." |
| building | any structure that is built with walls and roof; the act of constructing "They worked in one building and lived in another." |
| bumptious | disagreeably conceited, arrogant, or forward "The bumptious tax assessor listened to no one." |
| burglary | the act of unlawfully entering with intent to commit a theft or felony "The police put out descriptions of the thief who committed the burglary." |
| cacophony | jarring sound <br> "The cacophony in the freshman dining room was horrendous to the ears." |
| cadence | any rhythmic flow of sound "The radio announcer had a hypnotic cadence." |


| calligraphy | beautiful handwriting; penmanship <br> "Calligraphy is an art - a talent to be thankful for." |
| :---: | :---: |
| camaraderie | loyalty and warm, friendly feeling among comrades <br> "Within the Girl Scout troop, there was great camaraderie." |
| camouflage | disguise or concealment of this kind "The tanks' camouflage prevented enemy planes from seeing them." |
| cannibal | person who eats human flesh; animal which eats its own kind "The missionary taught the cannibal how to stop the practice." |
| canonical | according to or ordered by church law "These regulations are canonical." |
| capacious | roomy, spacious <br> "The woman's new handbag was capacious." |
| capitulation | statement of the main parts of a subject; conditional surrender "Their leader decided that capitulation was best." |
| carbonaceous | of, consisting of, or containing carbon "Coat tar is carbonaceous." |
| carburetor | a device in which air is mixed with gasoline spray to make an explosive mixture in an internal combustion engine "The carburetor in the truck had to be replaced." |
| cardinal | of main importance; principal; chief "In case of emergency, the cardinal thing to do is to call the police." |
| caricature | picture of imitation of person in which certain mannerisms or features are exaggerated for effect "He drew an easily recognizable caricature of the teacher." |
| carrier | transporter, such as paper boy, mailman; train, airplane; ship <br> "In electronics, a carrier is the steady transmitted wave modulated by the signal." |
| carousel | a merry-go-round <br> "The children were riding on the carousel." |
| casserole | earthenware or glass baking dish; the food baked and served in this dish "We decided to make a casserole of lasagna." |
| cataclysm | any great upheaval that causes sudden and violent changes "The weakened government could not withstand another cataclysm." |


| catalepsy | a condition in which consciousness and feeling are suddenly and temporarily lost, and the muscles become rigid <br> "The man on the flying trapeze could not be subject to catalepsy." |
| :---: | :---: |
| catastrophe | the culminating event of a drama, tragedy; disastrous end; any great and sudden calamity or failure "The sudden earthquake in Mexico City was a tragic catastrophe." |
| caveat | a warning <br> "The caveat on the pack of cigarettes says that smoking can be harmful to your health." |
| centennial | 100 years; happening once in 100 years; celebration of $100^{\text {th }}$ anniversary "This year will be their city's centennial." |
| cerebellum | the section of the brain behind and below the cerebrum; functions as the coordinating center for muscular movement <br> "In the accident, the cerebellum was injured." |
| cessation | ceasing or stopping, either forever or for a period of time "Shutting the heavy door caused a cessation of all the noise." |
| chagrin | mortification <br> "There was chagrin by Mary's parents over her behavior at the concert." |
| chamois | a soft leather made from the hide of a chamois, deer or sheep "The gloves were made of chamois leather." |
| chandelier | lighting fixture hanging from a ceiling, with branches for candles or bulbs <br> "The chandelier swayed, and we hurried out from under it." |
| chaotic | completely confused or disordered condition <br> "The era of the Hundred Years' War was very chaotic." |
| charlatan | fake <br> "The phony scientist was a charlatan." |
| chiffon | sheer, lightweight fabric of silk, nylon, etc.; cooking made light and porous, by the addition of stiffly beaten egg whites <br> "The bridesmaids' dresses were made of chiffon." |
| chimerical | imaginary <br> "Her fears are as chimerical as the hallucinations of insanity." |


| chivalry | the noble qualities a medieval knight was supposed to have; courage, <br> honor and readiness to help the weak, and to protect women <br> "We loved his chivalry, seemingly borrowed from the knights of old." |
| :--- | :--- |
| choppy | shifting constantly, as the wind or the sea; rough with short, broken <br> waves <br> "The lake became choppy in the storm." |
| choreography | the art of devising dances, especially ballets <br> "The choreography for the dance scenes in 'The Turning Point' was <br> quite good." |
| chronic | continuing indefinitely; perpetual; constant <br> "A chronic problem is difficult to face." |
| cinematographer | a motion-picture cameraman <br> "Cecil B. DeMille was a great cinematographer." |
| cinnamon | yellowish-brown spice, popular in fruit pies or quick breads <br> "Cinnamon, nutmeg and ginger were all measured carefully for the pie <br> filling." |
| circuitous | roundabout; indirect; devious <br> "We took a circuitous path up the mountain." |
| clairvoyance | keen perception or insight <br> "His clairvoyance with a crystal ball was amazing." |
| clique | a small, exclusive group of people <br> "She refused to join the clique of students." |
| coercive | of coercion or tending to coerce <br> "During the American Revolution, the colonists fought against the <br> coercive government of Great Britain." |
| colleague | "If the two cars continued on the same path, they would eventually <br> collide." <br> to compare in order to consolidate; to gather together in proper order, <br> "We as pages of a book, for printing or for a binder |
| "How hours in the library to collate the roster pages." |  |
| "His colleague is going to attend the same workshop." |  |$|$| asociate in office |
| :--- |


| colloquial | conversational <br> "The politician's colloquial language endeared him to small town <br> voters." |
| :--- | :--- |
| comatose | as if in a coma; lethargic; torpid <br> "The patient remained in a comatose condition." |
| command | to give orders to; direct with authority; control; to have jurisdiction over <br> "It was evident the young soldier would command obedience." |
| commercial | connected with trade; stores, office buildings; made or operating <br> primarily for profit <br> "The commercial course offered training in business methods, <br> marketing, sales." |
| commingle | to mingle together; intermix, blend <br> "The separate tribes began to commingle through marriage." |
| commission | authorization to perform duties or tasks; percentage of money taken in <br> on sales given as pay; group with authority to act <br> "They were a commission authorized to work for the people." |
| commit | deliver for safekeeping; give in charge; to put in custody <br> "To dispose of the contents, we will commit them to the trash barrel." |
| community | all the people living in the district, city, etc.; similarity, likeness of taste; <br> the condition of living with others <br> "The Christmas Parade was a community affair." |
| compurrent | feeling or showing compassion <br> "The compassionate nurse listened to the patient's tale."" |
| compassionate | rivalry; contest; official participation in organized sport <br> "They met in order to consider the kind of fixed rules needed for the <br> competition." <br> happening at the same time; existing together; converging <br> "The judge gave the defendant concurrent sentences." |
| "The punishment was condign." |  |
| "She would not condescend to take his advice." |  |
| " | deserved; suitable |
| comake concessions; agree; assent |  |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { conditional } & \begin{array}{l}\text { containing, implying, or dependent on a condition or conditions; } \\ \text { qualified; not absolute } \\ \text { "The team received a conditional award pending the completion of the } \\ \text { float." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { condolence } & \begin{array}{l}\text { expression of sympathy with another in grief } \\ \text { "A note of condolence is appropriate at time of death." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { confabulation } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to talk together in an informal way; chat } \\ \text { "The students met for a confabulation before going to class." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { conjecture } & \begin{array}{l}\text { an inference, theory, or prediction based on guesswork; guess } \\ \text { "After hearing the facts, she knew that her conjecture was wrong." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { connecting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { fastening two things together; related or associated } \\ \text { "Wires were strung, connecting one pole to the next." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { connoisseur } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a person who has expert knowledge and keen discrimination in some } \\ \text { field, especially in the fine arts or in matters of taste } \\ \text { "His discerning taste buds made him a connoisseur of good wine." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { consensus } & \begin{array}{l}\text { an opinion held by all or most } \\ \text { "The consensus of party professionals was sought. }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { constitutional } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or in the constitution of a person or thing; basic; essential } \\ \text { "Everyone in the United States has constitutional rights." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { contemplate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { conte } \\ \text { conthink about intently } \\ \text { "The scientists will contemplate the new theory." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { convey } & \begin{array}{l}\text { full of contempt; scornful; disdainful } \\ \text { "The speaker was very contemptuous of the hecklers." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { "The children were asked to cooperate by remaining in their seats." } \\ \hline \text { to act or work together; to combine to produce an effect } \\ \hline \text { insubordinate resistance to authority; stubbornness } \\ \text { "The smokers displayed great contumacy by ignoring requests not to } \\ \text { smoke." } \\ \text { "The convoluted plot was difficult to understand." }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}\text { to make known; communicate in words, actions, appearance } \\ \text { "These flowers convey my appreciation." }\end{array}\right\}$

| corridor | long passageway or hall <br> "The corridor was lengthy with several rooms opening from it." |
| :--- | :--- |
| corsair | a pirate ship <br> "He commanded a corsair along the Barbary Coast." |
| coruscate | to give off flashes of light; glitter; sparkle <br> "The gemstones did coruscate in the sunlight.", |
| countervail | to make up for; compensate <br> "Long hours of practice in tennis may countervail natural talent." |
| critique | the act or art of criticizing; criticism <br> "The director did not like the critique of his movie." |
| croissant | a crescent roll <br> "A hot, buttery croissant was enjoyed by each one attending the festive <br> brunch."" |
| crucifixion | a crucifying or being crucified <br> "The punishment of crucifixion was practiced in ancient times." |
| currency | medium of exchange; circulation; common acceptance; general use; <br> paper money in circulation in any country <br> "The currency of other countries is sometimes larger in size than ours." |
| deign | an overwhelming defeat or rout <br> "His resignation from power caused the greatest debacle in the history <br> of his country." |
| debacle | to reduce speed; slow down <br> "The driver began to decelerate as he rounded the bend." |
| decelerate | "I would not deign to comment on such disgusting behavior." <br> shedding leaves annually <br> "The fall colors on the deciduous trees are beautiful."" |
| "Long distance running can dehydrate a runner." |  |
| to lose water; become dry |  |
| "That can be deducted |  |
| expense." |  |


| delicacy | pleasing in taste, odor, texture; fragile beauty or graceful slightness "Caviar is considered a delicacy by many." |
| :---: | :---: |
| demagogue | a person who obtains power by appealing to the emotions and prejudice of the populace <br> "The demagogue gained power very quickly and ruthlessly." |
| depressant | lowering the rate of muscular or nervous activity; to sadden or lower "The medicine was given as a depressant." |
| derrick | large apparatus for lifting and moving heavy objects; tall tapering framework over an oil well "The workmen used a derrick to take the piano up to the $7^{\text {th }}$ floor." |
| description | the art, process or technique of picturing in words; sort or variety "Her description of the cathedral made us feel as if we'd been there." |
| designate | to point or mark out; specify; appoint <br> "I will designate one of my friends to chair this committee." |
| develop | to cause to grow; to build up or expand; to expose to various chemicals to cause a picture to become visible <br> "He had his own darkroom and could develop his own pictures." |
| dexterity | skill in using one's mind; cleverness "Her mental dexterity was amazing." |
| diagnostic | of or constituting a diagnosis <br> "Diagnostic procedures, such as X-rays, may save someone's life." |
| dialysis | the separation of crystalloids from colloids as the elimination of impurities from the blood during kidney failure <br> "One of our child movie stars has to be hospitalized for dialysis." |
| diaphanous | so fine or gauzy in texture as to be transparent or translucent "The diaphanous curtains made the room light." |
| differentiate | distinguish between <br> "The shopper tried to differentiate between the two sweaters." |
| dilapidated | broken down; shabby and neglected "We bought a dilapidated house and tried to repair it." |
| dilemma | predicament; a situation in which one must choose between alternatives "His dilemma was in having to decide on which color paint to use." |


| dirge | a funeral hymn <br> "The natives chanted a weird dirge when their chief died." |
| :--- | :--- |
| discern | to perceive or recognize <br> "In the fog, she tried to discern the outline." |
| discipline | training that develops self-control, character or orderliness and <br> efficiency; acceptance of or submission to authority <br> "Sometimes the act of discipline is harder for the trainer than the <br> trainee." |
| discombobulate | to upset the composure of; disconcert <br> "Having Steve Martin for a brother would discombobulate anyone." |
| disproportionate | not in proportion <br> "The harsh punishment was disproportionate to the infraction." |
| dissatisfied | not pleased <br> "They were angry and dissatisfied with the given explanation." |
| disseminate | to scatter seed; to sow widely; spread abroad <br> "When the dandelion becomes that feathery little puffball, the breezes <br> cause it to disseminate." |
| duplicator | differ in belief or opinion; the act of disagreeing; nonconformity <br> "He made known his very definite dissent concerning the decision." |
| dissent | machine for making exact copies of letters, photograph, map drawing, <br> etc. <br> "Copies of the proposed budget were made on the duplicator." |
| a formal and lengthy discourse or treatise on some subject |  |
| "The student completed her dissertation for the degree of doctor." |  |, | "trivial, poorly constructed verse; jingle |
| :--- |
| "The doggerel he composed is strikingly funny." |


| ebullient | overflowing with enthusiasm, high spirits <br> "After winning the game, the fans were ebullient." |
| :--- | :--- |
| eccentric | not having the same center; deviating from the norm, as in conduct; <br> unconventional <br> "I didn't think she was too eccentric." |
| ecclesiastical | of the church <br> "His writings were based on ecclesiastical discipline." |
| echelon | any of the levels of responsibility or importance in an organization <br> "She worked in the echelon where major decisions were made." |
| ecstasy | feeling overpowering joy; great delight; rapture <br> "He was in ecstasy when he learned that he had won the trip to <br> Europe." |
| ecstatic | subject to ecstasy <br> "The student was ecstatic at being accepted at the university." |
| eczema | an inflammatory, itching disease of the skin <br> "A victim of eczema, she could not wear makeup on her face." |
| effectuate | to bring about; cause to happen; effect <br> "The team members are trying to effectuate change in spring training <br> rules." |
| effrontery | unashamed boldness; impudence; audacity; presumption <br> "The actress was insulted by the critic's effrontery." |
| egalitarian | advocating, or characterized by the belief that all men should have equal <br> political, social and economic rights <br> "The country's government was egalitarian." |
| emanate | "The child's behavior will embarrass his brother." <br> the omission of a word or words necessary for complete grammatical <br> construction but understood in the context <br> "Add ellipsis where I have indicated on the rough draft of the legal <br> pleading." <br> to emit; come forth; issue, as from a source <br> "The only light seemed to emanate from the far end of the tunnel." |


| embassy | the position or functions or business of an ambassador; official residence of an ambassador <br> "We had to choose an ambassador to represent our country at their embassy." |
| :---: | :---: |
| embellish | to decorate or improve by adding detail "The artist will embellish the vase." |
| eminence | a high or lofty place, thing, etc., as a hill <br> "The spectators watched the battle from an eminence." |
| emulate | to try to equal or surpass; to rival successfully <br> "The baby birds strutted back and forth trying to emulate the actions of their parents." |
| encapsulate | to put in concise form; condense <br> "We tried to encapsulate the week's news in five minutes." |
| encyclopedic | comprehensive in scope; giving information about many things "The people appearing on the TV show need to have an encyclopedic memory." |
| endeavor | try to achieve; an earnest attempt; effort <br> "We will endeavor to find our way out of the maze without help." |
| engrossing | taking the entire attention; very interesting; absorbing "The play was a good one engrossing us during the several acts." |
| ensemble | all the parts considered as a whole <br> "She planned to purchase a summer ensemble to wear." |
| epitaph | an inscription on a tomb or gravestone in memory of the person buried there <br> "His epitaph was a fitting memorial to his work." |
| epithet | an adjective, noun, or phrase used to characterize some person or thing, often specifically a disparaging one <br> "He screamed an epithet into the phone and slammed down the receiver." |
| epitome | a short statement of the main points of a book, report, incident; abstract; summary; representative or typical of a class <br> "He was the epitome of jockeys everywhere - slim, wiry and brisk." |
| equable | not varying or fluctuating much "The equable climate was boring." |


| equivocal | two or more meanings; purposely vague; misleading; ambiguous <br> "Her answer was equivocal, but we couldn't get a definite opinion." |
| :--- | :--- |
| errand | a trip to carry a message or do a definite thing; purpose or object for <br> which one goes or is sent <br> "His mother sent him on an important errand."" |
| esoteric | beyond the understanding or knowledge or most people <br> "Few people attended the esoteric lecture on holography." |
| establishment | holding the chief power or influence; a government; officially <br> recognized institution or business <br> "In England, the establishment is the complex consisting of the church, <br> the royal family and the plutocracy." |
| etymology | The origin and development of a word, affix, phrase, etc. <br> "The origin and development of words is a branch of linguistics called <br> etymology." |
| eulogy | speech or writing in praise of a person, event or thing; commendation <br> "We listened with full hearts to the eulogy on President Kennedy." |
| euphoria | a feeling of vigor, well-being, or high spirits <br> "The team had the euphoria that comes from winning." |
| evanescent | tending to face from sight; vanishing; ephemeral <br> "We momentarily saw the evanescent rainbow." |
| excellence | happening at the end of, or as a result of; ultimate; final <br> "Much practice would lead to eventual success." |
| excusable | active use or operation; activity for the purpose of training or <br> developing the body or mind; set program of formal speeches, <br> ceremonies <br> "Before piano practice, it is good to exercise the fingers." " <br> to exasperate; annoy; irritate; embitter <br> "He intended to exacerbate the already tense situation by making an <br> exorbitant demand." |
| the fact or condition of being better or greater; superiority |  |
| "Winning the game, he showed his excellence at chess." |  |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { exiguous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { scanty; meager } \\ \text { "She was disappointed by the exiguous amount of rations handed out." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { existence } & \begin{array}{l}\text { state or fact of being; continuance of life, living; manner of living } \\ \text { "The scientist found evidence of the existence of a rare species of } \\ \text { plant." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { exonerate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to relieve of a burden; unload; free from guilt; absolve } \\ \text { "This alibi would prove his innocence and exonerate him of the crime." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { exotic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { foreign, not native; strange in a different way; fascinating } \\ \text { "We grow exotic orchids in our greenhouse." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { expedient } & \begin{array}{l}\text { useful for effecting a desired result } \\ \text { "It was expedient for him to alter the facts.", }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { expertise } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the skill, knowledge, judgment of an expert } \\ \text { "She was known for her expertise in music." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { expletive } & \begin{array}{l}\text { an oath or exclamation } \\ \text { "She shouted an expletive when the car would not start." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { expression } & \begin{array}{l}\text { squeezing out, as of juice; putting into words; eloquent manner of } \\ \text { speaking; a look, intonation or sign } \\ \text { "An idiomatic phrase 'catch cold" is an expression."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { factacy } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to deprive of ownership; dispossess } \\ \text { "The state will expropriate acreage for the new airport." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { expropriate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { wide scope; covering a large area; great extent } \\ \text { "atness to mislead; false or mistaken; deceptive; incorrect } \\ \text { "The fallacy of his argument was very plain to be seen." } \\ \text { "The areas of cultivation were extensive." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { extensive } & \begin{array}{l}\text { "Speculators were responsible for the factitious value of some stocks." } \\ \text { fo make, build, construct; manufacture; invent a story } \\ \text { "They will fabricate an exact model so we can imagine the finished } \\ \text { work." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { joking, or trying to be jocular, esp. at an inappropriate time } \\ \text { "His mother could not tolerate his facetious remarks." }\end{array}\right\}$

| familiar | friendly, informal or intimate; too friendly, presumptuous <br> "It was great to return home to familiar surroundings." |
| :--- | :--- |
| fantasize | to create or imagine or have daydreams about <br> "It is easy to fantasize a dream world of only the good things." |
| farthermost | most distant; most remote <br> "At this point, the farthermost thing on the horizon was the top of the <br> mountain." |
| fascination | strong attraction; charm; allure <br> "The kitten's fascination with the ball of yarn was a delight to watch." |
| feasible | not easy to please; very critical or discriminating <br> "With fastidious attention to detail, the musician practiced the piece <br> again."" |
| febrifuge | capable of being done or carried out; possible; practicable <br> "Chartering a bus seems the most feasible method of transportation." |
| finesse | any substance for reducing fever <br> "Aspirin is a popular febrifuge." |
| filibuster | well-chosen; appropriate; apt; yielding great pleasure <br> "He was a felicitous choice for the new position." |
| fickle | fierce; savage; violently cruel <br> "The lion has a ferocious growl." |
| finally | changeable or unstable in affection, interest, loyalty <br> "The fickle girl forgot her old friends." |
| "The hockey player's finesse won the game." |  |


| firmament | the sky, viewed poetically as a solid arch or vault <br> "The sun and the moon are both seen in the firmament at that time." |
| :--- | :--- |
| fissure | long, narrow, deep cleft or crack; dividing or breaking into parts <br> "The ice, breaking up, opened a wide fissure between the floes." |
| fixative | that is able or can make permanent; a substance to prevent fading <br> "We no longer use a fixative on our Polaroid pictures when we snap <br> them." |
| flabbergast | to make speechless with amazement; astonish <br> "Seeing a dog climb a tree may flabbergast you." |
| flagging | weakening or drooping; tired <br> "His enthusiasm flagging, he dropped behind the marchers." |
| flannelette | soft, cotton cloth, light in weight <br> "She used yards of flannelette to make nightgowns for the children." |
| fleecy | soft and light <br> "In Hawaii, we saw fleecy clouds drifting in a deep azure sky." |
| flippant | glib; talkative; frivolous and disrespectful; saucy <br> "Her flippant manner was a disguise for how she really felt." |
| foreword | blossom; grow vigorously; succeed, thrive; prosper <br> "The seeds will soon flourish and provide our eyes with beauty." |
| follower | an introductory remark; introduction; preface <br> "Prefacing his speech, he read a short foreword concerning the author <br> of the book he was reviewing." |
| forenere move back and forth, up and down; to be continually changing |  |
| "Bank interest rates fluctuate from time to time." |  |
| part of the face between the eyebrows and the hairline; the front part of |  |
| anything |  |
| "She was elderly, but her forehead was clear of wrinkles." |  |


| forfeit | to lose, give up, or be deprived of <br> "You forfeit privileges by not registering." |
| :--- | :--- |
| forgetting | fail to recall in the mind; overlooking; omitting <br> "She did not want to hurt anyone by forgetting to mention their names." <br> fractious |
| peevish; irritable <br> "The fractious attitude of some of the participants clouded the <br> otherwise enjoyable event." |  |
| fraudulent | deceitful; based on trickery; intentional deception <br> "The investigation proved the papers to be fraudulent." |
| fuchsia | the fact of occurring often or repeatedly <br> "The credit check took note of the frequency the MasterCharge was <br> used." |
| fuliginous | shrubby plants of the evening primrose family; purplish red color <br> "The fuchsia were in bloom-a riot of pink, white and red color!" |
| furrier | full of smoke or soot <br> "The chimney sweepers' coats had a fuliginous color." |
| gazettes | a dealer in the pelts of animals; person who makes or repairs fur <br> garments <br> "The furrier promised to have my coat ready for me in a week." |
| galleon | large Spanish ship of the 15 <br> "th $/ 16^{\text {th }}$ century <br> "The galleon had four decks at the stern." |
| garrison | to jump and skip about in play; frolic <br> "To gambol about the dance floor is to have a good time." |
| "In England, publications containing announcements or bulletins are |  |
| called 'gazettes'." |  |


| generally | to or by most people; popularly; extensively; usually "It is generally thought that the changing to daylight savings time is a good thing." |
| :---: | :---: |
| generic | that is not a trademark <br> "The generic product was cheaper than the brand name product." |
| genuine | purebred; not counterfeit or artificial; real; true "The jeweler confirmed that the stone was a genuine emerald." |
| ghastly | horrible; frightful; ghostlike; very bad or unpleasant "There was a ghastly smile on the dead man's face." |
| gimlet | a small boring tool with a handle at right angles to a shaft having at the other end a spiral, pointed cutting edge "The district attorney's gimlet eyes bored through witnesses like a power drill." |
| giraffe | large cud-chewing animals of Africa with very long necks and legs "The giraffe often reaches a height of 18 feet." |
| gladiolus | any of the genus of plants of the iris family; a flower "The garden was filled with gladiolus of many colors." |
| glossary | foreign terms, definitions, translations, included in alphabetical listings at the end of a textbook <br> "We really appreciated the glossary because some of the words were difficult and unknown to us." |
| gnash | to grind or strike together, as in anger or pain "He began to gnash his teeth as the dentist drilled." |
| gorgeous | brilliantly colored; magnificent; beautiful; wonderful "She wore a gorgeous necklace of matched pearls." |
| government | exercise of authority over a state, district, country, etc.; the executive or administrative branch <br> "Our government is constituted by the political coalition in power." |
| grammatical | conforming to the prescribed rules of grammar "His essay was concise and grammatical." |
| grandiloquent | using high-flown, pompous, bombastic words and expressions "His grandiloquent speech caused many individuals to have second thoughts about his sincerity." |


| gratify | give pleasure or satisfaction to; indulge <br> "I had to gratify my longing for a sweet with one piece of cake." |
| :---: | :---: |
| grievance | circumstance thought to be unjust; resentment or complaint "Many thought she had reason for her grievance." |
| grizzled | gray, or streaked with gray; having gray hair or whiskers "The only signs of age seemed to be his grizzled hair." |
| grueling | extremely trying; exhausting; harsh treatment "To some, working in the mine seemed a grueling punishment." |
| guileless | candid, frank; open <br> "His guileless smile made instant friendships." |
| gymnasium | room equipped for physical training and games of sport "In the gymnasium, the stands were filled with cheering fans." |
| habilitate | clothe, equip, outfit; education or train mentally or physically handicapped <br> "Teachers were needed to habilitate the mentally ill patients." |
| handkerchief | small piece of cloth, usually rectangular, for wiping the nose, eyes or face; cloth carried or worn for ornament <br> "Her handkerchief was edged with fine lace." |
| handwriting | writing done by hand with pen, pencil, chalk, etc., a style of forming letters <br> "The handwriting on the old letter was faded and hard to read." |
| happening | occurrence; incident; event <br> "That happening on stage brought a spontaneous burst of applause." |
| harmonize | to be in accord; agree; pleasing arrangement of singing "She brought golden chrysanthemums to harmonize with the brown, orange and white decorations." |
| hazardous | involving chance; risky; dangerous <br> "They loved mountain climbing even though they knew it to be hazardous." |
| heartily | friendly, sincere, cordial way; with zest, enthusiasm "He laughed heartily, thoroughly enjoying the play." |


| hegemony | leadership or dominance, especially that of one state or nation over others <br> "The Chinese say the Soviets are establishing military hegemony over the free world." |
| :---: | :---: |
| helicopter | kind of aircraft lifted vertically and moved horizontally in any direction, or kept hovering by large motor driven rotary blades <br> "The police helicopter is a crime deterrent." |
| hemorrhage | heavy bleeding <br> "Jim had a bad hemorrhage in his arm after the auto accident." |
| heroism | quality of brave action; nobility; valor <br> "His heroism in rescuing the child from the water was recognized." |
| hexagon | six cornered; plane figure with six sides and six angles <br> "The playground was laid out as a hexagon, using all available space." |
| hibernate | to spend the winter in a dormant state <br> "Bears hibernate in dens and caves or hollow trees for the winter." |
| hilarity | noisy merriment; boisterous gaiety <br> "Smiling ourselves, we listened to the hilarity from the party next door." |
| historical | concerned with history as a science; based on people or events of the past <br> "At the library, he almost always chose historical literature." |
| honesty | refraining from lying, cheating or stealing; being truthful <br> "Her glowing references from former employers proved her honesty." |
| horrible | terrible, dreadful; frightful; very bad; ugly "I had a horrible feeling I would be late and miss my train." |
| hospitable | friendly, kind and solicitous toward guests; favoring comfort of new arrivals; receptive or open to new ideas "Southern people are said to be most hospitable even to strangers." |
| hubbub | confused sound of many voices; uproar; tumult "The hubbub ceased as the chairman's gavel was heard." |
| humanity | human; human characteristics or nature; mankind; people <br> "Humanity everywhere does not always have the same kindness or sympathy." |


| humorous | funny; amusing; comical "His speech was humorous as well as interesting." |
| :---: | :---: |
| hurricane | violent tropical cyclone with winds moving at 73 or more miles per hour "A hurricane is often accompanied by torrential rains." |
| hurried | to act more rapidly; rushed or rushing; hasty "They hurried away from the scene of the accident." |
| hybrid | anything of mixed origin, unlike parts <br> "Rock and roll is a hybrid of blues and jazz." |
| hydrophyte | a plant growing only in water or very wet earth "Each hydrophyte was a different color." |
| hygiene | science of health and its maintenance; sanitary practices; cleanness <br> "We are taught hygiene for the preservation of health and prevention of disease." |
| hymeneal | a wedding song <br> "The song, 'ALWAYS' has become a hymeneal solo for people who sing at weddings." |
| hypochondriac | a person who has hypochondria <br> "The hypochondriac made his tenth visit to the hospital in ten days." |
| hypocrisy | a pretending to be what one is not, or to feel what one does not feel "The senator showed his hypocrisy by saying he was for the bill and then voting against it." |
| identify | show to being the thing or person known or thought to be claimed "To cash a check, one must be able to identify oneself." |
| ideology | the doctrines, opinions, or way of thinking of an individual class, etc. "Democracy is the American ideology." |
| idiosyncrasy | personal peculiarity or mannerism <br> "It was her idiosyncrasy to wear earmuffs in warm weather." |
| idolize | to love or adore exceedingly; to worship "He appeared to idolize his only child." |
| ignominy | shame and dishonor <br> "What he did brought ignominy to his friends and family." |
| ignorant | having little knowledge; inexperienced; uneducated "They were ignorant of the facts of the case and could not judge." |


| illicit | not allowed by law; prohibited; unauthorized <br> "They plotted together at an illicit meeting." |
| :--- | :--- |
| illuminate | light up; make clear; to brighten; elucidate <br> "They strung more lights to illuminate the pool area." |
| illustrate | make clear by examples; to furnish with explanatory drawings, pictures <br> "The architect made a drawing to illustrate his concept." |
| imaginary | fanciful; unreal; visionary <br> "Being an only child, he created an imaginary playmate."" |
| immature | not ripe; not completely grown or developed incomplete <br> "The oranges are immature and will not be fully ripe until January." |
| immediate | having nothing coming between; in direct contact; not separated <br> "All of her immediate family were present at her graduation." |
| immigrant | person coming into a new country, region or environment to settle there <br> "Because of his immigrant status, he could not vote." |
| immunity | resistance to disease; projection against disease <br> "Having a childhood disease does not always develop an immunity to <br> it." |
| imperturbable | deadlock <br> "Russia and the United States reached an impasse in their <br> negotiations." |
| impasse | annoyance because of delay; restless eagerness to go or do <br> "She sat tapping her foot with impatience for the delay." |
| impat cannot be disconcerted, disturbed, or excited; impassive |  |
| "The imperturbable cat sat in the midst of the moving." |  |$|$| "The impertinent child must be taught some manners." |
| :--- |
| having no money |
| "I am sorry to announce that the school board is in an impecunious |
| situation as a result of Proposition 13." |


| implement | any article or device used or needed for a given activity; fulfill <br> "The hammer and the saw are needed by the carpenter to implement <br> his job." |
| :--- | :--- |
| importance | significance; a matter of consequence <br> "Protocol is largely a matter of importance." |
| impression | mark or imprint made by physical pressure; a vague notion <br> "Our footprints made an impression in the sand." |
| impulsive | sudden inclination to act; acting spontaneously <br> "She greeted them with an impulsive friendliness." |
| inaccurate | not correct; not exact; in error <br> "The statement in the paper was an inaccurate quote." |
| incandescence | white hot <br> "The metal was heated to a state of incandescence." |
| incident | likely to happen as a result; happening; occurrence <br> "This incident may bring serious results." |
| included | enclosed; contained; involved <br> "The use of the pool was included with the rental of the apartment." |
| indefinite | lacking harmony or agreement <br> "Hiking boots were incongruous to the wet suit outfit." |
| incongruous | that cannot be corrected, improved, or reformed <br> "They held out little hope for the prisoner because he was <br> incorrigible." |
| incorrigible | not precise or clear in meaning; vague; blurred; uncertain <br> "An indefinite amount of money was to be spent." |
| unbelievable; seemingly impossible |  |
| "His recovery was so swift it seemed incredible." |  |


| independent | free from control; self-governing; self-reliant "She was independent in her thinking." |
| :---: | :---: |
| indicate | direct attention; to point out; declare "The compass will always indicate which way is north." |
| indirect | not straight; deviating; not fair and open; secondary "The path was easily followed but seemed long and indirect." |
| indiscreet | lacking prudence; unwise; careless "She was indiscreet in going shopping during school hours." |
| individual | existing as a single separate thing or being; particular; unique "The individual was distinguished from others by special characteristics." |
| indomitable | not easily discouraged <br> "Even after three attempts, the new skier was indomitable." |
| inducement | motive; incentive; persuasion "As an inducement for entering into the contract, she would receive a percentage of sales." |
| indurate | to make callous, unfeeling, or stubborn "The country's leaders developed an indurate attitude toward the citizens." |
| industrial | productive manufacturing; connected with habitual employment "Small factories, shops, business offices, etc. were all in this industrial area of the city." |
| inertia | a tendency to remain in a fixed condition without change "The nation was declining due to inertia." |
| infatuated | lacking sound judgment; foolish "He was infatuated by the John Wayne movie and decided to become a cowboy." |
| inferior | lower in space, in order, status, quality, etc. "The new apartment was inferior to our last one." |
| infirmity | feebleness; weakness; frailty or ailment; defect We realized his infirmity kept him a captive of a wheelchair." |
| infraction | a breaking of a law, pact; violation; infringement "He was guilty of the infraction, because he did not wear a seat belt." |


| inimical | unfriendly; hostile <br> "The inimical participants at the rally prevented the audience from <br> having fun." |
| :--- | :--- |
| initiate | introduce; start; to admit a new member <br> "The teacher will initiate the students by teaching them the <br> fundamentals." |
| innovation | something newly introduced <br> "Americans are always interested in innovation." |
| inordinate | lacking restraint or moderation <br> "The press and public took an inordinate interest in everything he did." |
| inquiry | question; query; an investigation or examination <br> "The new neighbor made inquiry of several householders concerning <br> the customs of the neighborhood." |
| insatiable | constantly wanting more; that cannot be satisfied or appeased <br> "After two banana splits, we knew he had an insatiable appetite." |
| inscrutable | that cannot be easily understood <br> "Charley Chan was often inscrutable." |
| invisible | sly hint or suggestion <br> "Your insinuation of unfairness on my part is unjust." |
| insuation | on the inside; inner; away from the coast; border or frontier <br> "The apple looked ripe, but the interior was green and hard." |
| intermittent | stopping and starting again at intervals; periodic <br> "The mountains were invisible because of the heavy fog." <br> "Heavy traffic forced us into intermittent driving." |
| intrepid | "The salesman intended to inveigle me into buying the car." |
| in, or directly into, a vein or veins |  |
| "The doctor prescribed intravenous feeding for the patient." |  |


| irascible | easily angered; quick-tempered "The irascible old man is constantly picking fights." |
| :---: | :---: |
| iridescent | having or showing shifting changes in color or an interplay of rainbowlike colors, as when seen from different angles <br> "The iridescent gemstone glowed with warm colors in the lamplight." |
| irregular | not conforming to established rule, method, standards; not uniform "The sheets were irregular; and, therefore, they were marked down in price." |
| irreparable | not reparable; that cannot be repaired, mended, remedied "If the condors disappear, that will be an irreparable loss." |
| isthmus | a neck; a narrow passage; narrow strip of land, having water at each side and connecting two larger bodies of land "The Isthmus of Panama connects Central America and South America." |
| jettison | throwing overboard goods to lighten a ship or airplane in an emergency "The pilot ordered the crew to jettison some of the cargo because he had to conserve fuel." |
| judicious | having, applying, or showing sound judgment; wise and careful "The judicious driver stopped at the crosswalk." |
| kohlrabi | a garden vegetable related to the cabbage: the edible part is a bulbous portion of the stem just above the ground <br> "The kohlrabi grew very well in the fertile soil." |
| lackadaisical | listless; languid <br> "Tom was lackadaisical in the hot, humid weather." |
| lagging | falling behind; not keeping up; loitering; lingering "During the race, he was usually lagging far behind." |
| languid | sluggish <br> "She was a languid person, lacking force and quickness." |
| languish | to lose vigor or vitality "Without regular exercise, the body will languish." |
| larghetto | relatively slow, but faster than largo <br> "The section of the sonata must be played larghetto." |
| lassitude | state of being weary; tired and listless <br> "The dry desert heat caused a feeling of lassitude in all of us." |


| laureate | worthy of honor; distinguished; pre-eminent, especially among poets <br> "Rudyard Kipling was a poet laureate of England." |
| :--- | :--- |
| lavaliere | an ornament hanging from a chain, worn around the neck <br> "She wore the lavaliere on a chain around her neck." |
| legation | a diplomatic minister and his staff collectively, representing his <br> government in a foreign country <br> "The French legation provided travel information." |
| leisurely | without haste; deliberate; slow; unhurried <br> "He strolled leisurely along the boardwalk." |
| liaison | a linking up or connecting of the parts of the whole <br> "The negotiator acted as a liaison between players and management." |
| library | room or building where a book collection is kept for reading or <br> reference; a collection of books, periodicals, musical scores, etc. <br> "The library was extensive, but we could not find some references we <br> needed in this small town." |
| literally | exactly; not imaginatively; actually in fact <br> "The house literally burned to the ground." |
| lobbyist | representative of a special interest group trying to influence the <br> introduction of or voting on legislation <br> "He was a lobbyist for the oil companies." |
| malleable | capable of being changed, molded, trained, etc. <br> "Tin is a very malleable metal." |
| luming for lulling baby to sleep; cradle song; music for this |  |
| "The lullaby she sang was soothing and haunting in memory." |  |


| mallet | hammer with heavy wooden head and short handle; long-handled hammer with cylindrical wooden head used in playing croquet "Using the croquet mallet, he knocked the ball through the hoop." |
| :---: | :---: |
| maneuver | any movement or procedure intended as a skillful or shrewd step toward some objective <br> "The large ship's maneuver brought it closer to port." |
| mangy | shabby and filthy; sordid; squalid <br> "They drove through a mangy neighborhood of dilapidated row houses." |
| manifest | make clear or evident; itemized list of cargo or bill of lading "The manifest showed a number of things they had not expected." |
| mapped | drawing charted or arranged on a flat surface; survey or explore "Their journey was mapped for them on a detailed chart." |
| marriage | wedlock; matrimony; wedding <br> "All the arrangements at the church for the marriage were complete." |
| marshmallow | confection or candy made from sugar, starch, corn syrup and gelatin "Marshmallow candy was not my favorite." |
| matted | closely tangled together in a dense mass "The farmer's blond hair was matted with hayseed." |
| maudlin | foolishly and tearfully or weakly sentimental "Their maudlin sympathy angered me." |
| maximize | to increase to the maximum; raise to the highest possible degree; enlarge, intensify <br> "Companies are trying to maximize profits." |
| meaningful | having significance or purpose "He gave a meaningful nod, letting me know he was ready to leave." |
| meddlesome | interfering; mixing in affairs without being asked "Her meddlesome ways made no friends for her." |
| mellifluous | sounding sweet and smooth; honeyed "She was possessed of a mellifluous voice." |
| merriment | gaiety; fun; mirth; something that amuses or entertains "The clowns brought much merriment to the small children." |


| messenger | one who carries or delivers; forerunner; harbinger <br> "John acted the role of the messenger in the play." |
| :--- | :--- |
| metallic | having the nature of metal; containing or producing metal <br> "The new car was a bright, metallic green." |
| metamorphosis | change of form, shape, structure, or substance <br> "The metamorphosis of a caterpillar into a butterfly is one of nature's <br> miracles." |
| miasma | an unwholesome or befogging atmosphere, influence <br> "The miasma created by the factories was unhealthy." |
| miscreant | an evil person; criminal; villain <br> "The miscreant was imprisoned for stealing." |
| middling | medium quality or size; moderately good or well <br> "The stock was below usual quality, only fair to middling." |
| minimum | smallest possible quantity, number or degree; lowest point <br> "The minimum number for the committee was five." |
| mnemonic | helping, or meant to help, the memory <br> "The computer is a great mnemonic development." |
| mutter | thick, dark brown syrup produced during the refining of sugar <br> "We enjoyed the newly baked bread spread with molasses." |
| mugilage | low, indistinct tone; to complain or grumble <br> "He scowled and began to mutter to the person next to him." |
| mongalog, skit, or recitation for one actor only |  |
| "The guest artist at the testimonial dinner gave a very humorous |  |
| monologue." |  |


| muumuu | a full, long, loose garment for women, usually worn by Hawaiians "In Hawaii, she bought a beautiful, brightly printed muumuu." |
| :---: | :---: |
| mystify | to puzzle or perplex <br> "When they don't see the radio, the sound will mystify them." |
| narrative | in story form; a story, account, tale <br> "Between the scenes of the play, one student read narrative passages." |
| necessary | essential; indispensable; mandatory "The increase in dues made it necessary for us to amend the bylaws." |
| neither | not one or the other; no one <br> "Neither of the two cousins was invited to attend." |
| nineteen | nine more than ten <br> "Nineteen guests attended the dinner." |
| nominee | candidate for election; one chosen or appointed <br> "There were several candidates on the ballot, but only one nominee for the office treasurer." |
| normally | naturally; usually; ordinarily <br> "We could normally expect a full day's work during the summer." |
| novelette | short fictional story <br> "The novelette was made into a movie script." |
| numismatist | coin collector <br> "The woman was a well-known numismatist." |
| oasis | fertile place in the desert; welcome relief from difficulty <br> "The oasis had a good water well and was fringed with welcome shade." |
| obsession | persistent idea, desire, emotion <br> "He had an obsession about spending money." |
| occasion | fact or event making something possible; happening; occurrence "A chance meeting was the occasion of the renewal of their friendship." |
| occurrence | happening; event; something that takes place <br> "The second occurrence of the conference will not be until next year." |
| offering | gift or contribution; theatrical presentation <br> "She was offering to donate a bouquet of flowers for the table." |


| official | holding position of authority; authorized <br> "The umpire was the official supervising the athletic contest." |
| :--- | :--- |
| ogle | to stare at boldly in an impertinent, provocative way <br> "The variety of cookies in the bakery window caused the children to <br> ogle them." |
| oligarchy | a form of government in which the ruling power belongs to a few <br> persons <br> "Political office was restricted to those who knew a member of the <br> oligarchy." |
| omission | failure to include; left out; failure to do as one should <br> "The omission of the word changed the context of the sentence." |
| omniscient | having infinite knowledge <br> "Goethe was omniscient in his era." |
| onomatopoeia | formation of a word by imitating the natural sound associated with the <br> object or action involved <br> "He used onomatopoeia to create sounds in his poetry." |
| opaque | not letting light pass through; not transparent or translucent <br> "The window shade was opaque, emitting no light at all." |
| paramount | person against one; adversary <br> "The candidate's opponent waged a clean campaign." |
| ostracize | very wealthy or rich <br> "The car's interior was opulent." |
| opulent | ranking higher than any other, as in power or importance; chief; <br> supreme <br> "The paramount goal was to save the Union." <br> a mountain nymph <br> "She glided through the misty forest like an oread." |
| "Fern Avenue and Cypress Avenue run parallel to each other." |  |


| paraphernalia | personal belongings; articles used in a particular activity <br> "Bring along your fishing paraphernalia when we go camping next <br> week." |
| :--- | :--- |
| parody | a poor or weak imitation <br> "The play was a parody of the Broadway hit." |
| parsimonious | miserly <br> "Scrooge was a parsimonious man." |
| passable | can be circulated as genuine; can be traveled, crossed over; adequate <br> "The mountain road was winding and narrow but looked passable." <br> pedagogue <br> a teacher <br> "Only a great pedagogue could have taught that complex course." |
| peppery | highly seasoned; sharp or fiery in speech; irritable <br> "The dip was peppery but really delicious." |
| perceptive | able to perceive quickly and easily <br> "The driver was perceptive and avoided the accident." |
| perennial | lasting or continuing for a long time <br> "Billie Jean King was a perennial champion." |
| perforate | to make a hole or holes through, as by punching or boring; pierce <br> "You must perforate the ballot to record your selections." |
| permerative | disparaging or derogatory <br> "Her pejorative comment discouraged me from trying." |
| pernicious | light, frivolous or flippant style of writing or speaking <br> "Comedians commonly use persiflage in their acts." |
| that which can be permeated |  |
| "The skin is a semi-permeable membrane." |  |


| persuade | urge to do something; to convince <br> "It was not easy to persuade him to go with the crowd." |
| :--- | :--- |
| pertinent | having a connection with; to the point; relevant <br> "We thought the action was pertinent for the results we desired." |
| phenomenal | highly remarkable <br> "Abraham Lincoln had a phenomenal memory." |
| phenomenon | any extremely unusual or extraordinary thing or occurrence <br> "Haley's Comet is a phenomenon to remember." |
| phlegm | thick, stringy mucus discharged from the throat, as during a cold <br> "The mixture of honey and lemon helped to rid his throat of phlegm." |
| pinion | to confine or shackle <br> "The police threatened to pinion the suspect." |
| pittance | small amount or share, such as money <br> "The pittance received for his labor was not enough to live on." |
| pixilated | eccentric, daft, whimsical, puckish <br> "Walt Disney's pixilated characters entertain everyone." |
| plagiarize | to take (ideas, writings, etc.) from (another) and pass them off as one's <br> own <br> "The teacher told the class not to plagiarize any work."" |
| plateriscite | a commonplace or trite remark, especially one uttered as if it were fresh <br> or original <br> "An original remark when repeated over and over again may become a <br> platitude." |
| plebeian | large, shallow dish for serving food <br> "We needed the largest platter for the turkey." <br> a direct vote by the entire people to accept or refuse the measure or <br> program <br> government." |
| seemingly true; seemingly honest, trustworthy, etc. |  |
| "The story he gave us sounded plausible." |  |


| plenary | for attendance by all members <br> "The plenary session of the association was called to order by the <br> president." |
| :--- | :--- |
| plentiful | sufficient or more than enough; abundant <br> "At the picnic, food was plentiful and delicious." |
| plurally | several; more than one <br> "So many songs were played plurally that it was difficult to hear when <br> one ended and the other began." |
| poinsettia | Mexican and Central American plant with yellow flowers surrounded by <br> tapering red leaves resembling petals <br> "The name of the poinsettia plant is often mispronounced." |
| polarize | to separate into diametrically opposed, often antagonistic, groups, <br> viewpoints <br> "The new housing development will polarize the community." |
| possibility | quality or condition of being done, known or acquired <br> "There is a possibility that our next trip will be to Disneyland."" |
| potpourri | a medley, miscellany, or anthology <br> "A mixture of various meats and vegetables is called a potpourri." |
| prestigious | place where earthenware is made; ceramics, pots, etc. made of clay <br> "The pottery is not ready for use until hardened by heat." |
| precursor | in a workable way; almost; nearly <br> "He had practically finished all the tasks he had been given." |
| premiere | "The prestigious writer had a great following." <br> having or imparting prestige or distinction <br> "ta cause to happen before expected <br> "The jolt may precipitate an explosion." |
| "The lawyer will premise his client's defense on temporary insanity." |  |
| a person or thing that goes before |  |
| "Elvis was the precursor of rock and roll." |  |


| pretense | false claim or profession <br> "His pretense to the inheritance was exposed." |
| :--- | :--- |
| prevision | foresight or foreknowledge <br> "Facing the downpour, she was thankful for her prevision to bring an <br> umbrella." |
| privilege | a right, advantage, favor or immunity granted to one; option to buy or <br> sell <br> "That privilege is held by only a certain group." |
| procession | orderly parade moving forward; in an orderly formal way <br> "The elephants moved in procession - trunk to tail." |
| prodigy | a person, think or act so extraordinary as to inspire wonder <br> "Mozart was a child prodigy." |
| profession | vocation or occupation requiring advanced education or training <br> "The profession of medicine involves intellectual skills as well as <br> education." |
| profligate | extremely wasteful; recklessly extravagant <br> "The profligate spender was soon penniless." |
| progeny | children, descendants, or offspring collectively <br> "The old man's progeny gathered at his home to celebrate." |
| proliferate | to multiply rapidly <br> "As nuclear weapons proliferate, we are all concerned." |
| propitiate | appease or conciliate <br> "His action will propitiate the striking union members." |
| designating or of a physical disorder of the body originating in or |  |
| aggravated by the psychic or emotional processes of the individual |  |
| "The psychosomatic patient was receiving therapy for his emotional |  |


| publicly | open to all; commonly known or observed <br> "It was publicly announced that there would be a merger of the companies." |
| :---: | :---: |
| pursuit | try to overtake or catch; an occupation, career to which one devotes time and energy; striving for <br> "The pursuit of her career left little time for a social life." |
| qualms | sudden brief feelings of sickness, faintness, nausea; feelings of doubt "He had qualms about having cheated on the test." |
| quarrel | cause for dispute or disagreement; to find fault; complain heatedly "A quarrel can break up friendly relations." |
| quasi | having a likeness to something; resembling "The quasi scholar carried many books, but never read them." |
| questionnaire | form used for gathering information; set of questions "The questionnaire was lengthy but fun to do." |
| quixotic | extravagantly chivalrous or romantically idealistic <br> "Patrolling the streets with knights in white armor is the quixotic method of solving crime." |
| raillery | light, good-natured ridicule or satire "Sir Winston Churchill's raillery often provoked laughter." |
| rapport | relationship, esp. a close one; agreement; harmony "She and her sister enjoyed a friendly rapport." |
| rapscallion | a rascal; rogue <br> "The rapscallion ran off with the money." |
| rasher | a thin slice of bacon or, rarely, ham, for frying or broiling "A greasy rasher popped and sizzled in the pan." |
| ratiocinate | to reason logically and methodically "Fred needed to ratiocinate in order to win the debate." |
| really | in fact; actually; truly or genuinely "They did not really understand the danger involved." |
| rebellion | act or state of armed resistance; defiance of authority "The rebellion was well armed and organized." |
| receipt | written acknowledgement; to mark paid "The receipt showed the invoice had been paid in full." |


| receptacle | container; vessel to hold something "The antique hall stand had a metal receptacle for wet umbrellas." |
| :---: | :---: |
| recipe | a list of ingredients and directions for preparing a dish; procedure "The recipe for carrot cake was one of her grandmother's favorites." |
| reclamation | reclaiming or being reclaimed <br> "The reclamation program for the eroded land was successful." |
| reconnaissance | an exploratory survey or examination <br> "The corporal led a special squad on a reconnaissance mission." |
| recycle | to use and reuse again and again "We save a lot of items to take to the recycle collection stations." |
| redolence | the quality or state of being redolent, fragrant, aromatic "I liked the redolence of the pine boughs." |
| regenerate | renewed or restored <br> "The award will regenerate her dedication to practice." |
| rejuvenate | to make seem fresh or new again "A long vacation will rejuvenate him." |
| relegate | to refer, commit, or hand over for decision, action "The director will relegate the problem to the committee." |
| relieve | lessen pressure; lighten or reduce pain; free or send help "They played games to relieve the monotony of the trip." |
| reminisce | to think, talk or write about remembered events or experiences "We sat at the table to reminisce about our childhood experiences." |
| repartee | a quick, witty reply <br> "The first rule of repartee is better never than late." |
| repatriate | to send back or return to the country of birth, citizenship, or allegiance "We hope they will repatriate our prisoners of war." |
| repellent | pushing away or driving back; able to resist absorption of water "We applied the solution to the garment to make it water repellent." |
| repertoire | the stock of special skills, devices, techniques of a particular person or particular field of endeavor <br> "The ball player's repertoire was amazing." |


| replicate | to repeat or duplicate <br> "The scientist will try to replicate the experiment." |
| :--- | :--- |
| repository | a box, chest, closet, or room in which things may be placed for safe <br> keeping <br> "The jewels were missing from the repository." |
| repossess | reclaim; get back <br> "The buyer failed to make payment, so the furniture was available for <br> the seller to repossess." |
| reprehensible | deserving to be reprehended <br> "Assassination is a reprehensible crime." |
| rescind | to revoke, repeal, or cancel <br> "The officers of the company will rescind the ruling." |
| resilient | recovering strength, spirits, good humor, etc., quickly; buoyant <br> "The American people are very resilient; they bounce back no matter <br> what happens." |
| resistance | act of opposing, withstanding; ability to ward off disease <br> "It is hoped that flu shots will increase our resistance to colds." |
| resonance | the sound produced in the percussion of some part of the body, <br> especially of the chest. <br> "The deep resonance of his voice was his radio trademark." |
| revolving | obligation; accountability; dependability <br> "Getting her homework in was her responsibility." |
| responsibility | circling around; regularly replenished as a charge account <br> "The revolving door is used to keep out drafts of air." <br> a making good for loss or damage <br> "The settlement was a fair restitution for the accident." |
| reveactive | to return like for like <br> "The government plans to retaliate for the terrorism."" <br> a dreamy, fanciful, or visionary notion or daydream <br> "Her reverie was broken by his loud arrival." <br> "The retroactive pay increase was appreciated by all of the workers." |
| reving application to or effect on things prior to its enactment |  |


| rheostat | a device for varying the resistance of an electric circuit without <br> interrupting the circuit <br> "A light dimmer is a rheostat." |
| :--- | :--- |
| rhythm | flow or apparent movement in a work of art, literature, drama, etc., <br> through patterns in the timing, spacing, repetition, accenting, etc., of the <br> elements <br> "The rhythm of the story kept our attention."" |
| righteous | just, upright manner of acting; morally justifiable <br> "The minister stormed in righteous anger from the pulpit." |
| rigmarole | a foolishly involved, fussy, or time-wasting procedure <br> "Registration for school is full of rigmarole." |
| rosette | ornament made of ribbons gathered in the shape of a rose <br> "He wore a rosette in the buttonhole of his lapel." |
| rubbery | elastic; toughness <br> "The weight of the parcel caused the rubbery plastic to break loose." |
| ruckus | noisy confusion; uproar; row; disturbance <br> "The ruckus on campus quickly ended." |
| rudiment | a first principle, element, or fundamental, as of a subject to be learned <br> "One rudiment of singing is proper breathing." |
| scarcity | very sacred, holy, or inviolable <br> "The congregation felt the church was sacrosanct." |
| sapaguinary | noticeable; conspicuous <br> "Major Richard outlined briefly the salient feature of the new recruiting <br> plan." |
| "During the hot spell of summer, we had a scarcity of water." |  |


| scathing | searing; withering; harsh or caustic <br> "The Prince of Wales launched a scathing attack on British <br> industrialists." |
| :--- | :--- |
| schism | a split or division in an organized group or society <br> "The selection of a new minister caused a schism in the church." |
| schooner | a ship with two or more masts rigged fore and aft <br> "The schooner stood well out in the bay but was easily seen." |
| scintilla | a particle; the least trace: used only figuratively <br> "Wild charges flourished without a scintilla of evidence." |
| sciolism | superficial knowledge <br> "His sciolism was in keeping with his character as a charlatan." |
| scissors | a cutting instrument; having two blades which work against each other <br> "The scissors used by the kindergarteners have blunt ends." |
| scrimmage | rough and tumble fight; confused struggle; football play <br> "The two teams lined up to take part in the scrimmage." |
| scrumptious | very pleasing, attractive esp. to the taste; delicious <br> "Not a crumb of the scrumptious cake was left." |
| serene | the condition of being concealed; kept secluded <br> "Everyone involved in the secrecy of the surprise party did his part." |
| seraglio | not disturbed or troubled <br> "The serene lake did not have a ripple on the surface." |
| semaphore | an apparatus or system for signaling <br> "The Navy often uses a semaphore system to send messages between <br> ships at sea." |
| "the palace of a Turkish sultan |  |
| sequel | easily perceived or noticed; intellectually aware; reasonable <br> "They were understanding and sensible parents." |
| "Will there be a sequel to the movie? |  |
| "Many thousands of pilgrims visited the sepulcher of Saint Thomas |  |
| Becket." |  |


| serviette | a table napkin <br> "A serviette depicting Christmas scenes was at everyone's place." |
| :--- | :--- |
| shibboleth | any phrase, custom, etc., distinctive of a particular party, class, etc. <br> "The Piedmont accent along the east coast is the shibboleth of the <br> landed gentry." |
| shimmer | shine with unsteady light; glimmer <br> "The reflection from waves made the dim light shimmer." |
| shrubbery | place of low-growing, woody plantings <br> "We lost the ball when it went into the shrubbery." |
| silhouette | an outline of a figure, garment, etc. <br> "Jean's face was a silhouette against the screen." |
| silverware | tableware made of or coated with silver <br> "The silverware showed clearly the care taken to polish it."" |
| similar | nearly but not exactly the same; resemblance <br> "Our new shoes were similar." |
| skimmer | that which is used to remove floating matter from a liquid <br> "We had to buy a new net for the pool skimmer." |
| sleeveless | having no sleeves; nothing over the arms <br> "She wore a sleeveless sweater called a vest." |
| smidgen | a small amount; a bit <br> "A smidgen of pepper should be added next." |
| solicitor | one who seeks contributions or trade <br> "He came to the door as a solicitor for the Heart Fund." |
| either of two points on the sun's ecliptic at which it is farthest north or |  |
| south of the equator |  |
| "In the northern hemisphere, the winter solstice comes just before |  |
| Christmas." |  |
| "The parents were solicitous about the child's health." drowsy |  |
| "The somnolent truck driver stopped for coffee." |  |$|$| showing care, attention, or concern |
| :--- |


| sophomoric | of, like, or characteristic of a sophomore or sophomores, often regarded <br> as self-assured, opinionated, though immature <br> "The sophomoric antics of our government were exposed." |
| :--- | :--- |
| spanning | to extend, reach or cross over, etc. <br> "The bridge spanning the mighty river was teeming with traffic." |
| spasmodic | having an involuntary contraction, temporarily or intermittently <br> "She had a spasmodic tic in her right eyelid." |
| spectroscopy | the use of the spectroscope to study optics <br> "The study of optics is aided by spectroscopy." |
| speechless | unable to talk; silent, as from shock <br> "The sight of the Grand Canyon made him temporarily speechless." |
| splutter | making hissing sounds; speak hurriedly; utter sounds of confusion <br> "Being excited or embarrassed caused her to splutter." |
| spoonfuls | as much as a spoon will hold <br> "The plates were filled by heaping spoonfuls." |
| spotter | person or thing that removes stains; watcher for aircraft <br> "In the dry cleaning shop, he had a position as a spotter." |
| spume | foam, froth, or scum <br> "The water will spume out of the pipe indicating a soapy condition." |
| strictly | established rule; legislation passed <br> "The statute was passed by the state legislative body." |
| stymie | favorable planning; maneuvering advantageously <br> "Winning at chess consists of strategic moves." |
| "His donation of \$5000 was substantive." |  |


| succinct | clearly and briefly stated <br> "The commander's orders to his men were succinct." |
| :---: | :---: |
| succumb | give away to; yield or submit <br> "We expected him to succumb to persuasion." |
| superfluous | not needed, unnecessary, irrelevant <br> "I have cut down every superfluous expense." |
| superintendent | person in charge; supervisor, custodian "The superintendent was found to be honest and trustworthy." |
| supervisor | manager; director <br> "The supervisor is in charge of the courses and the teachers." |
| surreptitious | acting in a secret, stealthy way <br> "The conspirators held a surreptitious meeting." |
| surveillance | supervision or inspection <br> "The police kept the prisoners under constant surveillance." |
| sycophant | a person who seeks favor by flattering people of wealth or influence "A sycophant will try to attach himself to a celebrity." |
| syllepsis | a grammatical construction <br> "A syllepsis is used to modify two or more words in the same sentence." |
| sympathize | to share or understand another's feelings; express pity "They could sympathize with their neighbors who had been robbed." |
| synthesis | the putting together of parts or elements so as to form a whole "A good composition is the synthesis of many skills." |
| syzygy | either of two opposing points in the orbit of a heavenly body at which it is in conjunction to or in opposition to the sun "We studied the condition of syzygy in astronomy." |
| technical | technical arts or applied sciences; the practical arts "Only a technical expert would be aware of the meaning of those terms." |
| tenacious | persistent, stubborn <br> "He had tenacious courage as he faced the endless pile of papers on his desk." |
| tenuous | not substantial, slight, flimsy <br> "The tenuous bridge was washed away in the storm." |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { therapeutic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { serving to cure or heal; curative } \\ \text { "The therapeutic treatment hastened his recovery." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { tranquilizer } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a person or thing that tranquilizes } \\ \text { "The doctor gave his nervous patient a tranquilizer." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { transition } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a passing from one condition, form, stage, activity, place to another } \\ \text { "The transition from fall to winter was marked by a storm." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { transmission } & \begin{array}{l}\text { something transmitted } \\ \text { "The radio transmission was received in Brazil." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { unctuous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { oily or greasy } \\ \text { "His manner was unctuous as he tried to talk her out of the car keys." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { unprecedented } & \begin{array}{l}\text { unheard-of; novel } \\ \text { "The president took unprecedented steps toward peace." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { unscathed } & \begin{array}{l}\text { not hurt, uninjured, unharmed } \\ \text { "She was unscathed by their criticism." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { utilitarian } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or having to do with utility; usefulness } \\ \text { "A garbage can is a very utilitarian gift." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { vengeance } & \begin{array}{l}\text { revenge } \\ \text { "The family sought vengeance for the loss."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { visionary } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a green or greenish-blue coating that forms like rust on brass, bronze, or } \\ \text { copper } \\ \text { "The verdigris on the city hall dome must be removed." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { verdigris } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a person whose ideas, plans, are impractical, too idealistic, or fantastic; } \\ \text { dreamer } \\ \text { "The visionary described a utopia that could never exist." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { verisimilitude appearance of being true or real } \\ \text { "The color treatment of black and white movies has a verisimilitude." }\end{array} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { a subjective sensation of dizziness in which an individual feels that he, } \\ \text { or his surrounding, is whirling about sickeningly } \\ \text { "With too much stress, she suffered from vertigo." }\end{array}\right\}$

| wobbly | shaky; trembly <br> "The legs of the table needed strengthening because they were wobbly." |
| :--- | :--- |
| xenophobia | fear or hatred of strangers or foreigners or of anything foreign or strange <br> "Xenophobia limits people from learning about others." |
| xylophone | a musical percussion instrument <br> "The xylophone is an instrument in the percussion family." |
| zealot | a person who is zealous to an extreme degree; fanatic <br> "The zealot was dedicated to the cause." |

## LEVEL III

| aardvark | burrowing African mammal; earth pig <br> "The aardvark feeds on ants and termites and is active at night." |
| :--- | :--- |
| abattoir | to beat down; fell; a slaughterhouse <br> "They built a new abattoir on the outskirts of the city." |
| abecedarian | beginning student; learning the alphabet <br> "The abecedarian in his class had never attended school until now." |
| abeyance | temporary suspension, as of an activity or function <br> "Due to the rain, the rodeo was in abeyance." |
| abhorrence | loathing; detestation; something repugnant <br> "She watched with abhorrence as the snakes were fed live mice." |
| abnegate | deny or refuse; renounce; to give up all claim to <br> "He said he would abnegate all claims to the property." |
| abolitionist | one who favored giving up slavery <br> "He was from the north and a known abolitionist." |
| abreact | to relieve emotion by talking about it <br> "She decided to abreact her feelings by talking to her sister." |
| accusatorial | the coordinate representing the distance of a point from the y-axis <br> measured along a line parallel to the x-axis <br> "The abscissa is the value of all x coordinates." |
| accelerator | spiny or spiny-shaped <br> "The cactus plant is an acanthoid." |
| accessory | "Her friend spoke in an accusatorial tone thinking she was to blame." <br> without instrumental accompaniment <br> "They both sang in the a cappella choir in high school." |
| accumbent | a person or thing that increased the speed of something <br> "A chemical was used as an accelerator in the development of the film." |
| "xtra; additional; helping in a subordinate way |  |
| "He was accused as an accessory to the crime." |  |
| walk." | gardener planted accumbent ivy that spread over the old brick |


| acidulous | somewhat sarcastic <br> "The comedian's stare of acidulous contempt embarrassed the man in <br> the front row." |
| :--- | :--- |
| acme | the highest point <br> "Pitching that no-hitter represented the acme of Lefty's career." |
| acolyte | one who assists in a religious service; follower <br> In the days of the political machine, the party boss and his acolyte ran <br> the city." |
| acquiescent | agreeing or consenting without protest, but without enthusiasm <br> "Most of the class was acquiescent." |
| acuate | having a sharp point <br> "The guard dog bared his murderously acuate teeth." |
| adamant | unyielding <br> "The author's pleas to extend the deadline met with adamant refusal." |
| adiabatic | involving expansion or compression without loss or gain of heat <br> "The compression and power strokes of a gasoline engine are adiabatic <br> processes." |
| agglutinated | the science, art, or work of designing, making, and operating aircraft <br> "He specialized in aeronautics in college, because he was fascinated <br> with flying." |
| affectionately | nervous disorder of airplane pilots caused by the tension of flying <br> "His abdominal pains were suggestive of aeroneurosis." |
| aficionado | devotedly; lovingly; warmly <br> "His daughter patted him affectionately as she left the room." <br> "The blood cells formed an agglutinated mass suspended in the fluid." |
| agape together as with glue; joined by adhesion |  |
| "She willingly signed the affidavit the same day." |  |
| "The ner as with the mouth wide open, in surprise, wonder, etc. |  |
| " a devoted follower of some sport, art, etc. |  |
| "He was a football aficionado." |  |


| aggrieved | offended; wronged; injured in one's legal rights <br> "She felt aggrieved by the treatment she received from her family." |
| :--- | :--- |
| agitated | shaken; perturbed; excited <br> "He was agitated at the extent of the damage the earthquake caused." |
| agitprop | of or for agitating and propagandizing <br> "David was a foreign-trained agitprop who infiltrated the trade <br> unions." |
| agonistic | contesting; combative <br> "A horde of agonistic lawyers stormed the bench." |
| agoraphobia | abnormal fear of crossing, or of being in, open spaces <br> "The psychiatrist sees patients with severe agoraphobia in their homes <br> since they are too fearful to come to her office." |
| aiguille | peak of rock shaped like a needle <br> "The aiguille was so high in the air it could be seen for miles." |
| akimbo | with hands on hip and elbows bent outward <br> "Arms akimbo, the teacher stood waiting for an answer." |
| alacrity | eager willingness or readiness, often manifested by quick, lively action <br> "Tip in hand, the maitre d’ seated the couple with alacrity." |
| alchemy | early form of chemistry; changing something to something better <br> "The chief aim in the study of alchemy in the Middle Ages was to <br> change baser metals into gold and to discover the elixir of perpetual <br> youth." |
| allgae | group of plants having no true root, stem or leaf <br> "Chemicals help to keep algae from growing in the swimming pool."" |
| "Because he suffered from alopecia, he wore a wig." |  |
| "Bent | arrangement in a straight line <br> "He was engineering a ground plan of alignment." |
| another name, usually historical, adopted by an author |  |
| "The writer's allonym was Socrates." |  |


| altruistic | unselfish <br> "Some thought his campaign donations altruistic, others interpreted <br> them as self-serving." |
| :--- | :--- |
| alyssum | plant in the mustard family <br> "We planted sweet alyssum as a border along the walkway." |
| amateur | nonprofessional; one who does something for pleasure rather than for <br> pay <br> "He was a very skilled amateur athlete." |
| amaurosis | partial or total blindness <br> "He walked everywhere through the city though he suffered from <br> amaurosis." |
| ambiance | an environment or its distinct atmosphere <br> "The ambiance of New Orleans is very European." |
| ambulatory | able to walk and not confined to bed <br> "He was ambulatory six weeks after surgery." |
| ameliorate | to make or become better; improve <br> "The children at the orphanage thought the new wing would ameliorate <br> the current conditions." |
| anchorage | pleasant quality; attractiveness <br> "Scarlett O’Hara got what she wanted without forsaking a single <br> amenity of plantation life." |
| amphibious | a purple or violet variety of quartz used for jewelry <br> "The Greeks believed that the amethyst prevented intoxication." |
| amethyst | "We left the ship in secure anchorage at the port." <br> microscopic one-celled animal <br> "The amoeba is found in soil and in water." |
| "an live both on land and in water; can operate or travel on land or on on |  |
| water |  |
| "The seaborne transport made an amphibious landing of troops on |  |
| shore." |  |
| "The anaglyph sometimes seems three dimensional."" |  |


| aneurysm, aneurism | sac formed by local enlargement of the weakened wall of an artery, <br> caused by disease or injury <br> "The doctors had to locate and remove the aneurysm." |
| :--- | :--- |
| anguished | distressed; in great pain; suffering from worry <br> "She showed an anguished, tear-stained face as she lifted her head." |
| annihilate | to bring to nothing; destroy completely <br> "Nuclear war would annihilate the earth." |
| anodyne | relieving or lessening pain; soothing <br> "Though said without feeling, her anodyne words comforted his bruised <br> ego." |
| antediluvian | of or relating to the time before the biblical flood; made or developed a <br> long time ago <br> "Our prospective home is in good condition except for an antediluvian <br> heating system that needs to be replaced." |
| anthropomorphic | characterized by the ascribing of human characteristics to inanimate <br> objects or animals <br> "The poet wrote an anthropomorphic description of a tree." |
| applique | applying decorative material to another by sewing or adhesive <br> "We embroidered flowers from a printed cloth to applique on her <br> sweater." |
| arenaceous | a complex and elaborate design of intertwined flowers, foliage, <br> geometrical patterns, etc., painted or carved in low relief <br> "The famous unicorn tapestry, with its intricate floral pattern, is an <br> arabesque." |
| arabesque | resembling a spider's web; covered with or made up of thin, soft, <br> antangled hairs <br> "Resorting to feminine wiles, she chose an arachnoid dressing gown for <br> her date with the foreign diplomat." |
| sandy |  |
| "The cactus grows well in arenaceous soil." |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}living in trees or adapted for living in trees <br>

"Monkeys are arboreal creatures." <br>
a group or chain of many islands <br>

"We visited the Philippine archipelago last year."\end{array}\right|\)| arbore |
| :--- |


| assentation | immediate and usually flattering or hypocritical assent <br> "The junior executive ingratiated himself with his superiors because of <br> his constant assentation." |
| :--- | :--- |
| assiduous | diligent; persevering <br> "Jack's assiduous study habits made up for his notable lack of gray <br> matter." |
| asthenic | designating or of a constitutional body type of slender physique <br> "The psychologist, Thompson, theorized that the asthenic body type <br> indicated a weak character." |
| autarky | national policy of getting along without imports <br> "In its disastrous attempt to achieve autarky, the Cambodian <br> government abolished foreign trade." |
| bacchant | a drunken carouser <br> "The sleeping bachant lay propped against the column of the hall."" |
| balalaika | stringed instrument like a guitar but with only three strings <br> "The balalaika is a favorite instrument of the Russian people." |
| banquet | elaborate meal; formal dinner for many people <br> "A banquet would follow the reception." |
| barouche | four-wheeled carriage with a collapsible hood, two double seats <br> opposite each other and a box seat in front for the driver <br> "We were able to rent a barouche with a driver to take us through the <br> park." |
| behoove | counselor-at-law <br> "In England, a barrister is a qualified member of the legal profession." |
| beneficence | any place or condition of noise and confusion <br> "The pillow fight turned the nursery into bedlam." |
| "eft to another in a will; handed down or passed on |  |
| be be morally necessary or proper |  |
| "It would behoove a jury to examine the evidence carefully."" his money to his son." |  |


| bespeak | to be indicative of <br> "The endless warnings he issues his children bespeak a paternal <br> concern bordering on the compulsive." |
| :--- | :--- |
| bevy | any group or collection <br> "A bevy of beautiful maidens caught Frederick's roving eye." |
| bezique | a card game resembling pinochle <br> "We enjoyed learning how to play bezique." |
| bibliophile | person who loves or admires books; collector of books <br> "She is a bibliophile and never wants to part with any of her books." |
| bivouac | temporary encampment, esp. in the open <br> "We decided this would be a good place to bivouac for one night." |
| blitzkrieg | sudden overwhelming attack <br> "The blitzkrieg resulted in a quick victory." |
| bloodletting | bleeding; bloodshed <br> "Doctors used to believe in bloodletting to cure many illnesses." |
| bludgeon | short club with heavy loaded end; to bully or coerce <br> "The thugs were each armed with a bludgeon." |
| bolus | a large pill <br> "The vet prepared a bolus of antibiotics for the sick horse." |
| bowilliance | shopkeeper; member of the middle class; self-employed person <br> "He was happy to be a member of the class known as bourgeois." <br> "We like broccoli cooked with a cheese sauce." |
| brachial | "The moon shone with almost the brilliance of day." <br> blower or flowers worn in a buttonhole <br> "He wore a carnation boutonniere." |
| bourgeois | to remove passages considered offensive from (a book, etc.) <br> "The strait-laced teacher tried to bowdlerize Genesis for his Sunday <br> school class." |
| of or like an arm; a wing or fin |  |
| "He swung arm over arm in a brachial movement from one limb to |  |
| another." |  |


| bromide | a trite saying or statement <br> "He bored everyone with his bromide about pennies saved and foolish pounds." |
| :---: | :---: |
| brumal | of winter; wintry <br> The brumal temperatures produced frost blossoms on the window panes." |
| buoyancy | ability or tendency to float; cheerfulness "The buoyancy of the life jacket would keep her afloat." |
| businesslike | efficient; methodical <br> "The businesslike manner of the applicant secured him the job." |
| cacography | bad handwriting; incorrect spelling "His cacography always brought his grades down." |
| cairn | a conical heap of stones built as a monument or landmark <br> "The explorers set up a cairn on the beach to mark the spot where they had first landed." |
| calcify | to change into a hard, stony substance by the deposit of lime or calcium salts <br> "Bureaucracy and old age have caused the Soviet leadership to calcify its conservatism." |
| caliginous | dark; gloomy; obscure <br> "We lit candles which really didn't help much in the caliginous cellar." |
| camelopard | early name for the giraffe <br> "The giraffe was called a camelopard because of its long neck like a camel and spots like a leopard." |
| campanile | a bell tower, esp. one that stands apart from any other building "The bell in the campanile rang loudly." |
| cancellous | having a porous or spongy structure; close network of veins "Some plants have cancellous leaves." |
| canescent | become white or grayish "The leaves of some plants become canescent." |
| capriciousness | a change without apparent reason; erratic behavior <br> "Her capriciousness was evident as soon as she appeared at dinner." |
| carillon | a set of stationary bells each producing one tone of the chromatic scale "The church carillon peeled out one melody after another. |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { carrefour } & \begin{array}{l}\text { crossroads or intersection; public square or plaza } \\
\text { "We planned to meet in the carrefour when we finished our errands." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { cartographer } & \begin{array}{l}\text { person who makes maps or charts. } \\
\text { "We went to the cartographer to get maps of the islands." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { castellated } & \begin{array}{l}\text { built with turrets and battlements } \\
\text { "In Scotland, we saw many castellated buildings that were centuries } \\
\text { old." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { catachresis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { incorrect use of a word or words } \\
\text { "The editor checks for catachresis." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { catafalque } & \begin{array}{l}\text { temporary wooden framework on which a coffin is placed } \\
\text { "Under the coffin, the catafalque was draped in white satin." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { catechism } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a formal series of questions } \\
\text { "The prospective church member studied his catechism." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { caterwaul } & \begin{array}{l}\text { shrill howling sound like a cat; screech } \\
\text { "In the quiet of the night, a caterwaul broke the silence." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { catharsis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the purifying of the emotions or relieving of emotional tensions, esp. by } \\
\text { art } \\
\text { "For Nietzche, Wagner's Ring cycle triggered a catharsis that led to } \\
\text { tears." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { characteristic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { swiftness in acting or moving; speed } \\
\text { "Sitting on the tack made him jump up with comic celerity." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { chameleon } & \begin{array}{l}\text { thin, transparent cellulose material } \\
\text { "We used cellophane to keep the wrappers moisture-proof." }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\hline "It was characteristic of the detective that he wasted no time in giving <br>

orders to his men."\end{array}\right\}\)| champaign |
| :--- |
| lizard with the ability to change skin color; changeable person |
| "The chameleon blended so well with it's surroundings that it was hard |
| to find." |
| "The chancellor of the consulate was ordered to return to his country." |$|$| a broad plain, level and open country |
| :--- |
| "Nebraska is part of that vast Midwestern champaign that invites |
| large-scale farming." |


| charismatic | of, having, or resulting from charisma, the power of winning devotion of large numbers of people <br> "Churchhill was a charismatic speaker who captured people's imagination." |
| :---: | :---: |
| chauffeur | driver of a private automobile for someone else "The chauffeur drove her to school each day." |
| chelicera | the first pair of appendages of spiders <br> "The spider uses its chelicera to grasp and crush with." |
| chiaroscuro | the treatment of light and shade in a painting, drawing, etc., to produce the illusion of depth, a dramatic effect "Many painters use chiaroscuro to heighten the drama in their paintings." |
| chide | to scold <br> "Sam's parents chide him regularly for letting his room look like a cave." |
| chignon | a knot or coil of hair worn at the back of the neck "She kept her hair from her eyes by knotting it into a chignon." |
| chinoiserie | ornate style of decoration for furniture, textiles, ceramics, etc. "In $18^{\text {th }}$ century Europe, chinoiserie was very popular." |
| chlorophyll | the green pigment found in plants <br> "The chlorophyll in plants is deeper in those that grow in bright sunlight." |
| choleric | having or showing a quick temper or irascible nature "His editor was prone to choleric fits provoked by spelling errors." |
| chortle | to make, or utter with, a gleeful clucking or snorting sound <br> "When his horse finished in first place, he began to chortle in delight." |
| chronological | in order of occurrence <br> "I'm trying to achieve a chronological album of snapshots." |
| chuff | a boor, churl <br> "With his accent and clothes, Will Rogers played the shrewd chuff." |
| cicerone | a guide who explains the history and chief features of a place to sightseers <br> "In Rome, they hired a cicerone to show them the Colosseum." |


| circumlocution | in a roundabout, indirect, or lengthy way of expressing something <br> "When asked where she had been, their daughter responded with an <br> outrageous circumlocution." |
| :--- | :--- |
| circumspect | cautious; careful <br> "Eisenhower's circumspect attitude toward the presidency guaranteed <br> a quiet decade." |
| cirriped | subclass saltwater crustaceans such as barnacles <br> "We hauled the cruiser out of the water to scrape the cirriped from the <br> keel." <br> civilian <br> coalesce <br> "He had an excellent job as a civilian employee of the Air Force." |
| coetaneous | to grow together; to unite or merge into a single body, group, etc. <br> "The splint would help the broken bones to continue to coalesce." |
| colloquialism | contemporary <br> "We selected the coetaneous furniture." |
| costermonger | conversational style or usage; informal idiom <br> "Colloquialism is mistakenly thought to be substandard which it is <br> not." |
| comestible | edible <br> "Although the soldiers were on the road, they prepared a meal that was <br> very comestible." |
| commensurable | two quantities having a common measure; properly proportioned <br> "In the union of the commensurable organisms, one is benefited, and <br> the other neither benefits nor is harmed." |
| affering plenty of room; spacious |  |
| "The commodious office building housed twelve thousand workers." |  |
| "A costermonger is not renowned for his delicacy." |  |


| crenelated | furnished with crenelations, in the manner of a battlement <br> "The crenelated molding gave the living room ceiling a solid, fortified <br> look." |
| :--- | :--- |
| cromlech | an ancient monument of monoliths, arranged in a circle and surrounding <br> a mound or dolmen <br> "Stonehenge, the most famous cromlech, rises from the Salisbury <br> plain." |
| cryptic | mysterious; baffling <br> "From his cryptic replies, she could never tell what he did for a living." |
| crystallize | to give definite form to; to coat with sugar <br> "Some long-used customs crystallize into laws." |
| cybernetics | a science dealing with the comparative study of the operations of <br> complex electronic computers and the human nervous system <br> "The application of cybernetics to manufacturing has replaced many <br> workers with machines." |
| cynosure | one that serves to direct or guide; a center of attraction or attention <br> "For centuries, Paris has been the political, cultural, and economic <br> cynosure for all of France." |
| darkling | dark, dim obscure, etc. <br> "Our hero found himself lost in a darkling wood." |
| deficiency | mean; cowardly <br> "Letting his brother take the rap was a dastardly thing to do." |
| defunct | to pour from one container into another <br> "He tried to decant the vintage wine as gingerly as if it were <br> nitroglycerine." <br> "Eating too much of the wrong foods can be deleterious." |
| deglutition | absence of something essential; incompleteness <br> "There was a deficiency of protein in the diet he followed." |
| dead or extinct |  |
| "Naturalists fear the condor may become defunct." |  |
| "Painful deglutition is one of the after-effects of a tonsillectomy." |  |$|$| the process of swallowing |
| :--- |


| denouement | any final revelation or outcome <br> "The hero's death provided a moving denouement of the novel." |
| :--- | :--- |
| deprecate | to depreciate; belittle <br> "The tutor tended to deprecate his pupil's efforts to write fiction." |
| desuetude | discontinuance from use or exercise <br> "Some families have allowed the traditions of Passover to fall into <br> desuetude." |
| dichotomy | division into two parts, groups, or classes, esp. when these are sharply <br> distinguished or opposed <br> "The universities and the armed forces represented a dichotomy of <br> purpose in pre-1914 German society." |
| dilettante | a person who follows an art or science only for amusement and in a <br> superficial way <br> "The needs of the dilettante were satisfied by the Los Angeles artistic <br> community." |
| doyen | the senior member, or dean, of a group <br> "For years, Bob Hope has been the doyen of American comedians." |
| dudgeon | anger or resentment <br> "Offended by the rebuke, he left the house in high dudgeon." |
| eidolon | impairment of the ability to read <br> "The problem of dyslexia can be overcome." |
| eclecticism | selecting from various systems, doctrines, or sources <br> "The great movie palaces of the twenties were eclectic extravaganzas of <br> Spanish, Egyptian, and Indian architecture." |
| efficiency | using or upholding a chosen system or method <br> "The professor's eclecticism of his philosophy was easily understood." <br> "The horse and rider appeared out of the fog like an eidolon." |
| bubbling up; foaming; vivacious |  |
| "Her happy and effervescent mood made all of us happier, too." |  |$|$| ability to produce with a minimum of effort, expense or waste |
| :--- |
| project." |


| embrocate | to moisten and rub with an oil liniment, etc. "The coach used rubbing alcohol to embrocate the runner's leg." |
| :---: | :---: |
| emollient | something that has a softening or soothing effect "An aggressive ad campaign touted the cream's emollient powers." |
| empyrean | the highest heaven, the abode of God; the sky "We were flying in the empyrean, yet it seemed endless above us." |
| encaustic | painted with wax colors fixed with heat, or with any process in which colors are burned in <br> "The ancient encaustic portraits still looked newly painted." |
| enchiridion | handbook, manual <br> "We expected the librarian would be able to help locate an enchiridion for us." |
| encomiastic | of, belonging to, or bestowing praise; eulogistic <br> "The dinner in honor of Dr. King featured encomiastic addresses by several local dignitaries." |
| enfranchise | to give a franchise to; specif., to admit to citizenship, esp. to the right to vote <br> "The $19^{\text {th }}$ Amendment to the Constitution was passed to enfranchise all adult women in the United States." |
| ennui | weariness and dissatisfaction resulting from inactivity or lack of interest The typists fought ennui by doing whatever they could to alter their daily routine." |
| ephemeral | short-lived; transitory <br> "Since current fashion trends are ephemeral, I select more classic styles." |
| epistemology | the study or theory of the origin, nature, methods, and limits of knowledge "According to Kant's epistemology, all knowledge is shaped by preexisting categories in the human mind." |
| eponym | a real or mythical person from whose name the name of a nation, institution, etc., is derived <br> "Romulus is the eponym for the city of Rome." |
| equanimity | the quality of remaining calm and undisturbed "During the stock market crash of 1929, few people maintained their equanimity." |


| equilibrist | performer who does tricks of balancing <br> "The equilibrist on the tightrope high above us held us enthralled." |
| :--- | :--- |
| equipoise | state of balance or equilibrium <br> "The nuclear arms race has produced a perilous equipoise in Soviet- <br> American relations." |
| equipollent | equal in power, effectiveness or significance <br> "The weights had to be equipollent on the scales." |
| escritoire | a writing desk or table <br> "The escritoire in the museum was very old and well preserved." |
| espionage | the act of spying <br> "James Bond's films showed the glamorous side of espionage." |
| etiolate | to blanch or bleach by depriving of sunlight <br> "The blockage of light by the newly erected building next door caused <br> Mary's geraniums to etiolate." |
| facetiae | use of a word considered less distasteful even though less direct <br> "Instead of referring to the body as a corpse, they used the euphemism, <br> 'remains'." |
| euphony | the quality of having a pleasant sound <br> "Oscar Hammerstein is noted for his graceful euphony." |
| exigency | a situation calling for immediate action or attention <br> "The gasoline shortage was the exigency that drove the Europeans to <br> manufacture small cars." |
| witty sayings |  |
| "Woody Allen's facetiae are happy combinations of slapstick comedy |  |
| and literary satire." |  |


| facultative | left to one's option or choice; optional <br> Royalty regarded most of the laws as facultative." |
| :--- | :--- |
| fanfaronade | empty boasting; bluster <br> "Once the fight began, the heavyweight contender's prediction of a <br> quick victory was exposed as the usual fanfaronade." |
| farrago | a confused mixture; jumbles; hodgepodge <br> "The new play was an agreeable farrago of ballet, song, and poetry." |
| fasciate | marked by broad colored bands <br> "The raccoon is easily spotted by its mask-like markings and black <br> fasciate." |
| firkin | a small wooden tub for butter, lard, etc. <br> "The shopkeeper scraped up the last of the farmer's cheese from the <br> firkin." |
| flageolet | small fipple flute, similar to a recorder <br> "The musical instrument, the flageolet, is not a popular one today." |
| flexuous | winding or weaving <br> "A flexuous goat path led down the steep cliff." |
| footpad | a highway robber or hold-up man who travels on foot <br> "A footpad crept from the bushes to attach the unsuspecting stroller." |
| fructiferous | a vibration esp. one felt in a palpitation of the chest <br> "The bass' low C triggered a fremitus that buckled his ribs." |
| fribble | "The crowd gasped as the funambulist walked a wire stretched between <br> two skyscrapers." |
| to waste time; trifle |  |
| "He seemed destined to fribble away a fortune on hare-brained |  |
| schemes." |  |


| fusillade | an outburst of gunfire; a vigorous outburst especially of criticism <br> "The administration was unprepared for the fusillade that greeted the <br> announcement of its latest tax hike." |
| :--- | :--- |
| fustigate | to beat with a stick; cudgel <br> "Each spring, it was her practice to fustigate her carpets." |
| gadfly | a person who annoys others or rouses them from complacency <br> "The gadfly pestered Hollywood producers to buy his documentary." |
| galimatias | meaningless talk; gibberish <br> "A baby's galimatias is understood only by the mother." |
| gasconade | boastful or blustering talk <br> "The gasconade of the athlete stopped with his defeat." |
| gerrymander | to divide so as to give one political party a majority in as many districts <br> as possible <br> "The city boss engineered a gerrymander that caught the conservative <br> suburban vote." |
| gibbous | designating the moon or a planet in that phase in which more than half, <br> but not all, of the disk is illuminated <br> "The moon turned gibbous and lost the brilliance of its full phase." |
| gimcrack | showy, but cheap and useless <br> "a gimcrack was substituted for the Tricia diamond." |
| gregarious | revolving cluster of fireworks, water jet; branched candleholder <br> "The Fourth of July girandole lasted about ten minutes." |
| grisette | given or received without charge or payment; free <br> "I reject offers of so-called gratuitous merchandise, as some kind of <br> later payment is often expected." |
| grosgrain | living in herds or flocks <br> "Baboons are gregarious animals, seldom found in isolation." |
| a French working girl |  |
| "An American tourist tried to address the shy grisette in French." |  |
| "losely woven silk or rayon fabric used for ribbons, trimming |  |
| color." |  |


| groundling | a person lacking critical ability and taste <br> "The groundling crowded into the Globe Theatre to guffaw at the <br> slapstick in Shakespear's plays." |
| :--- | :--- |
| guerrilla | member of small defensive force of irregular soldiers <br> "He volunteered to be a guerrilla and take part in the surprise raids <br> behind enemy lines." |
| gustation | the act of tasting; the sense of taste <br> "The gustation of thirty cakes was an alarming prospect to the judges <br> of the cooking contest." |
| habiliments | trappings, gear; the dress characteristic of an occupation or occasion <br> "To this day, the Swiss Guards of the Vatican are attired in the colorful <br> Renaissance habiliments fashioned by Michelangelo." |
| habitually | frequently; often used; customarily; continually <br> "The president habitually worked until a very late hour." |
| hagiology | literature dealing with venerated persons; a list of venerated figures <br> "The librarian directed me to a hagiology as a reference for my paper <br> on the lives of saints." |
| harangue | long, blustery, noisy, scolding; tirade <br> The bosun began to harangue the slow-moving stevedores." |
| heft | to try to determine the weight of by lifting <br> "The porter began to heft each of the bags looking for the lightest." |
| heinous | picture or symbol representing word, syllable or sound used by ancient <br> people instead of an alphabet of letters; picture writing <br> "The ancient Egyptians' hieroglyphical pictures are continuing to be <br> found and translated." |
| outrageously wicked or evil; abominable |  |
| "Everyone was appalled at the heinous crime." |  |


| hoary | white, gray, or grayish white <br> "In his final years, Robert Frost was the perfect image of a hoary old poet." |
| :---: | :---: |
| homiletics | the branch of theology dealing with the writing and preaching of sermons <br> "His inspired and instructive manner of communicating helped him excel at homiletics." |
| homogenize | make more uniform by breaking down and blending; to process milk so that fat particles are finely blended and the cream does not separate "Before they began to homogenize milk, our quarts of it, left by the milkman, used to freeze, and the cream would be pushed up out of the bottle." |
| homunculus | a little man; a dwarf; manikin <br> "We talked with the homunculus in the supermarket." |
| hors d'oeuvre | an appetizer, served usually at the beginning of a meal "Our favorite hors d'oeuvre was the cheese." |
| hummock | a low, rounded hill <br> "The manor on the hummock commanded a fine view." |
| hypaethral | open to the sky; roofless <br> "The new stadium was still hypaethral, but a roof was planned for later." |
| hypnagogic | of, relating to, or associated with the drowsiness preceding sleep "The professor's rambling lecture had the whole class nodding and yawning in a hypnagogic lull." |
| hypotenuse | the side of a right angled triangle opposite the right angle "Our property line extended along the hypotenuse of the triangle." |
| iconoclast | a person who attacks or ridicules traditional or venerated institutions or ideas regarded by him as erroneous or based on superstition "She was an iconoclast for her rebellious ideas." |
| idyllic | pleasing and simple; pastoral or picturesque <br> "We spent an idyllic vacation in the country." |
| illation | inference; the conclusion drawn <br> "Inexperienced writers sometimes use 'therefore' to point out an obvious illation." |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { imbricate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { overlapping evenly, as tiles or fish scales } \\
\text { "The imbricate pattern of the large woman's dress made her look like a } \\
\text { house." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { imbroglio } & \begin{array}{l}\text { involved and confusing situation; confused misunderstanding } \\
\text { "Things were so totally mixed up it became an imbroglio." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { imbrute } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to make or become brutal } \\
\text { "Years of unaccustomed drudgery can imbrute a once fine mind." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { immutable } & \begin{array}{l}\text { never changing or varying; unchangeable } \\
\text { "We could set our clocks by his immutable daily walking schedule." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { impecunious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { having no money; penniless; poor } \\
\text { "In this impecunious state, he was forced to seek help from his family." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { imperceptible } & \begin{array}{l}\text { not plain or distinct to the eye or mind; not easily seen } \\
\text { "The scar on her face had healed so well it was almost imperceptible." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { impressionable } & \begin{array}{l}\text { capable of being influenced intellectually, emotionally; sensitive } \\
\text { "His strong influence would affect her impressionable mind." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { inappropriate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { not suitable; not proper or fitting } \\
\text { "The dinner was not formal so the ball gown was inappropriate for the } \\
\text { occasion." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { indigenous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { just begun; in the early stages; not completely formed } \\
\text { "The proposed city ordinance was inchoate, therefore not in effect." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { inchoate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { lacking cohesion; disjointed; rambling } \\
\text { "During her attack of fever, she became incoherent and rambling in } \\
\text { her speech." }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { incoherent } & \begin{array}{l}\text { existing, growing or produced naturally in a region or country; inborn } \\
\text { "The cactus plant is indigenous to the desert areas of California." }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\hline without a common standard of comparison <br>
"A college education may cost a great deal, but it is incommensurate in <br>

personal value."\end{array}\right\}\)| "The priest was very well liked and certainly incorruptible." |
| :--- |
| attracting little attention |
| "The spy attempted to enter the room in an inconspicuous manner." |$|$| morally sound upright; honest |
| :--- |


| indispensable | absolutely necessary; required <br> "For his studies, the dictionary became almost indispensable." |
| :---: | :---: |
| individually | one at a time; separately; singly; distinctively "They worked well in groups, but were individually characteristic." |
| inexplicable | cannot be explained, understood or accounted for <br> "We tried to discover the reason for his inexplicable terror of the dark." |
| infrastructure | a substructure of underlying foundation <br> "The system of economic production is the infrastructure on which a society is built." |
| ingratiate | to make acceptable, esp. to seek favor or good graces "Bringing apples to the teacher may not ingratiate you with her." |
| innuendo | an indirect remark, gesture, or reference, usually implying something derogatory <br> "He has been criticizing me through innuendo, which I didn't realize until later." |
| insectivore | generally small mammals, mainly active at night, that feed on insects "Moles, shrews, hedgehogs are some of the insectivore order." |
| inspissate | to thicken, as by evaporation <br> "Kathy's chili began to inspissate after several hours of simmering." |
| intaglio | a design or figure carved, incised, or engraved into a hard material so that it is below the surface <br> "The ring, set with an ornate intaglio, doubles as a seal." |
| intelligence | ability to acquire and retain knowledge; reasoning ability "The intelligence quotient is the mental age (as shown by intelligence tests) multiplied by 100 and divided by the chronological age." |
| interlard | to intersperse <br> "The President will interlard his address to the nation with quips and smiles." |
| interregnum | interval between two successive reigns; period without the usual ruler "Queen Anne of England had no heirs and died without naming her successor, so there was a short interregnum before King James was crowned." |
| interrogatory | expressing or implying a question; set of questions "The interview included a long interrogatory section." |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { intumesce } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to swell, bubble up, as with heat } \\ \text { "The tar used along the pavements for repair will intumesce with the } \\ \text { heat of the sun." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { inveigh } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to make a violent verbal attack; talk or write bitterly against } \\ \text { "At the City Council meeting, one man began to inveigh all his thoughts } \\ \text { against the planning that changed the zoning of his property." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { irenic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { promoting peace; peaceful } \\ \text { "Despite the king's irenic efforts, the treaty went unsigned." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { iridescence } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a play of lustrous, changing colors } \\ \text { "Sunlight turned the oil-slick road into a streak of iridescence." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { irreconcilable } & \begin{array}{l}\text { that cannot be brought into agreement; incompatible; conflicting } \\ \text { "Both persons refused to compromise their irreconcilable differences." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { irremissible } & \begin{array}{l}\text { cannot be excused or pardoned; cannot be shirked } \\ \text { "His was an irremissible crime, and we expected him to receive a very } \\ \text { long sentence of punishment." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { isoseismal } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of equal intensity of earthquake shock; connecting or showing points of } \\ \text { such intensity } \\ \text { "He had a map of the Earth's surface showing the isoseismal lines } \\ \text { where an earthquake might be expected."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { jodhpurs } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a game like handball, popular in Latin America } \\ \text { "Jai alai is played with a curved basket fastened to the arm for catching } \\ \text { the ball and hurling it against the wall." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { jambalaya } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a Creole stew made of rice and shrimp, oysters, crabs, ham, chicken, } \\ \text { etc., with spices and, often, vegetables } \\ \text { "The Creole chef served the jambalaya every Friday." } \\ \text { "His jodhpurs were made loose and full above the knees."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { jetsam } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a bitter or prejudiced state of mind caused by jealousy, envy, etc. } \\ \text { "After years as a cook, he felt jaundice toward restaurant chefs." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { efforts to lighten the sinking ship." } \\ \text { "A person on trial is in jeopardy of conviction and punishment." } \\ \text { "that part of cargo thrown overboard to lighten a ship in danger } \\ \text { "The hick jetsam of cargo was powerful proof of the frantic crew's }\end{array}\right\}$

| juxtaposition | side by side; close together <br> "The diamond and the sapphire lay in juxtaposition on the velvet covered tray." |
| :---: | :---: |
| kaleidoscope | anything that constantly changes, as in color and pattern <br> "The scenery, through the rain-streaked train window, becomes a kaleidoscope of color." |
| kedge | to move "a ship" along by hauling on a rope fastened to an anchor dropped at some distance <br> "The longboat rowed out with the cable to kedge the yacht out of the calm." |
| keen | to lament or wail for the dead <br> "The widow felt it was her duty to keen over the corpse all night." |
| kerf | the cut or channel made by a saw <br> "The final kerf caused the plank to snap in the middle." |
| kinesiology | study of the principles of mechanics and anatomy in relation to human movement <br> "Her talk on the kinesiology of African dance was highlighted by films of tribal ceremonies." |
| knout | leather whip used for flogging, esp. in Russia "Criminals in Russia were flogged with a knout." |
| labile | liable to change; unstable "Oxygen is a highly labile gas that readily forms compounds with other elements." |
| labyrinth | hard to follow passages; maze; complicated arrangement "A labyrinth of mirrors was fun but scary." |
| lachrymator | a substance that irritates the eyes and produces tears <br> "The SWAT team used tear gas as a lachrymator to force the men out." |
| lamentation | the act of lamenting; outward expression of grief "The Indian made a lamentation as he was forced to leave his land." |
| lanate | having a woolly or hairy covering or appearance "He wore a tightly curled, lanate beard." |
| laryngitis | inflammation of the larynx <br> "His temporary loss of voice was caused by laryngitis." |


| latifundium | large landed estate <br> "He owned a latifundium somewhere in Latin America which was worked by the natives under an overseer." |
| :---: | :---: |
| legalese | conventional language of legal forms, documents, etc. "The special vocabulary or legalese is often thought of as incomprehensible to the layman." |
| leguminous | of the family of plants bearing legumes or pods "Peas and beans belong to the leguminous family." |
| lenity | the quality or condition of being lenient; mildness "The lenity of his boss's reprimand surprised him." |
| leprechaun | Irish folklore fairy in the form of a little old man "The story went that if you could catch a leprechaun, he could show you a buried crock of gold." |
| lethargic | dull or sleepy; sluggish, or lacking energy <br> "His lethargic feeling was caused by fatigue and overeating." |
| linguistics | science of language; study of the structure, etc. of languages "Linguistics are usually divided into descriptive, historical, comparative and geographical." |
| litigious | quarrelsome <br> "His litigious nature involved him in five lawsuits at the same time." |
| looby | a big, clumsy fellow, lout <br> "He acted like a regular looby, spilling his coffee and breaking the сир." |
| loquacious | very talkative; fond of talking <br> "The two students were both loquacious, so we had to assign one of them to a different seat." |
| lotic | designating, of, or living in flowing water "The slick hair of an otter is typical of lotic creatures." |
| lovelock | a lock of hair lying apart from the rest of the hair "The role called for the actress to wear a lovelock at her temple." |
| lucubration | laborious work, study or writing; learned and elaborated work "His literary composition was a lucubration chiefly written late at night." |


| macabre | grim and horrible <br> "During the famine, the people faced a macabre death." |
| :---: | :---: |
| magnanimity | quality of being high of mind, rising above pettiness "The Sister was continuously striving for magnanimity." |
| magniloquent | boastful or bombastic <br> "Joe McCarthy's magniloquent delivery could not hide the absurdity of his accusations." |
| mahlstick | long light stick used by painters <br> "Using the mahlstick to rest and steady his hand, the artist was able to work longer." |
| maladroitly | awkwardly; clumsily; badly handled "She came to the rescue with a remedy for the situation which she could see was being maladroitly handled." |
| malapropos | at an awkward or improper time or place; inopportune "His malapropos manner in school caused many problems." |
| maneuverable | controlled or planned strategy; can be moved by skilled or shrewd plan "The specific aircraft strategy was maneuverable with prearranged signals." |
| mannequin | woman or man used for modeling clothing; model of a human "The window dresser was busy dressing the mannequin in the store window." |
| mansuetude | gentleness, tameness <br> "Ghandhi's unflagging mansuetude turned nonviolence into an effective political tool." |
| manumission | liberation; emancipation <br> "After Harriet Tubman's manumission, she helped runaway slaves on the Underground Railroad." |
| marinara | tomato sauce, seasoned with garlic and spices "The waitress served us some marinara to eat with our pasta." |
| marionette | puppet; little jointed doll moved by strings or wires "On a miniature stage the puppeteer manipulated the marionette through a short ballet scene." |
| marquee | roof-like structure or awning over an entrance <br> "The marquee over the entrance to the theater helped protect us from the rain as we waited for our car to be brought to us." |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { marsupial } & \begin{array}{l}\text { mammal having a pouch in which newborn young are carried and } \\ \text { nourished } \\ \text { "The kangaroo, opossum, wombat and bandicoot are of the marsupial } \\ \text { family." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { masquerade } & \begin{array}{l}\text { ball or party where one wears fancy costumes and masks; disguise } \\ \text { "The masquerade was a popular form of party during the } 16^{\text {th }} \text { and } 17^{\text {th }} \\ \text { centuries among the aristocracy in England." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { matronymic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { derived from the name of the mother or a female ancestor } \\ \text { "From way back there had always been a 'Rebecca' in the family, so } \\ \text { the newborn child was christened 'Rebecca', a matronymic name." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { matutinal } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or in the morning; early } \\ \text { "Watching the sun come up was part of the reason for his preference of } \\ \text { a matutinal walk." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { maw } & \begin{array}{l}\text { anything thought of as consuming, devouring, etc., without end } \\ \text { "Stuffing money into the military maw does not guarantee an effective } \\ \text { army." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { maximalist } & \begin{array}{l}\text { one who prefers direct or revolutionary action to achieve a goal } \\ \text { "A maximalist does not always consider the consequences of } \\ \text { revolution." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { mayonnaise } & \begin{array}{l}\text { creamy salad dressing made of egg yolks, oil, lemon juice, and } \\ \text { seasonings } \\ \text { "Mayonnaise is sometimes made with vinegar instead of lemon juice." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { medieval } & \begin{array}{l}\text { an aimless wandering } \\ \text { "Their conversation tended to meander through a variety of topics." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { meander } & \begin{array}{l}\text { large medal; a relief carving resembling a medal; architectural } \\ \text { decoration } \\ \text { "She wore the medallion on a gold chain around her neck." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { extensive, heavily populated area, including any number of cities } \\ \text { "Los Angeles, with a population of about three million, is the largest } \\ \text { city in the megalopolis." }\end{array}\right\}$
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { megillah } & \begin{array}{l}\text { long or involved explanation or story } \\ \text { "The megillah, he began to tell us, was a 'shaggy-dog' story which we } \\ \text { became bored with before he was half finished." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { meliorate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to make or become better } \\ \text { "Their efforts to meliorate the conditions of the homeless were } \\ \text { successful." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { memento mori } & \begin{array}{l}\text { any reminder of death } \\ \text { "Advertising from funeral homes is memento mori and is not welcome } \\ \text { in some homes." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { mendacious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { not truthful; lying or false } \\ \text { "We were suspicious of some of the information he gave us because we } \\ \text { knew he could be mendacious." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { mensuration } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the act, process, or art of measuring } \\ \text { "Mensuration is the branch of mathematics dealing with the } \\ \text { determination of length, area or volume." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Mercurochrome } & \begin{array}{l}\text { mild antiseptic and germicide } \\ \text { "We always used Mercurochrome for small cuts and scratches." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { meretricious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { vulgar; enticing } \\ \text { "San Francisco's Broadway section of entertainment is often } \\ \text { considered a meretricious place." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { methodical } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a dwelling/house with its outbuildings and adjacent land } \\ \text { "In Law, a messuage is a dwelling/house with its outbuildings and } \\ \text { adjacent land." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { messuage } & \begin{array}{l}\text { containing, yielding or producing metal or ore } \\ \text { "He studies metallography since his was the metalliferous business." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { mettlesome } & \begin{array}{l}\text { orderly; systematic } \\ \text { "She kept very methodical filing records." }\end{array} \\ \text { insecticide used against flies and mosquitoes } \\ \text { "The mosquitoes were especially bad at night, and we were glad to find } \\ \text { we had methoxychlor in spray bottles in our supplies." } \\ \text { "Teddy Roosevelt had the mettlesome character needed in a reform } \\ \text { movement." }\end{array}\right\}$

| microfiche | small sheet of microfilm on which a number of pages of microcopy can be recorded <br> "Lloyds of London kept records of casualties on a microfiche." |
| :---: | :---: |
| mignonette | annual plant bearing spikes of small greenish white or reddish flowers "We always had borders of mignonette in our flower garden." |
| milch | kept for milking <br> "The milch cow was very productive." |
| millennium | any period of 1000 years; of great happiness, peace or prosperity "The looked-for millennium is the so-called Golden Age." |
| mimetic | of or characterized by imitation <br> "The child's mimetic action of the care of her doll is that of a mother with her child." |
| miscellaneous | various; mixed; many sided "The drawer contained a miscellaneous collection of odds and ends." |
| mischievous | prankish; teasing; full of tricks <br> "The mischievous child was hiding in the closet." |
| misogamy | hatred of marriage "The strong feeling of misogamy kept him a happy bachelor for thirty years." |
| moil | confusion; turmoil <br> "Immigrants once endured the moil of sweatshops for a few dollars a month." |
| moiré | a fabric, esp. silk, rayon, or acetate, having a watered or wavy pattern effect (of silks and other fabrics; presenting a watery effect) <br> "Her white moiré cape cascaded about her like a waterfall." |
| mollify | pacify; appease <br> "Would a billion dollar contract finally mollify their star quarterback?" |
| monosyllabic | having only one syllable; to seem terse; uncommunicative "He seemed dazed, and his answers to questions were monosyllabic." |
| moquette | carpet or upholstery fabric with a thick, soft, napped surface <br> "The carpet moquette was warm in color and comfortable to walk on." |


| morphology | form and structure of animals and plants; of physical geography <br> "Linguistic morphology deals with the internal structure and forms of <br> words." |
| :--- | :--- |
| mozzarella | soft, white Italian cheese <br> "Mozzarella cheese is incorporated in many recipes and has a mild <br> flavor."" |
| muliebrity | womanliness; womanhood; femininity <br> "The small girl was already exhibiting the qualities characteristic of <br> muliebrity." |
| multifarious | numerous and varied; manifold <br> "The conglomerate's multifarious divisions employ thousands." |
| multitudinous | very numerous; many; manifold; crowded <br> "The multitudinous group filled the small auditorium to capacity." |
| munificent | very generous in giving; lavish <br> "The company was commended for its munificent attitude toward <br> employees." |
| myriad | a great number of persons or things <br> "The defense raised a myriad of objections during the prosecutor's <br> examination."" |
| natous | the making of myths <br> "The events of Washington's lifetime give us a rich base for <br> mythopoeia." |
| natatorial | unclear; vague; indefinite <br> "Only nebulous differences separated the two parties." |
| iridescent; lustrous |  |
| "The Rolls-Royce was painted a rich nacreous gray." |  |


| necessarily | unavoidably; inevitably; mandatory <br> "The judging of the parade entries was necessarily eminent within a few <br> minutes." |
| :--- | :--- |
| necropolis | a cemetery, esp. a large one; a historic or prehistoric burial ground <br> "Somewhere, in an automotive necropolis, lies the crumpled body of my <br> beloved VW." |
| negus | a beverage of hot water, wine, and juice, sweetened and spiced <br> "On cold nights, they nursed steaming cups of negus by the fire." |
| neologism | a new word or a new meaning for an established word <br> "Each neologism expands our vocabulary." |
| nepotism | favoritism shown relatives <br> "The practice of nepotism flourished in Boss Tweed's New York where <br> jobs went from father to son." |
| nescient | lacking knowledge; ignorant <br> "In religious matters, Voltaire cheerfully proclaimed to be nescient." |
| neurasthenia | a type of neurosis, usually the result of emotional conflicts, <br> characterized by irritability, fatigue, weakness, anxiety, and often <br> localized pains or distress without apparent physical causes <br> "The nagging pains of neurasthenia kept him out of the office for <br> weeks." |
| noctambulism | a connection, tie or link between individuals of a group; members of a <br> series, etc. <br> "Show people build their lives around the L.A.-New York nexus." |
| nickelodeon | containing nickel <br> "The ore brought up from the mine was nickeliferous." |
| nihilism |  |
| "He was a victim of noctambulism but so far had not come to any harm |  |
| from walking in his sleep." |  |\(\left|\begin{array}{l}player piano or early-type jukebox, operated by a nickel in a slot <br>

"We were really interested in the nickelodeon displayed in the <br>
museum." <br>

"We like the cold, brisk, niveous weather."\end{array}\right|\)| snowy; snowlike |
| :--- |
| "Many see in nuclear weapons a terrifying nihilism." |


| nonchalant | showing cool lack of concern "In spite of the fire drill, the class was very nonchalant." |
| :---: | :---: |
| nonplus | a condition of perplexity in which one is unable to go, speak, or act further <br> "The union's refusal to negotiate could nonplus the opposition." |
| noncooperationist | person failing cooperation with government or groups, organizations "Mohandas Gandhi was a noncooperationist who, as a form of protest against the British rule in India, refused to pay taxes." |
| nostrum | a pet scheme for solving some social or political problem; panacea <br> "Liberals condemned the President's proposed tax cut as an irresponsible nostrum." |
| nubbin | anything small or undeveloped "A nubbin of coal was found in his stocking." |
| obcordate | heart-shaped, with the attachment at the pointed end, as a leaf "It is said that the first valentines were messages penned on obcordate leaves by the imprisoned St. Valentine." |
| obeisance | homage; deference <br> "The famous paid obeisance to Somerset Maugham by flocking to Villa Mauresque." |
| obfuscate | cloud over; obscure; unclear <br> "When the darkness began, it was only a small area that began to obfuscate on the near horizon." |
| objurgate | to chide; to rebuke; to upbraid sharply <br> "The judge's tirade to objurgate the attorney was suffered in silence." |
| obsequious | meanly or servilely attentive; overly compliant <br> "General Smith's obsequious staff is good for nothing but fawning and groveling on command." |
| occasionally | now and then; sometimes <br> "Occasionally the wind would come up, fill the sail, and we would skip merrily along at a fast speed." |
| ochlocracy | government by the mob; mob rule <br> "An ochlocracy is only popular with the mob." |
| offal | waste parts; esp. the entrails, etc., of a butchered animal "The offal is used by meat processors for dog food." |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { olfactory } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of the sense of smell } \\ \text { "Civilized life has blunted the keen olfactory facilities man once needed } \\ \text { to stalk his prey." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { oligochaete } & \begin{array}{l}\text { class of segmented worms lacking a definite head and few body bristles } \\ \text { "The earthworm, an oligochaete, is found chiefly in moist soil and fresh } \\ \text { water." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { oligopsony } & \begin{array}{l}\text { control of the purchase of a commodity or service in a given market by } \\ \text { a small number of buyers } \\ \text { "The disastrous coffee crop produced a high-priced oligopsony." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { olivaceous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of, or like the olive; olive green } \\ \text { "The olivaceous color of the carpet did not really appeal to me." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { ombudsman } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a public official appointed to investigate citizens' complaints against } \\ \text { local or national governmental agencies that may be infringing on the } \\ \text { rights of individuals } \\ \text { "The ombudsman uncovered evidence of widespread bribery at City } \\ \text { Hall." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { omnivorous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { eating any sort of food; indiscriminate, as with the intellect } \\ \text { "She was an omnivorous reader." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { oneiric } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or having to do with dreams } \\ \text { "Dali’s surrealist canvases are known for their evocative oneiric } \\ \text { quality." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { opprobrious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { practice of claiming to tell the future by interpreting dreams } \\ \text { "He was fascinated by the study of oneiromancy." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { oppugn } & \begin{array}{l}\text { branch of zoology dealing with snakes } \\ \text { "I had never liked snakes, so my class in ophiology was almost hated." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { any symbol of courage or devotion } \\ \text { oriflamme demonstrators followed a banner bearing a peace symbol, the } \\ \text { orifla sixties." }\end{array}\right\}$
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { origami } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the art of folding paper to form flowers, animal figures, etc. } \\ \text { "Origami is a traditional art of the Japanese." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { orogeny } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the formation of mountains through structural disturbance of the earth's } \\ \text { crust } \\ \text { "The Mesozoic era, called the age of orogeny, spawned the Rockies." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { oscitancy } & \begin{array}{l}\text { drowsiness, dullness, apathy, etc. } \\ \text { "The lecturer stared out at row upon row of students with oscitancy." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { osmosis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { an apparently effortless absorption of ideas, feelings, attitudes, etc., as if } \\ \text { by biological osmosis } \\ \text { "The lazy student hoped to learn by osmosis." " }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { ostentation } & \begin{array}{l}\text { showy display, as of wealth, knowledge, etc.; pretentiousness } \\ \text { "The evident ostentation in some of the rooms was not in good taste." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { paduasoy } & \begin{array}{l}\text { rich, corded silk cloth } \\ \text { "The garments were beautifully tailored of the paduasoy material." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { paginate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to number the pages of } \\ \text { "It was the clerk's task to paginate the manuscript." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { palatable } & \begin{array}{l}\text { pleasant or acceptable to taste; acceptable to the mind } \\ \text { "The food served, though strange to us, was palatable to both taste and } \\ \text { mind." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { paleolithic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { early stone-age period during which man developed flint, stone and } \\ \text { bone tools and lived on the land } \\ \text { "Paleolithic man included Heidelberg, Neanderthal and Cro-Magnon } \\ \text { man." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pamphlet } & \begin{array}{l}\text { supposed cure or remedy for all ills; cure-all } \\ \text { "The new drug was a panacea for many people." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { to examine by touching, as for medical diagnosis } \\ \text { "Suspecting tuberculosis, the doctor began to palpate her patient's back } \\ \text { and chest." } \\ \text { of a marsh or marshes } \\ \text { "Mosquitoes breed most rapidly in paludal areas." } \\ \text { "The children distributed a pamphlet at each of the houses on the } \\ \text { small, thin book of stapled or stitched paper, on topic of current interest }\end{array}\right\}$

| panegyric | formal speech of praise; laudation; tribute <br> "The speaker made a panegyric presentation to the workers who had all <br> helped in this year's United Fund campaign." |
| :--- | :--- |
| panjandrum | a self-important, pompous official <br> "We can't help but laugh when he marches through the office with his <br> thumbs in his lapels, the proud panjandrum of all he surveys." |
| panoptic | including in one view everything within sight <br> "The mountaintop afforded a panoptic perch for the whole region." |
| paradigm | pattern; example; model <br> "The teacher wrote several examples on the board so we would have a <br> paradigm to follow." |
| parallelogram | a plane figure with four sides, having the opposite sides parallel and <br> equal <br> "A square is a parallelogram." |
| paralysis | any condition of helpless inactivity or of inability to act <br> "The winter storm closed the roads and left the townspeople in a state <br> of paralysis." |
| parfleche | rawhide with hair removed by soaking in water and lye <br> "His warm, heavy robe was made by the Indians of parfleche." |
| parochial | restricted to a small area of scope; narrow; limited <br> "Frequently, the views of big-city dwellers can be just as parochial as <br> those of people who live in small, rural towns." |
| parturient | inlaid woodwork in geometric forms, usually of contrasting wood <br> "The parquetry floor was beautifully polished." |
| "The per resembling a peacock; rainbow-like in color like a peacock's tail not have the iridescent pavonine beauty of the |  |
| peacock." |  |

$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { peccadillo } & \begin{array}{l}\text { minor or petty sin; fault } \\ \text { "The peccadillo she committed by forgetting to back out of the royal } \\ \text { presence was forgiven." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { peculate } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to steal or misuse money or property entrusted to one's care, esp. public } \\ \text { funds; embezzle } \\ \text { "The committee existed only to peculate tax revenue." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { peignoir } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a woman's loose, full dressing gown, like a negligee but shorter } \\ \text { "The peignoir was trimmed with lace and ribbons." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pendulous } & \begin{array}{l}\text { hanging or bending downward } \\ \text { "The bulldog's pendulous jowls flapped softly as he ran."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { penetralia } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the innermost parts, as of a temple } \\ \text { "The penetralia of corporate decision-making remained closed to him." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { penury } & \begin{array}{l}\text { extreme poverty, destitution } \\ \text { "The Depression reduced many families to penury." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { peradventure } & \begin{array}{l}\text { by chance } \\ \text { "They were sure of the outcome beyond peradventure." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { percipient } & \begin{array}{l}\text { capable of or characterized by perceptions; discerning } \\ \text { "As a keen observer, Mother is a percipient judge of other people's } \\ \text { character." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { periphrasis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { to sprinkle, cover over, or permeate with, or as with a liquid } \\ \text { "Please perfuse the cloth with the red dye." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { perfuse } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a sudden change of fortune or reversal of circumstances, as in a drama } \\ \text { "In 'The Great Gatsby', Myrtle's accidental death is the peripeteia that } \\ \text { signals the protagonist's change of fortune." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { use of many words where one or a few would do; circumlocution } \\ \text { "His flowery speech actually didn't cover much ground but was a } \\ \text { periphrasis and a waste of my time." }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}\text { any radical alteration; total transformation } \\ \text { "Drinking produced an unwelcome permutation in Mike's personality." } \\ \text { supported acquittal." } \\ \text { the concluding part of a speech, in which there is a summing up and } \\ \text { emphatic recapitulation }\end{array}\right\}$
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { perspicacious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { having keen judgment or understanding } \\ \text { "The perspicacious child understood almost everything the adults } \\ \text { said." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { perspicuity } & \begin{array}{l}\text { the quality or state of being clear to the understanding } \\ \text { "Most of the essays are vague and confused, but his is a little gem of } \\ \text { perspicuity." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pertinacious } & \begin{array}{l}\text { hold firmly to some purpose, belief, or action, often stubbornly or } \\ \text { obstinately } \\ \text { "He remained a pertinacious socialist despite all their attempts to } \\ \text { dissuade him." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { petroglyph } & \begin{array}{l}\text { a rock carving, esp. a prehistoric one } \\ \text { "A petroglyph showed how the cavemen hunted bison and deer." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { pharmaceutical } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or by drugs or medicine } \\ \text { "Aspirin is probably one of the best-known pharmaceutical medicines." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { phlegmatic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { hard to rouse to action; sluggish; dull; apathetic } \\ \text { "He was phlegmatic and seemed to have no enthusiasm for the game." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { phyletic } & \begin{array}{l}\text { of or pertaining to a phylum or to an evolutionary line of descent } \\ \text { "Shockley's theories about a phyletic basis to intelligence have yet to be } \\ \text { proven."" }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { phiassava } & \begin{array}{l}\text { feeding on leaves } \\ \text { "Deer, caribou, reindeer and other ruminant animals can be called } \\ \text { phyllophagous animals since leaves and greenery are their food } \\ \text { source." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { picaresque } & \begin{array}{l}\text { music very soft; a passage of music to be played softly } \\ \text { "The pianist played a pianissimo passage from his score." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { sianissimo } & \begin{array}{l}\text { stiff, elastic palm fiber used in making brooms, brushes } \\ \text { "Leopoldinia piassava is a palm from Brazil from which fiber to make } \\ \text { brushes and brooms is obtained." }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { "Of little value now, the centavo, once like our American penny, worth } \\ \text { 1/100 of the peso, is so picayunish as to be almost worthless."" } \\ \text { designating or of sharp-witted vagabonds and their roguish adventures } \\ \text { "He viewed the narrative more as a picaresque romp than a serious } \\ \text { treatment." }\end{array}\right\}$

| piceous | of or like pitch "The boat had been caulked with a black, piceous substance." |
| :---: | :---: |
| piebald | covered with patches or spots of two colors, esp. with white and black "The piebald racehorse stood out from the rest of the field." |
| pinniped | having finlike feet or flippers; aquatic animal "Seals, walruses, etc. are pinniped animals." |
| pizzicato | to pluck the strings of musical instruments instead of using the bow "The direction to the musician to play a note or a passage of the score in a pizzicato manner means to pluck the strings." |
| plaintive | expressing sorrow or melancholy <br> "The plaintive melody of Kurt Weill's 'September Song' was sung beautifully by John Houston." |
| plausibility | seemingly true; seemingly honest, trustworthy, often implying distrust "We were suspicious of the plausibility of his story." |
| plenipotentiary | a person, esp. a diplomatic agent, given full authority to act as representative of a government <br> "The union has named me its plenipotentiary for the purpose of this bargaining session." |
| plenitudinous | abundant; full; stout; obese <br> "The warehouse was stocked with a plenitudinous supply of everything." |
| pleuston | small organisms floating on or near the surface of a body of water "There was pleuston in the form of algae floating on the pond." |
| plexus | a complexly interconnected arrangement of parts; network "The plexus of Mideast politics has baffled America since World War II." |
| pneumonectomy | the surgical removal of an entire lung <br> "His recovery from pneumonectomy was faster than expected." |
| poignant | sharp smell; sharply painful to the feelings; piercing; biting "Her poignant wit was always sure to hurt the feelings of someone." |
| pontificate | to speak or act in a pompous or dogmatic way "The professor could pontificate for hours on art." |
| postiche | a substitute; counterfeit <br> "The jeans were a cheap postiche of designer originals." |


| precatory | of, having the nature of, or expressing entreaty "Beggars raised precatory hands to the rich tourists." |
| :---: | :---: |
| predation | the act of plundering or praying <br> "Man survives by predation over the expanse of the entire planet." |
| preemptive | action taken to stop other action beforehand; seized ahead of others "A settler on public land has the right to make a preemptive bid to buy the property ahead of anyone else." |
| prehensile | adapted for seizing or grasping <br> "The monkey's long, prehensile tail wraps easily around branches." |
| prerogative | a prior or exclusive right or privilege, esp. one peculiar to a rank, class, etc. <br> "Seeing the chairman without an appointment was his prerogative." |
| proboscis | elephant's trunk or a long, tapering snout; person's nose, esp. if large "The elephant's proboscis is used to pick up its food and for sensing." |
| prodigious | wonderful; amazing <br> "The flight of the Voyager is a prodigious accomplishment." |
| progressive | moving onward or forward; educational system stressing individualism She was entered in a progressive school whose classes allowed students to move at their own pace." |
| prolegomenon | speak beforehand; preliminary remark or essay <br> "The prolegomenon by the chairman gave the audience some idea of what to expect of the lecture." |
| proliferation | growing by multiplying new parts <br> "The proliferation of the buds on the rosebush was truly amazing." |
| propaedeutic | an elementary or introductory subject or study <br> "In some areas a propaedeutic class in Beginning Algebra is offered." |
| propinquity | nearness in time or place <br> "Among their objections to the proposed site for a chemical plant is its propinquity to a housing development." |
| propylaeum | an entrance; vestibule or portico "The propylaeum to the Acropolis is well known to architects." |
| prosody | the science or art of versification <br> "Her understanding of prosody was limited to the ode." |


| protean | very changeable <br> "Lon Chaney's protean face enabled him to assume almost any guise he <br> chose." |
| :--- | :--- |
| psalmist | composer of sacred songs or poems <br> "King David is the psalmist to whom all or certain of the Psalms are <br> variously attributed." |
| ptarmigan | northern or alpine grouse which undergo seasonal color changes <br> "The ptarmigan changes its color to blend in with the landscape." |
| pudency | modesty or prudishness <br> "New England pudency prevented her from milking the family cow." |
| pulchritude | physical beauty <br> "Many a starlet would prefer to succeed on the basis of talent rather <br> than pulchritude." |
| pullulate | to sprout out <br> "After the rain, purple and white crocuses began to pullulate in the wild <br> garden." |
| punchy | forceful; vigorous <br> "The punchy article demanded reform." |
| purulent | of, like, containing or discharging pus <br> "The nurse cleaned the purulent wound with great care." |
| pythonic | quar like an oracle; prophetic <br> of or lik <br> "For fashion trends, Calvin Klein has seeming pythonic powers." <br> "The diners' querulous comments ceased when their food arrived." |
| quandary | "The hard wood of the quebracho yields an extract used in tanning." <br> a vase with a cover; small box or case; dry fruit whose top splits off like <br> a lid <br> "The ancient Greeks and Romans used a pyxis to hold coins." |
| an official in ancient Rome responsible for administration and finance |  |
| "The quaestor was the state treasurer in ancient Rome." |  |
| a state of uncertainty |  |
| "Choosing between two suitors left her in a delightful quandary." |  |


| queue | a plait of hair worn hanging from the back of the head <br> "She wore her hair in a queue that reached to her waist." |
| :--- | :--- |
| quiescent | quiet; still; inactive <br> "We languished in the quiescent summer air waiting for a breeze." |
| quintessence | the pure concentrated essence of anything; the most perfect <br> "He thought she was the quintessence of loveliness in her wedding <br> gown." |
| quotidian | daily, recurring every day <br> "Occasionally she took a different route to work to vary her quotidian <br> routine." |
| raconteur | a person who is skilled at telling stories or anecdotes <br> "Bob's talent as a raconteur was helped by his knack for lying." |
| rambunctious | wild, disorderly, boisterous, unruly, etc. <br> "With a substitute teacher, first-graders are even more rambunctious <br> than usual." |
| rapparee | plunderer or robber <br> "The rapparee gained entry into the house by an open window." |
| recrudesce | to make or become more refined, subtle, or lofty <br> "We tried to rarefy the conversation by discussing the Picasso exhibit." |
| recing | repellent, unattractive, forbidding, grim, etc. <br> "His rebarbative remarks finally provoked her." |
| rebarbative | to break out again after lying latent or relatively inactive <br> "Political violence in Ireland began to recrudesce in 1971." |
| recalcitrant to handle or deal with |  |
| "Even the most recalcitrant students came to respect the teacher's |  |
| authority." |  |
| "The spider plant's long, slender reclinate leaves and shoots make it |  |
| bending or curved downward |  |


| regrettable | unfortunate; to be remorseful for "It was a regrettable accident, but could not be undone." |
| :---: | :---: |
| rejuvenescence | renewal of youthfulness <br> "Her happiness in her marriage was apparent to all who could see the rejuvenescence in her face." |
| relevant | bearing upon the matter at hand; pertinent; to the point "The term relevant implies a close relationship and importance to the matter under consideration." |
| renaissance | a new birth; revival; great revival of art, literature and learning "The renaissance in Europe in the $14^{\text {th }}, 15^{\text {th }}$, and $16^{\text {th }}$ centuries began in Italy spreading to other countries and marked the transition from medieval to modern." |
| repetitious | something done or said over and over again; tiring; boring repeatedness "The repetitious admonitions to 'be careful', 'come right home', and 'don't be late', seemed so unnecessary." |
| repossession | taken back; retrieved; owned again <br> "He was glad to be in repossession of the small car which had been loaned to his friend for several months." |
| requisition | a formal written order, request, or application, as for equipment, tools, etc. <br> "The teacher made a requisition for school supplies." |
| resuscitate | to revive, esp. to come back to life or consciousness again "The doctor tried to resuscitate the patient." |
| reticule | a woman's small handbag, originally made of network and usually having a drawstring "A Raymond Chandler heroine keeps lipstick, a pillbox, and a handgun in her reticule." |
| rhapsody | a great delight; ecstasy <br> "She was in a rhapsody over her new dress." |
| rhetor | a master or teacher of rhetoric; an orator <br> "The tongue-tied politician hired a rhetor to teach him to speak." |
| rheumatism | painful condition of the joints and muscles <br> "Rheumatism is characterized by inflammation, pain, and swelling of the joints and muscles." |


| riparian | of, adjacent to, or living on the bank of a river or other body of water <br> "The riparian land of the Nile delta is prized for farming because <br> irrigation is no problem." |
| :--- | :--- |
| riposte | a sharp, swift response or retort <br> "Told of Coolidge's death, Dorothy Parker's reputed riposte was 'How <br> can you tell?"" |
| risible | causing laughter <br> "After losing thirty pounds, he took on a risible appearance in his <br> roomy suits." |
| roentgenize | to subject to the action of X-rays <br> "She had to be taken to the emergency room of the hospital so the injury <br> to her ankle could be checked with a possibility of the necessity for them <br> to roentgenize it." |
| roil | to stir up; agitate <br> "It was his habit to roil his subordinates." |
| roorback | a false or slanderous story devised for political effect <br> "The opposition launched an election eve roorback on the candidate's <br> personal finances." |
| roustabout | an unskilled or transient laborer, as on a ranch or in an oil field <br> "The burly roustabout ran to the gushing well." |
| rubefaction | redness of the skin <br> "A biting mustard plaster produced rubefaction on the patient's chest." |
| rutilant | to have a reddish glow <br> "An autumn sunset transformed the skyscrapers into rutilant towers." |
| sackcloth | sugar substitute; noncaloric sweetener <br> "Saccharin is a coal tar compound about 500 times sweeter than cane <br> sugar." <br> sacrilegious." |
| coarse, rough cloth, originally made of goats' hair, worn as in Biblical |  |
| times and with ashes sprinkled on the head as a symbol of mourning or |  |
| penitence |  |
| "After telling the lie, he felt like donning sackcloth." |  |$|$| saf the tombs of Egyptian mummies seems |
| :--- |


| sapid | having a taste, esp. a pleasing taste <br> "The disgruntled dieter was allowed to eat nothing more sapid than <br> jello." |
| :--- | :--- |
| saponaceous | soapy or soaplike <br> "Glucosides found in soapwort, soapbark, etc., become saponaceous <br> when dissolved in water or used as detergents." |
| sarcophagus | any stone coffin, esp. one on display, as in a monumental tomb <br> "We visited the famous sarcophagus." |
| sarsaparilla | dried roots of the Smilax lily family; extract used as flavor for a <br> carbonated drink <br> "Sarsaparilla seemed to be the favorite soft drink in stories of the Old <br> West." |
| satiety | the state of being satiated; surfeit <br> "They ate until their stomachs stretched with a pleasant satiety." |
| saturnine | having a melancholy or surly disposition, sarcastic <br> "After sleeping twenty years, Rip Van Winkle was saturnine."" |
| scalawag | a scamp; rascal <br> Errol Flynn often played the role of an engaging scalawag whose heart <br> beat true." |
| scaphoid | navicular (any of various boat-shaped bones) <br> "The outer bone of the first row of carpals in the wrist is a scaphoid <br> one." |
| scrimismatic | to criticize sharply <br> "After seeing the play, the critic plans to scarify the actors for their <br> sloppy performances." |
| sconce | tending to or guilty of causing a split in an organized society or church <br> "Martin Luther was the schismatic force who founded the Lutheran <br> Church." <br> upholstery, linings, etc. <br> "Bold lighting silhouetted the actors against the scrim." |
| a bracket attached to a wall for holding a candle; candles, or the like |  |
| "There was a huge, wax-encrusted sconce on the wall of the castle's |  |
| great hall." |  |


| scullion | a servant doing the rough, dirty work in a kitchen <br> "The sweaty scullion basted the huge turkey." |
| :--- | :--- |
| seigniory | a feudal lord's estate. The power and authority of a feudal lord. <br> "His seigniory extended beyond his castle walls. |
| seismograph | instrument that records intensity and duration of earthquakes and <br> tremors <br> "The seismograph is a great invention, but we are hoping for the <br> invention that will give enough advance notice for evacuation before the <br> quake." |
| semidiurnal | coming twice a day, as the tides <br> "The tide's semidiurnal shifting constantly exposed the old shipwreck." |
| seminal | being an early and influential example <br> "Beethoven's 'Eroica' proved to be a seminal work." |
| semiotics | a general theory of signs and symbols <br> "The candidates for governor were caught up in the semiotics of <br> popularity polls." |
| sentient | of, having, or capable of feeling or perception <br> "Mammals are advanced sentient beings with complex nervous <br> systems." |
| serried | crowded <br> "Like frightened birds, the student protestors were serried into close <br> ranks." |
| sgraffito | incising the outer coating of slip or glaze to reveal different ground <br> color on ceramics, murals, etc. to produce a design <br> "The effect of sgraffito on the ceramics we bought is really striking." |
| a shrill sound, as of a bagpipe |  |
| "The ghostly skirl of the pipes drifted over the moors." |  |$|$| "She avoided black cats and ladders for fear of sinistrous influences." |
| :--- |
| trickery; mischief |
| "Just before his birthday, Tom stops his shenanigans and becomes very |
| good." |


| slough | moral degradation "Dismissal plunged him into a slough of depression." |
| :---: | :---: |
| slumgullion | any inexpensive stew or hash <br> "He used last night's pot roast to make a slumgullion." |
| snaffle | a bit, usually light and jointed, attached to a bridle and having no curb "The obedient mare replied to the slightest pull on the snaffle." |
| sociopath | a psychopathic personality whose behavior is aggressively antisocial "A sociopath is rarely noticed until he or she explodes." |
| solecism | a violation of the conventional usage, grammar, etc. <br> "'Between he and I' is an annoying solecism." |
| somnambulism | sleepwalking <br> "The bungling bureaucrats operated as though in a state of somnambulism." |
| sovereign | above all others; chief; greatest; ruler; royal; outstanding "A sovereign state is independent of all others." |
| specious | plausible, but not genuine <br> "Critics found his dazzling arguments specious." |
| spelunker | a person who explores caves as a hobby <br> "The Mammoth Caves in Kentucky can offer a spelunker 144 miles of passageway to examine." |
| spontaneous | acting with natural feeling, impulse; without remediation "At the close of the program, the audience erupted in a spontaneous burst of applause." |
| spoor | the track or trail of an animal, esp. of a wild animal hunted as game "The hunter followed the bloody spoor to the wounded lion's lair." |
| squamous | like, formed of, or covered with scales "The squamous flesh of fish protects their inner parts." |
| stertorous | characterized by a harsh snoring or grasping sound "The next time my husband's stertorous breathing wakes me, I'll push him right out of the bed!" |
| stickle | to have objections <br> "He is always ready to stickle over the fine points of etiquette." |


| stipple | to paint, draw, engrave, or apply in small points or dots rather than in <br> lines or solid areas <br> "Mary liked to stipple her canvases." |
| :--- | :--- |
| stoat | a large European weasel, esp. in its brown summer coat <br> "The dense fur of the stoat has lost its popularity in the fashion world." |
| stripling | passing into manhood <br> "A mere stripling, he was awkward but strong." |
| suborn | to induce or instigate (another) to do something illegal <br> "The foreign spy tried to suborn the diplomat into betrayal." |
| subterfuge | strategem; artifice <br> "Using a false name is a common subterfuge to dodge taxes." |
| subterranean | beneath the earth's surface; underground <br> "It is necessary to see that there is no wood to earth contact in order to <br> prevent subterranean termite damage to houses." |
| superannuated | obsolete; old fashioned; outdated; old or worn out <br> "The headquarters would have to be moved soon from this large, <br> superannuated building." |
| supercilious | disdainful or contemptuous <br> "I could see by his supercilious manner that he considered us unworthy <br> of his company." |
| surveillance | a quantity or number beyond what is needed <br> "I considered her closetful of furs the worst kind of superfluity." |
| superfluity | "The detective arranged for a surveillance to be kept on the suspect." <br> a deputy or substitute <br> "The captain played surrogate for the absent fathers of the men in his <br> command." |
| capacity for receiving impressions |  |
| "We carefully selected stories with the child's susceptibility in mind." |  |
| whispering, murmuring |  |
| "We sat on the beach and listened to the susurrant lapping of the |  |
| waves." |  |


| svelte | slender and graceful <br> "The beach was a composite of svelte bodies, languidly posed on chairs <br> and towels." |
| :--- | :--- |
| synchronous | happening at the same time <br> "Since both concerts were synchronous, it was hard to drive in the <br> traffic around the auditoriums." |
| syncopation | syncopated music, a syncopated rhythm, etc. <br> "Syncopation is very typical of New Orleans jazz." |
| tactile | that can be perceived by the touch <br> "At age 40, he still got a tactile thrill from making mudpies."" |
| tangential | diverging or digressing <br> "The issue of cleaning subway cars is tangential to that of making them <br> run." |
| tantivy | a full gallop <br> "The horsemen rode tantivy through the English countryside." |
| tarn | a small mountain lake <br> "Mountain goats lapped up the ice-cold waters of the tarn." |
| tautology | needless repetition of an idea in a different word, phrase, or sentence <br> "The call for a 'renaissance of renewal' was the professor's favorite <br> tautology." |
| terpsichorean | brownish-yellow; tan <br> "The Bermuda sun turned her skin tawny and freckled." <br> "From our plane we looked down on a beautiful terraqueous area." |
| tawny | shut off from light; dark; hard to understand; causing or marked by <br> gloom <br> "His warning was delivered in a tenebrous tone that filled us with <br> dread." |
| having to do with dancing |  |
| "It was terpsichorean music, not just music to listen to." |  |


| terrene | worldly; mundane <br> "Absorbed by his reflections on capital, Marx left the terrene <br> frustrations of household finance to his long-suffering wife." |
| :--- | :--- |
| tessellated | laid in small square blocks; arranged in a mosaic pattern <br> "The entryway was a mosaic of tessellated ceramics in two colors." |
| testaceous | of, like or from shells; having a hard shell <br> "The waiter gave us small mallets to crack the testaceous crab." " |
| thalassic | of the sea or ocean <br> "Earth was once a shallow thalassic mass slowly nurturing life." |
| timbre | the characteristic quality of sound that distinguishes one voice or <br> musical instrument from another or one vowel sound from another <br> "Dvorak relied on the cello's deep timbre for the melancholy in his <br> music." |
| tincture | an alcoholic or water-alcoholic solution of a medicinal substance <br> "Laudanum, a tincture of opium, was widely used in nineteenth century <br> homes." |
| titular | nominal <br> "Though he was Emperor, Hirohito was only the titular ruler of <br> Japan." |
| truckle | designating or of the art of trimming and training shrubs or trees into <br> unnatural, ornamental shapes <br> "The musician had topiary hedges that looked like giant notes.", |
| trammel | easily managed; taught; or controlled <br> "The tractable child never posed problems for her mother."" |
| to be servile |  |
| "To get a raise, he had to truckle to his boss despite loss of pride." |  |
| exuberant kind of trope typical of Ring Lardner." |  |


| tumid | swollen; bulging <br> "The tumid area around his mouth signaled a dental problem." |
| :---: | :---: |
| ubiquitous | present or seeming to be everywhere at the same time; omnipresent "I knew it was in my mind, but it seemed that everywhere I looked I saw his ubiquitous face." |
| ululate | to wail or lament loudly "It is natural for coyotes to ululate through the night." |
| umbrageous | shady; easily offended <br> "The umbrageous pepper tree had a park bench under it." |
| undulant | moving in or as in waves; undulating "The undulant Blue Hills roll to meet the coast near Boston." |
| usurious | practicing usury <br> "Usurious loan sharks prey upon people in financial desperation." |
| vacillating | wavering in motion or opinion <br> "We were inclined to not pay much attention to her vacillating ideas." |
| valedictory | farewell speech, esp. one delivered at graduation <br> "The president's valedictory speech pointed up the highlights of his term in office." |
| velleity | a mere wish that does not lead to the slightest action <br> "The valet cheerfully ignored the velleity of his capricious master." |
| velutinous | soft and velvety <br> "Thick moss turned the tree trunk into a velutinous couch." |
| venatic | of or engaging in hunting "An antler-lined wall revealed his venatic passion." |
| verbiage | wordiness <br> "Cutting the verbiage left her with three pages of the original eight." |
| verdure | green growing plants and trees <br> "After the long winter, the sheep feasted on the pasture's verdure." |
| vernacular | commonly spoken by the people of a particular country or place "The vernacular of the South is dotted with colorful metaphors." |
| versatile | competent in many things; many sided; adaptable to many uses <br> "Playing the piano was one of his many versatile accomplishments." |


| vicarious | shared in or experienced by imagined participation in another's experience <br> "When his son made the majors, the old bush-leaguer felt a vicarious thrill." |
| :---: | :---: |
| viridescent | slightly green; greenish <br> "He's one of those helpless bachelors whose refrigerator holds only a few viridescent lumps of unknown origin." |
| visualize | form a mental image "I could visualize his astonishment when he opened the gift." |
| vitreous | of, having the nature of, or like glass "Some new windows are made of unbreakable vitreous plastic." |
| vociferous | characterized by clamor or vehement outcry <br> "The vociferous protests of Liberals could not stop the passage of Proposition 13." |
| vulnerary | used for healing wounds, as herbs or other remedies "Bread mold derives its vulnerary properties from the presence of penicillin." |
| wainscot | a wood lining or paneling on the walls of a room "The wainscot in the den was designed in dark oak." |
| weir | a fence, as of brushwood or stakes, built in a stream, channel, etc., for catching fish <br> "Caught by the weir, the brook trout wriggled in the sun." |
| weird | strange; strikingly odd; fantastic; mysterious "The weird cry of the loon can send chills up one's spine." |
| wheedle | to influence or persuade a person by flattery; soothing words; coaxing, etc. <br> "The struggling secretary tried to wheedle a well-earned raise from her unappreciative boss." |
| whelp | a young dog <br> "The whelp chewed a hole in my socks before I caught him." |
| whimsically | oddly out of the ordinary; fanciful; freakish; unpredictable "We were upset to find that although we were expected to stay overnight, he had whimsically decided we should repack the car and drive home." |


| wormwood | a bitter, unpleasant, or mortifying experience <br> "The family feud left him with a taste of wormwood." |
| :--- | :--- |
| wrought | elaborated; embellished; not rough or crude <br> "DeMille's intricately wrought movie epics were breathtaking but <br> laborious."" |
| xerophilous | capable of thriving in a hot, dry climate <br> "The cactus is a xerophilous plant which grows in the desert." |
| xyloid | of or like wood; woody <br> "The xyloid section of a plant gives the stem its structure." |
| yean | to bring forth (young); said of a sheep or goat <br> "The ewe waited until spring to yean her last lamb." |
| yttria | a heavy white powder, insoluble in water, used in electronics <br> "Yttria is used in making color television tubes." |
| zabaglione | a frothy dessert made of eggs, sugar, and wine, typically Marsala, <br> beaten together over boiled water <br> "The waiter tempted us with a delightful zabaglione." |
| zucchetto | skull cap worn by Roman Catholic ecclesiastics <br> "The priest's zucchetto is black, the bishop’s purple, the cardinal’s red, <br> and the pope’s zucchetto is white." |

